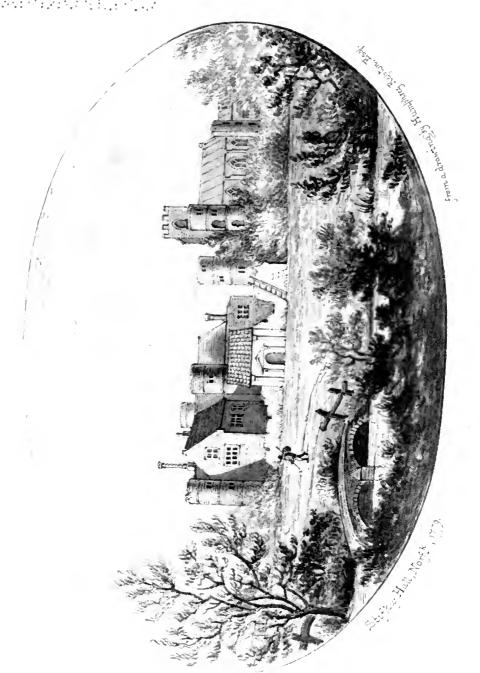




THE STIFFKEY PAPERS 1580-1620





THE OFFICIAL PAPERS OF SIR NATHANIEL BACON

OF STIFFKEY, NORFOLK
AS JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
1580-1620

SELECTED AND EDITED FOR THE
ROYAL HISTORICAL SOCIETY
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INTRODUCTION

The following collection of documents forms part of those referred to by the Historical MSS. Commissioners as being in the possession of the agent of Lord Townshend, Mr Anstel Day. The latter had borrowed them with a view to publication and contributed two articles to the Norfolk Archæological Transactions.¹ Regarding the Commissioners' report that "great progress was made with the arrangement and transcription of the documents.''² The present Editor found about one quarter copied, very imperfectly, of which rather more than twenty were in Mr Day's writing. Probably some of his work has been lost, as on the back of one of the copies is pencilled "see draft article." Mr Day died in 1886 and the documents were passed on to Dr Jessop³ who, either through lack of time or inclination, did nothing with them and had, probably, only a vague idea of their contents. They were handed to the present Editor by Dr Jessop at the end of 1911.

The collection consists of the official and private correspondence of Sir Nathaniel Bacon and of duplicates of his own letters copied, for the most part, in his own handwriting. The private letters are few and the value of this volume lies chiefly in illustrating the system

and operation of local government during this period.

These papers have come into the Townshend collection through the marriage of Sir John Townshend with Anne, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Nathaniel Bacon. Nathaniel Bacon was born in 1547, the second son of Sir Nicholas Bacon by his first wife, Jane, daughter of William Fernley of West Creting. He was admitted to Gray's Inn, December 15, 1562, and became an "ancient of the society" in November, 1576. He was then an active Justice of the Peace in Norfolk and in this year acted as one of the Commissioners for the restraint of the exportation of corn. The letters of his brother-in-law, Francis Wyndham, elected in the same year Recorder of the City of Norwich, show that Bacon was already keenly associating himself with most of the local interests, and in 1577 he was further engaged in the control of the exportation of wool and leather. He sat with Sir Drew Drury as Member of Parliament for Norfolk in 1584 and the discovery of the Throgmorton plot with

Nathaniel Bacon.

¹ Vol. x. 1. Sheringham Pier. 2. The Private Life of Nathaniel Bacon.

² Intro. iii, 11th Report, Appendix, Part IV.

³ Several have been lost among which are the papers on Musters and a bundle of commitments to prison.

the resulting legislation against Jesuits is reflected in his Norfolk work. The consequent hunting down of Recusants occupied part of his time till 1614, the busiest period being the year 1502. This zeal for the reformed religion and the correspondence on Church matters show that he was a Protestant of a fairly advanced type and followed the government programme whole-heartedly. In 1586 he was High Sheriff for the County¹ and about the same time he was appointed one of the Commissioners for Sewers. The first important matter which occupied his attention, in this capacity, was the erection of the pier at Sheringham. It is quite clear that from 1586 onwards he takes precedence of most of the County Justices. This is seen in the Subsidy papers and in his appointment in 1589² as "Collector for the Loan." In 1502 he again sat for Norfolk, this time with Edward Coke, and in 1597 for Lynn. From now onwards his duties perceptibly increase. In 1599 he was again Sheriff and in 1600 he was occupied in the dispute with Dr Burman. Until 1602 he was busy with the dissension between Terrington and the other towns of Marshland over the sea-banks needing repairing, and he was well occupied with the matters of subsidies, loans and the exportation of corn. By 1604, however, his position as Collector of the Loans was taken by Sir Charles Cornwallis,3 but for what reason is not evident. From papers calendared by the Historical Commissioners,⁴ it appears that he had been slack in the matter of musters and probably it was seen that his work was too extensive. In 1604 he was Member of the County for the last time and was knighted the same year at Whitehall. It was now that he finished building the Hall at Stiffkey, which estate had passed to him on his father's death in 1579. From 1607 to 1610 he was concerned with the proposed erection of the pier at Cromer and, from this date on, no new type of business appears, but he nevertheless remained active as a Justice of the Peace. Up to the year before his death there are papers illustrating his work, the last being a memorandum of the operations of the Commissioners for Subsidies in 1621.

¹ Lestrange (Hamon), Norfolk Official Lists.

² The first mention in these papers of Bacon as "Collector" is in Jan. 9, 1590. But see Stow's Collection, B.M. 150, fol. 69, a letter endorsed "To my very lovinge frende Nathaniell Bacon Esquire Collector to her Matte for the loane in the Countie of Norff," and dated 1589.

³ He was, however, acting in the collection of Fifteenths in 1608.—Stow's Collection, fol. 220.

⁴See under date July 8, 1611, p. 18. ⁵ "Stiffkey: a sketch." Mrs Herbert Jones. Norff & Norwich Arch. Trans. 1878.

November 22, 1622, aged 75. Bacon, therefore, was intimately concerned for over forty years with the work of local government in Norfolk. The records of the Privy Council are those of a body closely concerned indeed with the work of local government but nevertheless directing it rather than carrying it into execution. To see how far that work of directing was really efficient and how far the intentions of the Privy Council were actually carried into effect, we must go to those on whose shoulders lay the work of administration. Such a one was Nathaniel Bacon.

The scope of this volume has made it necessary to exclude about 150 documents which would fall within the period of Sir Nathaniel Bacon's official activity. All papers of a stereotyped character, those which can be met with in similar collections and all which virtually duplicate the matter in others which are included, are omitted: as are also those the substance of which is given either in the Privy Council Register or in the report of the Historical Manuscripts Commissioners on the Townshend Manuscripts. The considerable number of Privy Council letters which appear is due to gaps in the Register¹andto the fact that after December 31, 1601, there is no record of the Council's proceedings for the first twenty years of the century.

Documents omitted from this Collection.

The papers here included are arranged according to the various activities of Sir Nathaniel—

I.—AS JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

On pp. 33–36 will be found two lists dated respectively 1614 and 1616, and headed "Commissioners for the Peace." The phrase presents some difficulty and the presence in the lists of such men as the Lord Treasurer, the Lord Chancellor and the Bishop of Norwich, that is, of the first thirteen in each list, men not specially connected with the County, give no guide as to the nature of these Commissioners, such men being frequently included in an honorary or semi-honorary capacity as either Justices of Assize or Justices of the Peace.

Concentration of Administrative Work in the Hands of a few Justices.

¹ Thus, the first of the P.C. letters on Recusants is dated May 28, 1585, and the Register is lost between June, 1582, and February, 1585/6: the second letter of the same series is dated Sept. 24, 1594, and from August 26, 1593, to October 1, 1595, there is another gap in the Register: volume 29 closes with April 21, 1599, and vol. 30 opens with Jan. 25, 1599, and the third of the Council's letters on Recusants is dated Dec. 23, 1599.

The "Additional MSS.," B.M 11402, which is given as an appendix to vol. 25, gives very scant entries, and does not allow of the exclusion of any of the

Council's letters from this volume.

If we regard them as the former, we have between fifty and sixty Justices of the Peace for the County, or close on an average of two for each hundred of Norfolk. It seems evident from these papers that the work of administering the general duties which fell to a Justice of the Peace was in actual practice the burden of a few prominent men. As such, the inhabitants of Wells petitioned Nathaniel Bacon¹: the Surveyors of the Highways of Bale reported to him²: Sir John Popham referred a dispute in Lynn to him³: the inhabitants of Sculthorpe presented their petition to him,⁴ and he was actively working as Justice in Heydon, 5 Baconsthorpe, 6 Little Ryburgh, Hindringham⁸ and Aylsham. His work thus embraced the hundreds of North Grenhoe, Freebridge Lynn, Gallow, South Erpingham and Holt. The form of address of certain letters further emphasizes this extension of a man's influence beyond his locality: "To or lovinge freindes Sr Arthur Heveningham Kt, Sr Philip Woodhouse, Sr Bassingham Gawdy Kt, Nathaniel Bacon Esqr and other Justices of the Peace for the County."¹⁰ The process may have been necessary for there are many indications of slack administration on the part of the rank and file, the Shallows and Silences, among the J.P.'s. In 1588¹¹ only such of the Justices as were "well disposed" were to be called to act in the raising of the loan: in 1591¹² the slackness is commented on, returns not having been made in connection with Her Majesty's purveyance and by 1609¹³ the shunning of responsibility was so serious that the device was hit upon by the Privy Council of ordering those on the Commission for the Peace to choose, annually, three or four from among themselves who were to keep in close touch with the Council. In order that the excuse of ignorance or want of proper direction might not be pleaded, these men were to be specially responsible for informing their fellow Justices of any work which the Privy Council called on them to do.

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<sup>1</sup> pp. 41-42, 45-47.
<sup>2</sup> pp. 27-8.
<sup>3</sup> pp. 16-17.
<sup>4</sup> Document not included in this collection.
<sup>6</sup> id.
<sup>6</sup> p. 21.
<sup>7</sup> Document not included
<sup>8</sup> p. 184.
<sup>9</sup> p. 60.
<sup>10</sup> pp. 53, 116, etc.
<sup>11</sup> p. 95.
<sup>12</sup> pp. 64-65.
<sup>13</sup> p. 25.
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The intention of the Government was not that these selected men should supersede the others in the actual performance of their work, but this very device of the Council would probably hasten the natural tendency to concentration. Further it seems that this tendency to throw the burden of local government on the few most willing or able was, consciously or unconsciously, encouraged by the Council at this period.¹

It was a time when the issue of special ad hoc commissions was frequent. The number of such commissions with which Nathaniel Bacon was actively concerned would seem to show that his prominence as a J.P. singled him out as a man eminently useful in such extra duties. The tendency was inherent owing to the fact that the number of local men who could be called upon for such services was restricted by disaffection to the government. The above but establishes for the early years of the seventeenth century what Mr Webb has done for the second half: he sees that many Justices were Justices only in name and surmises that an area of seventy square miles and a population of over 5,000 would be administered by each active Justice. Affairs were not so advanced at this date, but the tendency in that direction is very evident.

Special Commissions.

The shirking of responsibility is again apparent in the references to the Chief Constables. Their duties were largely financial: they assisted in the collection of Subsidies and Loans, they supervised purveyances made for the Crown, they searched out badgers of corn, wool and leather and were engaged in the hunting down of Recusants.² In each case they had to furnish certificates to the supervising local authorities of what they had received and done. For example, during the early part of the period, returns of the collections for the Loans were supposed to be made to the Commissioners of Peace for

Chief . Constables.

¹ Thus there was, during the period covered by this volume, what practically amounted to a revolution in the activities of the Justices, for we witness the duties of the collection of subsidies, the collection of loans, the hunting of Recusants, the supervision of musters, the impressing of seamen and the control of the export of certain commodities, all passing from the Justices of Peace, as such, and being entrusted to specified Commissioners.

² It may be difficult to clearly distinguish in all matters between the work of the Chief and the Petty Constables. On Sept. 26, 1608, C. Cons. Thurlowe seems to be engaged in an action we generally associate with the Petty Constables—p. 23–24: "the c. constable setting him by the heeles, Hopkins threw both stones and a stoole at the c. constable wherew he stroke him upon the

side of the heade."

the County. After 1589, when the practice originated of appointing a special collector for this business, the Chief Constables sent in their returns to him. Difficulties, however, were met with in actual practice, the Chief Constables failing to send in the necessary returns. In 1585¹ this slackness was complained of, as many Constables had died without rendering an account and the Crown had thus lost considerably. In 1597² there was a demand for the accounts of the past seven years of money received for the poor housed in the Castle at Norwich. Probably no remedy for this laxity on the part of the Chief Constables had been found by 1609,³ in which year the Justices of Norfolk in Quarter Sessions were counselled to exercise great care in appointing men of character to this office.

Petty Constables, and the Extent of the Democratic Character of Election.

In considering the Petty Constables, we are faced with the much discussed question of the democratic system of appointment to these local offices. At the Court Leet held at Fakenham⁴ a jury of twelve elected, among other officials, two Constables: "the inhabitants of Wells" in requesting the removal of Jarys, a Constable, say that "we" did choose him, and to this appeal there are only nine signatures.⁵ Aylsham managed its business through a body of twenty persons: "It was concluded by the bodye of the towne namely by all the chefe of the same, being to the nombre of twentye persons "6 yet there were 300 persons needing charity in this town and about fifty subsidy men. At Briston, however, we learn that one Colffer, who refused to undertake the duties of Constable. succeeded in corrupting thirty tenants who were there present. As Briston was only a small village, a meeting of thirty was probably democratic enough, but in general there seems no doubt that the select circle controlled matters. Nor was this democratic institution free from encroachment on the part of the Crown. In the Council's letter of 16098 to the County Justices, it says, "Also to take the like care as far as it maye any way concern you as lordes of letes . . . for fitt and serviceable persons to be chosen Con-

¹ p. 10.

² p. 13-14.

²p. 26—"insufficient to discharge such an office, or want such parts as are requiered in that officer."

⁴ p. 30.

⁵ p. 42.

[•] p. 60.

⁷ p. 50.

⁸ p. 26.

stables." In the interesting case of Robert Jarys at Wells the inhabitants assert that they had elected him, a notorious evil character, with the idea of reforming him: their purpose failed and they needed his removal. They therefore appealed to Nathaniel Bacon, for the authority of a Justice of Peace was necessary to depose a Constable from office. It might even be necessary to appeal to a still higher authority. This was done at Cromer where Sir John Popham, Lord Chief Justice, was petitioned to remedy the practice of certain Constables who had bought over nine houses worth a yearly rental of twenty shillings each, and had relet them as alehouses at from £3 to £4 a year. This appeal to a higher authority may have been due to the participation in this corrupt dealing of Mr Kemp, J.P.

So far as these papers go, although the system may have been democratic in theory, the small number of those who appear to take an active part in electing officials show that, whether through local indifference or through pressure of the more influential inhabitants,

an oligarchy was predominant.

There is little of note concerning the other officers under the direction of the Justice of the Peace. What little light there is shows that official morality was not yet highly developed. The one document referring to "searchers and seekers" shows that this office was vendible. John Braddock sells his appointment to Grosse who refuses to pay the exchange money agreed on, and Braddock consequently petitions the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Another case of a worse nature in which popular opinion is actually demanding a low official morality occurs in the Corn papers. The inhabitants of the County, writing to the Council, complain, with no uncertainty, of the fact that the controllers of export and import are objectionably stringent: they were refusing to continue the happy laxity of former times when 200 or 300 quarters of wheat were regularly passed on a licence of 100 quarters.

The papers relating to alehouses are of interest in showing the early attempts at control. Three distinct stages are evident: at first the applicants for a licence needed recommendation which generally appeared in the form of a number of signatures of towns-

ALEHOUSES.
Three Stages
in the Attempt to

Secure Control.

³ p. 131.

Official Morality.

² pp. 42-3. Port officials engaged in such matters as wreckage, transportation of corn, wool, leather, etc. Their services may also have been utilized in the crusade against Jesuits. The office was evidently lucrative.

folk¹: the next stage was that bonds were to be taken of such as stood sureties of the good conduct of the applicant: finally, by 1608, we find the suggestion that the sureties should be subsidy men.² In addition to this attempt to secure licensees of good character, further control was exerted by the issue of injunctions to the Innkeepers and to the Constables. There is some reason for believing that the temporary character of the licences of this period was quite new, but further research may be necessary on this point. The two licensees, Dunne and Kendall, are allowed to keep an Alehouse for a period "not exceeding one year." As in 1608 we see other grants "at the rent prescribed," the probability is that cash payment was made as entry fee and a further payment on the yearly renewal of the licence.

Distribution of Alehouses.

Reform was further needed in controlling both the number of houses in a town and in insisting on the statutory practice of granting licences in open Quarter Sessions. The signatures of the two Justices of Peace which the law required do not always appear on the licence, and this laxity resulted in such cases as the traffic in alehouses by Mr Kemp, J.P., and the two Constables at Cromer, to which we have referred. There was clearly no attempt to issue licences in proportion to the population of the town. This can be established by a comparison of Warham and Cromer. From the subsidy rolls it appears that the former had fifteen and the latter nineteen subsidy men: yet Warham petitioned for a single alehouse while the speculators mentioned above of their own authority erected nine. Cromer was a market town which, in part, will explain the disproportion, but as Warham was a thoroughfare town of some pretensions, it seems strange to find it so unprovided for.

Supervision of the Poor.

The supervision of the poor was still in its experimental stage, and the most noticeable feature is the attempt of each town to shift the burden to some other locality. Thus at Warham³ the Constable Riplingham was guilty of gross cruelty in carrying a dying boy to Binham. Similarly the town of Saxlingham⁴ when called on by the

² This was the suggestion of N. Bacon, June 2, '08. He also distinctly states that the sureties are to be taken at the discretion of three Justices.

¹ Wm. Halman, Richd. Jervys and John Rust are so supported. The only licence included in this volume is that of Dunne. In this case the injunctions are appended to the licence itself.

³ p. 63.

⁴ p. 58-9.

town of Alborough to bear the upkeep of one of its members, Nickerson, who had hurt himself in climbing, attempted to shirk its responsibility. The financial settlement in the above case, the complaint of Brian Godfrey¹ of the negligence on the part of other Overseers, the imperfect accounts complained of by Giles Godfrey² and the devices for housing the poor, are all illustrations of the primitive character of the machinery in this department of local government.

The well known grievance arising from the royal right of purveyance is very well illustrated in the returns for the hundreds of Holt, Brothercrosse, Smithdon and South Erpingham. The persistent ignoring of market prices by the purveyors makes it easy to understand the desire for the abolition of feudal rights which led to the scheme of commutation known as the "Great Contract" (1610). There are four copies of letters, probably from the Townshend papers, in Stow's collection,4 relating to the hope of a favourable settlement with the Crown in this matter of purveyance.

In the impressing of seamen it is clear that, whatever the abuses arising from local mal-administration, a serious attempt was made by the Crown to effect the necessary levies with the least amount of

irritation.

The work of actual preservation of the peace which would appear from a series of warrants is not illustrated here as the twenty or thirty warrants among these Townshend papers are of a commonplace type.

IMPRESSING OF SEAMEN.

PURVEYANCE.

II.—AS COLLECTOR OF SUBSIDIES AND LOANS. SUBSIDIES.

The papers on Subsidies illustrate certain points already decided and further present new material.

The alterations which appear, such as notices of death, removal and diminution of estate, point to the probability of these rolls

being the duplicate schedules of assessment, reserved for the use of the High Collector, the schedule itself being sent to the Exchequer to serve as check on the Collector's totals.

¹ p. 59.

² p. 62.

³ p. 60-61.

⁴ B.M. 150, fols. 69, 71, 102, 110.

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a. The Assessment was not according to aMan's Estate.

The produce of a subsidy, nominally 4s.1 in the pound on lands and 2s. 8d. on goods, in no way registers the wealth of the County.² An anonymous writer in Charles I's reign estimates that the proper assessment of the well-to-do would treble his Majesty's subsidies. This position is acknowledged in the Council's letter of 1625, "for although his Matte doth not expect from you that acordinge to the strictnes of the Act of Parliam^t all men should bee taxed at theire just and true values either in landes or goodes," and this recognition of the loose nature of the assessment was a weapon in the royal hand as early as 1588, when the threat by which Elizabeth commands a Loan is "in case thei shall find them to persist in their refusall then to let them understand that it is determined that inquiry shall be made by commission & by Jurie of the true valew of their landes & goodes and therof reterne shalbe made both to the prvie Councell and also into ye excheker to remayne ther of Recorde By weh in tyme to come her Matie maie justly cause them to be rated both for subsidies & all other ordinary charges for musters & otherwise levies of men for service of the realme not by such love & favorable rates as now are accustomed."3

b. The Decline in the Yield of a Subsidy was Steady.

At first a subsidy yielded about £120,000: by 1544 it yielded £100,0004: the last of the subsidies granted in 1597 produced £80,000, and this in the reign of James I dropped to a little over £70,000. This tendency had already been experienced in the yield of Fifteenths and Tenths, but it was hoped that the collection of the subsidy by Crown agents rather than by the organization started by the Members of Parliament would remedy this.

The Council was consistent and continually demanded that no former subsidy roll should decide the new assessment, but this probably meant no more than that a further decline in the yield would not be tolerated. Nevertheless the decline still went on.

¹ I find no support for the statement made in an anonymous pamphlet, published 1641. "Considerations touching trade with the advance of the King's revenues..." B.M., E. 148 (i), p. 11: "For twenty subsidies amounts to 20 markes to him that is rated at 51. goods, and to 20 l. to him that is rated at 4 l. lands," according to which the subsidy would be 2s. 8d. on goods and 5s. on lands.

² Sir Walter Raleigh in the 1593 Parliament, protesting against the notorious under-assessing, said, "Our estates that be £30 or £40 in the queenes Books are not the hundredth part of our wealth."

³ See first of papers on Loans. p. 96.

Letters and Papers, H. 8, 1544, ii, 689 (Pollard's Pol. Hist.).

The subsidy rolls of South Erpingham and North Grenhoe well illustrate this wasting:

				Goods	Lands
S. Erp.	2nd1 par	t 2nd sul	o. 43 Eliz.	£687 10s.	£339
	ıst "	3rd ,,	,,	648 1os.	269
	2nd ,,	3rd ,,	,,	623	209
	2nd ,,	2nd ,,	3 Jac.	5 63	210
North Gr.	2nd ,,	2nd ,,	43 Eliz.	359 Ios.	206
	ıst "	3rd ,	, ,,	357 Ios.	184
	ıst "	2nd,	, з Јас.	327	176

The decline in the returns of South Erpingham would have been more marked had not the severe letter of reprimand come from the Council just before the collection of the second part of the 2nd subsidy in 1606.² The roll of this last collection is most interesting. The figures and entries printed in italics are in a different hand. With alterations in the assessments and with the addition of fourteen fresh subsidy men the following result was effected:³

43 Eliz.	Lands £623	Goods £209		
3 Jac. a. unamended	£536 ros.	£166		
	£86 ros. decline £43 decline			
b. amended	£563	£210		
	£60 decline	£1 addition.		

That is, that additions of £26 ros. lands and £44 goods were added to the assessment roll already drawn up. The Assessors hitherto had probably been allowed to assess their own estates. In this roll their names appear together at the foot of the roll and the entry of their respective assessments appears in another handwriting. Almost certainly therefore their estates had been assessed by other than

¹ The subsidies were generally collected in two parts and usually in successive years. The machinery consisted of a Commissioner to each hundred, assisted, for purposes of assessment, by about six "assessors." The actual collection of the money was made by the Constables.

² pp. 82-84.

³ pp. 85-89.

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themselves. Curiously enough the Council gained nothing by this expedient, the net result being that one of the Assessors, Erasmus Buck, was fortunate enough to have his assessment reduced.

c. The Drop in the Yield of a Subsidy in Norfolk was out of Proportion to the General Decline in the Yield of the Country. The letters of reprimand from the Council were not without cause. The decline in the national yield of a subsidy, from Elizabeth to James, has been seen to be three-tenths, £100,000 to £70,000. The Council's letter of 1625 mentions the returns of Norfolk as falling from £7,465 4s. $1\frac{1}{2}$ d. in 1588 to £2,198 19s. 10d. in 1621, or a drop of more than two-thirds. In fact, the idea of proportionate taxation is surprisingly absent. When the yield of a subsidy was £100,000, Norfolk paid £7,465, or three-fortieths of the whole: when the yield was £70,000, Norfolk paid £2,198, or three-hundredths of the whole and out of the total of £221,500 of ship-money raised in the whole country, the County of Norfolk paid £8,000, or three-eightieths.

d. Abuses attending the Collection of Subsidies.

The abuses attending the collection of a subsidy, recited in the Council's letter of 1606, appear to have been common to the whole country. One class of defaulters, however, seems peculiar to Norfolk, and the abuse probably arose from the existence of a class of taxpayers known as "bearers," men, that is to say, who were not of themselves of sufficient estate to be subsidy men, but, conjointly, could bear part of the taxation. It appears that certain subsidy men would use their influence in order that such "bearers," and even lesser subsidy men, should not be assessed. In return these smaller men would contribute to the subsidy charge of the one who had effected his release. We have already seen that the different handwritings in the rolls show that the Assessors did not value their own estate. This would be in conformity with Section 14 of the Act of 1599. The same evidence discloses the fact that one or two men of considerable estate were also assessed by the Commissioners, as Sir Edward Clere at Blickling and Sir Christopher Heydon of Mannington.

e. A Comparison of the Yield of a Subsidy and of Ship-money in Norfolk.

Prynne's statement¹ that the ship-money amounted to "3 or 4 subsidies in each County or more," has been disproved by a recent investigator.² Prynne's error rests almost entirely in overlooking the £20,000 clerical subsidy which would be included in the ship-

¹ "A humble remonstrance against the tax of Ship money," 1636, pp. 6-14.

² Miss M. D. Gordon in Royal Hist. Soc. Transactions, 3rd series, vol. iv, pp. 149-150.

money. It may serve as an interesting piece of evidence for those adopting the royalist position for this period to notice that Norfolk was paying less in ship-money than she was in a single subsidy at the beginning of Elizabeth's reign. Thus:

Three-fortieths of $f_{20,000} = f_{1,500} = \text{proportion of clerical subsidy}$

for Norfolk.

Subsidy of I Eliz. = $f_{7,465}$. i.e., full subsidy = f8.965:

as compared with the highest ship-money demand of $f_{8,000}$.

The Acts of Parliament embodying the grant of a subsidy do not define the number of Commissioners and the area of their duties. It will be seen that in Norfolk there are thirty-three Commissioners, that is, one to each hundred. A hundred probably served as the unit of assessment and collection through most of the country. The statutory limitation of this office to men of £20 lands and above would confine the Commissioners to the most influential classes of the Counties. Indeed the list of Commissioners appended to the Council's letter of February 28, 1625, shows nineteen titled gentry, three king's servants and the Dean of Norwich. Eight of the remaining ten appear in the list of "Commissioners for the peace, 1616" for the County of Norfolk, and the status of Thomas Cotton and Ca. Sucklinge alone remains uncertain. Quite probably they had joined the ranks of the Justices during the nine years' interval between these two lists.

It will be noticed that no Assessors are engaged below the rank of Chief Constable, and here the invariable practice is to have two, three or four inhabitants assessing the hundred in which they dwell. With the exception of South Erpingham, all such inhabitants working with the Constables are entered as "esquier" or "gent," and are mostly assessed at £5, the variation being from £5 to £10. The Constables are all subsidy men with assessments ranging from 30s. goods to fo lands, and one or two are entered as "gent."

An office, which only appears once in these papers, is that of "High Collector," in the memorandum of 1621, when the Commissioners propose that Robert Money and Edmund Skinner should hold this office. The office, like the rest, was for one hundred. The last roll of North Grenhoe¹ is for 1603 and there is no mention of Money: there is also one for Laundich for the same year, 1621, and Edmund Skinner does not appear. The office, therefore, can have been of no great responsibility.

f. The Status of those engaged in collecting the Subsidy.

¹ Excepting one of South Erpingham, the Subsidy rolls have been excluded.

Loans.
Procedure in Collecting.

The papers on Loans are of interest in showing a change in the machinery of collection. The first, dated February, 1588, gives the following procedure: Her Majesty, being in need of a loan, instructed her Council, who issued letters under Her Majesty's Privy Seal to such as were judged able to lend. Those receiving such Seals of £100, £50, or £25 had to lend from their own estate, no suggestion being made of co-operation to meet the demand. The Seals were issued "upon inquisicon & informacon," which probably means by reference to Subsidy Rolls, for there is a considerable list of persons with decayed estates, dead, removed or drained by other demands for national service. The Seals were then sent to the Lord Lieutenant, who in turn sent them to the Deputy-Lieutenants in the counties under their commission. The distribution was then entrusted to such Justices of the Peace as were "well disposed." The actual collecting would probably be performed by the Constables and possibly returns would be made to the Exchequer and to the Privy Council by the Justices. The latter called such as had Privy Seals addressed to them and exhorted them to lend as apportioned. In case of refusal, the Justices took bonds of them to appear before their Deputy-Lieutenant, who, if unable to effect his object by inducement, would threaten them with a true valuation of their estate. This would have the effect of increasing their liability in such matters as subsidies, musters and the like. If, again, this was ineffective, then were the recusants to be sent to the Council to answer their refusal.1

Appointment of a "Col-lector."

In 1589² Nathaniel Bacon was appointed by the Council Collector of the Loan for Norfolk. In virtue of this appointment his authority superseded the powers of the other Justices and, to some extent, that of the Deputy-Lieutenant. The following is quite clear: he dealt direct with the Council and Exchequer, sending the money direct to the latter and, as a check, a note of the number of the Privy Seals to the Clerk of the Council. It is also implied that these Seals were sent in the first place direct to the Collector, Nathaniel Bacon, and not by way of the Lieutenant as in 1588. Nathaniel Bacon acted for the whole County, the other Justices only appearing as witnesses to the inability of individuals to meet the demands. It

¹ A very interesting point appears in one of the letters in *Stow's Collection*, fol. 69; the Queen postponed repayment of a Loan until such time as the subsidy had been collected.

² Note 5, intro., p. 1.

Method of

meeting the

Privy Seals.

is also clear that the Constables were under the direction of the Collector. 1

The Privy Seal was always one of £100, £50, or £25 and there is no mention of interest. Neither is it apparent whether the Collector had power to change the sums through the inability of the recipient to meet it: they were either paid in full or not at all.² The only liberty was in co-operation to meet the sum demanded, in which case the recipient of the Seal had to give his bond to those thus assisting. Such liberty was granted by the Deputy-Lieutenant under the earlier system and probably under the later system, by the Chief Collector. When repayment was made by the Crown, the Seals had to be returned in person or by a deputy,³ at Westminster.

All those requiring to be excused had to state the reason and have such excuse supported by one or more Justice of the Peace or by other responsible persons. Sometimes one Justice witnesses alone, at other times as many as three bear evidence. The responsible persons include the Mayor and Aldermen of Norwich, preachers and Constables: less frequently they are persons of note in the neighbourhood. With a few exceptions, such as being in prison for recusancy and having been at charge in Her Majesty's service, the excuses are based on poverty of estate, a term sufficiently flexible to include want of cash due to heavy housekeeping, keeping of much hospitality and the possessing of large families varying from six to "many."

The papers on Benevolences are of little value and have consequently been excluded from this collection.

III.—AS COMMISSIONER OF SEWERS.4

The imperfect machinery for the assessment of national taxation has been already evident in the matter of subsidies. In dealing with matters purely coastal, the weaknesses become more evident as the political axiom, "What touches all should be looked to by all," had not yet found expression in local matters. Whether shipmoney, piers, sea-banks or "vigiliæ," the onus was thrown, wherever possible, on the coast hundreds. Mr Day has, in his article on

a. Sheringham Pier.

¹ p. 101. A warrant of Ap. 30, 1598.

² But as a definite sum was laid upon the county, £5,000 for Norfolk, probably liberty was allowed in extending the number of "bearers."

⁴ Stow, fol. 71.

⁴An explanation of this function can be found in 2nd Report of Public Records Comm (1914), Parts I. and II. s.v. Sewars: see index in Part III.

⁵ Norff. Arch. Trans., vol. x.

Sheringham Pier, published the body of the documents on this subject. but there still remain about thirty accounts of Chief Constables drawn up for the inquiry into the abuses attending the Commissions of Kirke and Garter. These are of more than local interest as they furnish an admirable illustration of the slow development of our administrative machinery and of the surprising lack of supervision on the part of the central authorities. Archdeacon Cunningham says¹: "the Privy Council as a central authority was eager to bring pressure on the local officials and insist on their doing their duty. The correspondence, which survives, shows that the Council were well informed as to the special requirements in the different counties." This needs modification: the Council's activities were dependent on the co-operation and assistance they received or could effectively demand from the local authorities. The long series of complaints shows that the attempt was serious but that full control was far from having been arrived at. In this matter of the pier, during the nine years of the two Commissions by which Kirke and Garter had authority to collect, no accounts whatever were rendered.2 The following points illustrate the primitive and unsatisfactory nature of such forms of taxation as were carried out by these Commissioners:

I. Towns Compounded. The cash under this Commission was to be raised by the collection of fines theoretically proportionate to the breach of the statute 24 Henry VIII, compelling the sowing of flax and hemp. In the first year of the first Commission, these fines, in some cases, were levied on villages, personal responsibility in the village being probably settled by local arrangement. Thus in Laundich hundred each village account starts with "Tota villa solvit in A° dni 1584 . . .," the sums varying from 5s. to 25s.3

² Growth of English Industry and Commerce. Vol. II, p. 48. ² See P.C. Register, XXII, p. 87. On Nov. 26, 1591, on renewing the grant, that is, the second commission, Sr Ar. Heveningham, Sr Wm. Paston, Sr Tho. Woodhouse, Sr Ino. Peyton Knights, Nath. Bacon and Clem. Paston are ordered to search into accounts, to view the pier and report progress; in the meantime collections were to be stayed. The collections, however, seem to have been uninterrupted.

³ Probably this was based on an actual view of the departure, e.g., the Subsidy Rolls show the hundreds paying as follows: Laundich, £64 16s. od.; Gallow, £42, 12s. od.; S. Erp., £182 12s. od., and N. Erp., £146 2s. 8d. Comparing these figures with the Constable's accounts we see there was no idea of proportionate assessment.

2. Individuals Compounded. In this way lump sums for the full tale of years of the first or second or both Commissions were paid. In Gilcrosse hundred we have:

Banham.	Itm.	John	\mathbf{K} endall	by	composytyon	for	the	wholl			
	vere	es						X ⁸			
Thoms. Shuckeforthe for the whole yeres xxvj ^s viij ^d											
	Thoms. Bytton to the last Comyss iij ^s iiij ^d										
	Cleme	nt Člai	ke to the	fyrs	t Comyss		ii	js iiijd			

Another variation is seen in the half hundred of East Flegg where a yearly composition was made by a certain number of the inhabitants jointly and the rest paid individually.

- 3. In other Hundreds all Pay an Annual Fixed Charge, and the probability is small that they were all equally guilty in regard to the above statute. Thus at Bircham Toftes "Recd of Jas. Mote for vij yeares ye yere—xviijs viijd," and all others in this hundred are similarly entered. At East Flegg they are all entered at 3s. 4d.
- 4. THE STATUTORY FINE was 3s. 4d. for every 40 acres when the regulation amount of flax was not sown. This figure seems in several cases to have been altered to 1s. 4d., as at Smethdon.
- 5. In one case the Second Commission was not brought into effect. From the form of the Constable's statement it is clear that this was due to an oversight on the part of the collectors and not to any virtue of the inhabitants in regard to the statute. The entry appears in South Erpingham: "And as towchyng the Last Commission that the seid Kyrke & Garter hath obteyned, we certiffye that they hath not dealt therin in any respect win the seid hunderyd nor hath taken any monye of any person win the same to or knowledge." This was undoubtedly due to the collector's oversight: for both Kirk and Garter took what they could get and in manner most convenient. The whole of this chaotic system of assessment bears witness to the absence of adequate surveys and valuations.

Mr Walter Rye has, to a certain extent, worked out the history of Cromer Pier. Shortly before 1580 an attempt was made to build a pier, which, from what follows in the documents, we may suppose to have been through the effort of Mr Thomas Sydney, father to Sir Henry

PIER.

b. Cromer

Pose to Review of Henry Matters, ante 1607.

Sidney. On July 4, 1582, letters patent were issued for the transportation of 20,000 quarters of wheat, barley and malt, the proceeds of which licence were to be for the rebuilding of an "ould decayed pier." Thomas Baxter, gent, was appointed to sell the licenses, the proceeds of which were to be handed over to the pierreeves. In 1501 a law case came up. Baxter had sold the grant partly for cash and partly on credit and, for the deferred payments, had taken bonds of one Robert Underwood, at that time deceased, and other inhabitants. It also appears that certain sums were in the hands of Emanuel Callyarde, John Deynes, William Myngaye, John Shanke, William Boshope and George England, and that Robert Underwood had also £400 of the pier money. The result of this litigation is not given, but it appears that the matter was allowed to drop. Mr Rye's account ends with April 9, 1592, in the law case of "John Blofield, one of the inhabitants versus Emanuel Callard & Margery his wife, which was as to a reckoning made by Robert Underwood, gent, the 19th January 1587 to Thomas Baxter, gent."

The papers here included all fall within the years 1607-10. The first is the report of three of the Commissioners of Sewars. It speaks of two piers, one "a peere wch was built not long since of tymber" and another "one olde peere standinge, and lowe built, the length wherof is about one hundred yardes, and two men of ye towne affirmed that they did worke ye same." The probability is that this latter pier was the outcome of the Commission of Mr Sidney, and the former the result of the Commission of 1582.

The Case Retried.

The interesting part of these papers appears in the fact that the case of 1591-2 is now, in 1609, practically retried. Despite the fact that the precaution had been taken when the Commission of Baxter was issued of demanding the presentment of monthly accounts the whole case discloses a hopeless state of financial jumble.² The failure of Kirke's management is commented on by the Commissioners, who request that if further grant is forthcoming such should be effectively governed. The cases of Godfrey and Sir Henry Sidney are not mentioned elsewhere. Godfrey was evidently the victim of imperfect accounts. He had secured licence for the transporting of fifty or sixty quarters of wheat, and had entered bond for the same.

¹ See Remembrances re Sr Hen. Sydney, Jan. 9, '09. pp. 126-7.

Note that England denies he was a Pier-reeve and yet claims to have disbursed £20 19s. od. about the pier. He also says he paid Calliard £10, yet, when the case was on before, Calliard said that he never received above 2s.

On the death of Kirke, Cotrell, apparently his successor, proceeded against Godfrey to the amount of the bond, and Godfrey satisfied him with £10 in money and a ring to the value of £25. After the death of Sir Francis Walsingham, one Calliard proceeded on the same bond and Godfrey had to clear himself. From the conclusion of the letter it seems probable that he was also considered to some extent liable for the deficit of Kirke. This case also brings out the traffic in these licences. Godfrey entered bond and got licence to export fifty or sixty quarters of wheat. This privilege he sold at a profit of £25 to a Mr Robert Clark of Lynn. Thus we have an instance of sixteenth century speculation. A corner in licences could easily be made and this may account for Mr Sidney's desire to have such an amount of licence at his disposal.

In the cases of Cromer and Sherringham the interest of the Crown is to some extent accounted for by the fact that these two towns were of the Duchy of Lancaster, then in the hands of the Crown. The petition of the tenants of Terrington shows that the Crown had considerable interests in that district also, for it was receiving annually £160 besides the proceeds of Courts and the services of 200 copyholders. In spite of this, Elizabeth, with her usual parsimony, seems to have followed no definite policy in regard to the protection of Terrington against the sea.

c. Terrington Sea-Bank.

At first the Commissioners decided that £2,000 was necessary for an effective structure at Terrington, but proposed to erect a temporary check to the inroads of the sea to serve until the next spring. For this purpose they proposed to levy £200 on Terrington and the like sum on the other Marshland towns altogether. As some of the Commissioners had land in the district, they formed a minority which vigorously opposed this scheme, evidently owing to the assessment being according to acreshot.² The Council seemed unable or unwilling to support the thirteen Commissioners³ of the

Attempts at Raising the Requisite Money.

¹ Cf. Corn papers, Jan. 31, '78, transfer of licence to Ric. Peererson. pp. 135-6.

² Regarding Fen drainage, Cunningham says (Industry and Commerce, vol. II, 115): "Public works of the kind contemplated could not, as a matter of fact, be carried through by the mere pressure of authority urging neighbours to co-operate for the common good": they therefore fell back on private effort. For the whole subject see Kennedy & Sandars on "Land Drainage," and 2d Report of Royal Commission on Public Records Appx. p. 99.

⁸ The Commissioners of Sewers complained, in 1620, that they had no power to take land without consent and that "the authority which they had by their commission (to which they were strictly bound) was only to rate

majority, for nothing was done by the June of the next year, when the Council proposed to raise £5,000 "within the Citie of Norwiche Towne of Yarmouthe, and the lymitts thereof." Again, by July things were still hanging fire and a letter from Norwich shows the town unwilling to pay, on the grounds that £700 would meet the damage to the existing bank and that such a sum could be raised from Marshland. In October of that year considerable damage was done at Terrington and a third method for raising the money was brought forward. Two alternatives were left to the decision of the Commissioners by the Council: the first, that Terrington should pay half and the other towns of Marshland the other half, of as much as was considered necessary; the second, that if the tax was to be levied by acreshot, then a higher assessment should be on the Terrington lands. As can be expected, the former course was adopted and £500 was raised in Terrington.¹

Impotence of the Privy Council. The most eloquent point here is the thwarting of the Council. The report of the Commissioners, probably nineteen in number, stated that £2,000 was necessary for repairs: after the damage in the winter of 1601, the Council, from some source or other, were able to state the necessary figure as £5,000. Yet the Norwich people were able to reject one scheme, a few interested landowners were able to reject another, and the burden was ultimately shifted to Marshland. Another point of interest is that a minority of six could secure the overthrow of the scheme arrived at by thirteen of the Commissioners.

IV.—AS COMMISSIONER FOR THE RESTRAINT OF THE EXPORTATION OF CORN.

The Mercantile Theory.

Three-quarters of Norfolk, according to the estimate of the producres or of the county gentry represented by the J.P.'s, was devoted to tillage.

the charge of every particular man towards any such general work, according to the profit which every person should receive from the same. And forasmuch as 'twas impossible to be discerned, before the work were finished, who should have profit thereby, or how much, they could not legally procure any such assurance beforehand." Dugdale, The History of Imbanking and Drayning (1662), p. 406.

The great law of Marshland" was not passed until Oct. 5, 1519. It is a code of procedure, each township being represented by two who were to oversee the dike-reeve. Norff. Arch. Trans., XII, 325-6.—Ed., M. Beloe.

The cornering of grain was against the interests of the consumer and the early corn legislation had been specially directed to his advantage. Later in the sixteenth century the interests of the producer were aimed at, and the middle man was seen to be a necessary evil. The difficulty was how to reconcile the clashing interests. If transportation were forbidden, then the price of corn would be kept down and, without a vent, the producer would suffer. Further, with partial transportation, the badger would have a market to buy in at an abnormally low figure, for hard cash was essential to the corn-grower of Norfolk. From this standpoint the badger must be kept under.

On the other hand, the issuing of private licences was beneficial to little more than the Crown.

Whether the extension was to a town, as in the case of Lynn, or to the whole county, the liberty was to a certain extent nullified by the severity of the injunctions against ingrossers. For effective transportation, a system of buying in great quantities was essential; therefore the badger must be encouraged. The policy displayed in these papers shows the government fluctuating between these considerations, at one time favouring the producer, at another the mass of people, and at another being evidently concerned with the profits accruing to the Crown.

Dr Cunningham has contrasted the economic system of England as directed by Burleigh with that of Spain, pointing out that the former was free from the great vice of the latter in that it was "free from any undue hankering after bullion." There is little need at the present day to stress the weakness of the bullionist or the mercantilist theory. It may perhaps be well to point out that currency difficulties in the time of Elizabeth might on the surface lend some support to those who felt that the introduction of some amount of the precious metals was in itself a real increase of wealth. it were not in reality an actual increase, under the conditions which prevailed at the time it might well be a step very necessary to facilitate the production of wealth. An adequate means of exchange was, after all, necessary, and if the petitioners of Norfolk are to be believed, the restrictions placed on the export of corn were seriously affecting the commercial well-being of the county. At one and the same time, government taxation was stripping the district of hard cash, while no importation of precious metals could take place to remedy the consequent deficiency.

V.—AS COMMISSIONER FOR THE RESTRAINT OF THE EXPORTATION OF WOOL AND LEATHER.

The papers concerning the restraint of the exportation of wool and leather are of little value beyond pointing to another sphere of Bacon's activity. In 1577 the Commissioners were not officially organized, though it is fairly certain that a few of the Justices were acting in this capacity. Probably before 1608 these duties, as others, were delegated to a specified few, and by 1618 the whole matter for the county was controlled by a body of nine.

VI.—AS COMMISSIONER FOR THE SEARCHING OUT OF RECUSANTS.

Many of the papers here included would have been of great interest to Dr Jessopp in his most cherished piece of work, One Generation of a Norfolk House. The Lady Jerningham, Francis Woodehouse, the Kerviles and Willoughbys and the references to Downes, would have received an eager welcome from him. Certain districts seem to have held their reputation for recusancy without interruption. This has been so in Marshland, where four Recusants, there probably being more, were reported on by the Constables in 1591, and twenty-three in 1603. Similarly the district round Costessey seems to have been, as it is now, a home of the old religion.

Appointment and Sphere of Activity of the Commissioners.

It was, evidently, not till 1591 that Commissioners were chosen from the ranks of the Justices to see to the more effective enforcing of the penal laws. This was due, as we have seen in the other spheres of administrative work, to the laxity of the Justices as a body. It is not quite certain, however, that this device was a panacea, and the problem was again to the front of securing administrative machinery to keep pace with the designs of the legislature. The sphere of activity of the actual Commissioner is not clear from these papers. There seems to have been seven "limits" to each of which certain of the Commissioners were appointed, but the number of such Commissioners was too small and the placing of them unsatisfactory. They met frequently and, for convenience, in different parts of the shire. It is natural to expect, and the reports of the Constables bear out the conjecture, that Nathaniel Bacon's "limit" was in the north-west of the county: yet we find him on a fruitless chase for the priest Upton, at Breccles in Wayland hundred.

Were even certain of the Commissioners slack and was a seniority among these bodies necessary?

CHURCH MATTERS.

The papers on Church matters, though strictly belonging to the last section of this volume, seem to call for insertion at this point. The letter addressed to the Bishop of Norwich for permission to continue the Prophesyings, is, unfortunately, but a copy with no endorsement of any kind. In spite of the official suppression of prophesyings in the diocese. June 7, 1574, the practice continued and the fifteen years referred to could well have been those preceding the sequestration of Grindal. On the other hand, a comparison of the clergy in 15031 and 16031 places the document between these dates, 2 a later date being inconsistent with Mr Vincent Goodwyn of Cley being described, as he was in 1603, as "home infirmus." The letter of Sir Francis Wyndham explains the attitude adopted by Elizabeth in regard to these meetings in general and in particular to the assembly at Norwich. It appears that Freake, then Bishop of Norwich, a man after the type of Whitgift, was attempting to control these gatherings and displaced the leader, Mr Moore, by a Mr Holland. This was displeasing to those there assembled who, in consequence, converted themselves into a rabble: they abused the Minister and the Bishop and the parish clerk refused either to call the meeting by the bell or to lead the praise. It appears that the Mayor and Aldermen were in sympathy with these people. The conduct of affairs at Wyveton had been much more orderly and the stay of the prophesyings there had been through an outbreak of plague. Of the nine signatures to the petition for permission to continue the practice, the Editor has traced eight: of these two held the degree of B.D., three that of M.A., and one, though with no degree. had been in the University four years³ Evidently with the idea of keeping clear of political matters, they had adopted the unusual plan of requiring each preacher to continue with a discourse at the point

¹ Norff. Arch. Trans., vol. xvIII, 78-104 and vol. x, p. 1, et seq., p. 166 et seq.

² The writing also points to a date close on 1600.

Prophesying.

⁸ The Norfolk Arch. Soc. has printed one of this collection in vol. XVIII. It throws much light on the status of the clergy in Norfolk in 1593. There it is seen there were 484 ministers in the Archdeaneries of Norfolk and Norwich. Of these, 198 were graduates and 112 pluralists. Of the 198 there were 2 D.D.'s, 3 LL.D.'s, 22 B.D.'s, 108 M.A.'s, 59 B.A.'s, 3 LL.B's. and I Mus. Bac.; and of the remaining 286, only 4 are mentioned as in any way incapacitated.

where the last had left off. This gave it the character of a Bible study period.

Puritan Tendencies. These papers are of interest in illustrating the well-known puritan character of the county at this period. The Bishop is said to have "no more authorytye then a comon mynister": Nathaniel Bacon is addressed as "a zealous favourer of the preachers of the word," and of his character as here referred to there is no doubt: the people of Wevenhoe speak of "the worde preached amonge us" and of "a minister of ye gospel": at Wyssett the incumbent is to be not only a minister but a "teacher," and Thomas Daynes subscribes himself "preacher." The active interest of the people in attempting to control or at least to influence the election of the minister is another aspect of the same matter. These papers mostly fall in the early seventeenth century: there are two cases of dispute between what were probably the Calvinistic and Arminian sections, and the case at Wyssett in 1606 points to their attempt to continue the puritan traditions of the preceding fifty years.

VII.—AS COMMISSIONER FOR MUSTERS.

With the exception of one undated paper, included in the section of Bacon's work as Justice of the Peace, there is nothing in this collection on this aspect of his work. Eleven papers² are calendared by the Historical MSS. Commissioners which unfortunately have not come into my possession. These are of interest in showing what must have been the slackest part of all the local administration of the period. Commissioners are referred to on May 24, 1601, and Nathaniel Bacon would, undoubtedly, have been among the number, but even if he were not he was one of the Deputy-Lieutenants of the county and in that capacity would have been partly responsible for the regulation of the militia. In 1611 Lord Northampton stated in one of the letters that no musters had been held since 1591. Thus such injunctions as the reduction of numbers in each trainband would have been ignored. In 1614 Sir Nathaniel was nominated together with Sir Philip Woodehouse, Sir Henry Gawthy, Sir Arthur Heveningham, Sir Thomas Hobbart, Sir Hamon L'Estrange and Sir Henry Bedingfield as a Commissioner for Musters.

¹ Cf. Fuller, Bk. IX, sect. iv, § 2, and Archbishop Grindal's letter to Elizabeth "In defence of prophecies and Church jurisdiction."

² Dated Apr. 27, '78; July 19, '99; July 7, '00; May 24, '01; Sept. 23, '03; Oct. 21, '09; July 8, '11; June 29, '12; July 16, '14; July 18, '14; July 12, '20.

VIII.—IN HIS PRIVATE CAPACITY.

The only papers needing comment in this section are those relating to the law case, in which Nathaniel Bacon was concerned. which arose from the disputed claim to the carcass of a grampus which had been washed up on Nathaniel Bacon's manor at Hemsby. 1 The attitude of Dr Burman is difficult to understand. He is here encroaching on private jurisdictions in spite of the evidence of the prescriptive rights of Bacon. These rights had not reverted to the Crown on the attainder of the Duke of Norfolk as the Court Rolls attest, and as this strife over the Hemsby grampus was but one event in a long struggle, it is apparent that the character of the wreckage was not the essence of the dispute. Anyhow, as whales and sturgeon belonged to the King by common law, prescriptive rights would include the right to dead sea animals unless such were expressly excluded in the Charter. Yet Nathaniel failed. His failure in the Court at Norwich in the June of 1601 may have been through the unfortunate indictment to which Smythe confessed, but as his appeals to the Lord Treasurer and to the Attorney of the Duchy were also without result, it seems that something more subtle than at first appears is the explanation. At first it looks as if there may have been some legal justification for Dr Burman's position, for the Bacons were influential, Sir Nicholas was still remembered, Sir Francis was powerful at Court and Dr Burman was willing to submit the justice of his dispute regarding wreckage past and present at Hemsby to skilled judgment. This last may be, as is most probable, pure bluff and, anyhow, those of "learning and skill" to whom the case was to be referred would most likely be of Dr Burman's stock. It is significant that the decline of the Admiralty Courts and the victory of the Courts of Common Law was in progress through the very period when the Crown was made subservient to Parliament, during the time when the Crown was shorn of its powers to interfere arbitrarily with the rights of the subject. The inference forced upon us, which will explain so much of the uncertainty of wreckage rights and which will account for the many and prolonged struggles between the two courts, is that the Crown was at the back of the Admiralty in its aggressive attitude. By prescription the Crown had lost all right to wreck proper, but it would be a substantial gainer if such jurisdictions were made to revert to

¹ The points at issue are too many to allow of condensation and the documents must be read in full.

The Hemsby Grampus.

xlij OFFICIAL PAPERS OF SIR NATHANIEL BACON

it by way of the Admiralty. The Navy was still maintained from the "King's Own" and inversely as the Admiralty extended its jurisdiction would the Crown have to give from its own.

The introduction to the Appendix to this volume has been contributed by Mr Hubert Hall. Not only for this, but for advice and correction generally I wish to thank him most heartily.

I wish to thank my colleague, Mr R. H. Snape, for many suggestions and for his general interest in the progress of this work.

H. W. S.

THE OFFICIAL PAPERS OF SIR NATHANIEL BACON 1580-1620



PAPERS RELATING TO NATHANIEL BACON AS JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

An abstracte of the certificate sent to the L: Admyrall in November 1580.

Com. Norff: Shippes and vesselles above the burthen of xvj

toannes: Cix

Owners of all thes vesselles: Cix Shipmaisters in every the ports: Ciijxx

Pylottes belonginge to the ports: vii

Maryners & other seafaring men: as xxiii

Gunners: vii Drummers: i

Shipwrightes & Shipcarpinters: xlv

as CClxiii Persons besydes Owners: Cix in toto 372.

Norfolk Ship-

ping, 1580.

Yarmouth magn. Shippes & vesselles above the burthen of xx toannes: lxj

Owners of all thes vesselles: xlij Shipmres in Yarmouth port: xlij

Pylottes belonginge to ye haven: iij Shipwrightes & shipcarpintrs: xxx

Mariners & other seafaringe men: CCCxliij

Gunners: v Drummers: ii CCCCxxv besydes Owners: xlij in toto 467.

Shippes vesselles & persons bothe through out the whole countie of Norff. & the porte, haven and towne of Greate Yarmouth as followeth viz:

Shippes and vessels above mentioned: Clxx

Owners of thes vessells: Cli Shipmaisters: CCxxii

Pylottes: x

Shipwrightes & Shipcarpintrs: lxxv

Maryners & other seafaring men: CCClxvj

Gunners: xij Drummers: iii as DCiiijxxviij persons besydes Owners: Clj in toto 839.

THE OFFICIAL PAPERS OF

The names of the Shippes & Vessells wth the burthens of the same and the severall owners of them wthin the Countie of Norff.

Caster. The Fisherboate of fytene tonne wherof Jeames Randall is owner.

Eccles. The Fisherboate of eighte tonnes wherof Henrie Hydes is owner.

Shipden alias The Willm. of Cromer of xx^{t1} tonnes Thoms. Fishe owner. The Willm. of Cromer of xvtene tonnes Thoms. Fishe W. Richardson Cromer.

& J. Daynes owners. The Margaret of Cromer of tenne tonnes Richard Bennet & Clem.

Mayles owners.

2

The John of Sheringham of fowrtene tonnes Edmund Hooke owner.

The Peter of Sheringham of thirtie tonnes Willm. Allison owner.

The Peter of Waybourne of lxx tonnes Rose Rooke owner. Waybourne. The Rose of Waybourne of lx tonnes Rose Rooke owner.

> The Marye George of Claye of je tonnes Richard Ralye owner. The Gryssell of Claye of on hundereth tonnes Gyles Symondes owner.

The Laurett of Claye of iiij xx tene tonnes Gyles Symondes owner. The Beggers Gyfte of Claye of lxxx tonnes Richarde Raylie Edward Wilkenson & John Apporedge owners.

The Richarde of Claye of xxx tonnes Richard Raylie & E. Monie owners.

The Grace of God of Claye of fowertie tonnes Xpofer Newgatt owner.

The Clement of Claye of fowertie tonnes Xpofer Newgatt owner. The Xpofer of Claye of twentie tonnes R. Dowell Jo: Thornton owners.

The Marye Fortune of Claye of twentie tonnes Robt. Barker owner. The Willm. of Claye of xxt1 tonnes Willm. Chambers owner. The Clement of Claye of xviij tonnes Willm. Crowe owner.

The Marie Grace of Weveton of sixe score tonnes John Dobbe & Jeames Grave owners.

The Marie Jeames of iiij xx tonnes Jeames Graye owner.

Sheringham.

Claye.

Weveton.

The Marie Anne of Weveton of on hundered tonnes Hue Gynne owner.

The Susan of on hundered tonnes Hue Gynne & Rich. Weld owners.

The Gyfte of God of Weveton of jc tonnes W. Godscark & Jo. Podich owners.

The Jeames of Weveton of xl tonnes Jeames Graye owner.

The John of Weveton of xl tonnes John Podiche owner.

The Marie of Weveton of iiij tonnes John Smyth & Je. Smyth owners.

The Willm. of Weveton of ltie tonnes John Smyth.

The New years of Weveton of ltl tonnes Sy. Bright & Jo: Bette owners.

The Xpofer of Weveton of I tonnes Xpofer Thurlowe owner.

The Mathue of Weveton of I tonnes John Graye owner.

The John of Weveton of xlv tonnes Thoms. Cliwell & Robt. Browne owners.

The Gregorie of Blakney of iiij** tonnes Joh. Dobbe & Ra. Ralie owners.

The Grace of God of I tonnes Willm. Welde owner.

The Valentine of Blakney of jotonnes George Barker owner.

The Katteryne of Blakney of iiij **x tonnes Peter Page & Katherine Page widd. owners.

The Marye fortune of xl tonnes John Dobbe owner.

The Fox of Blakney of fyftie tonnes Peter Page owner.

The George of Blakney of xxx tonnes Willm. Godscare owner.

The Willm. of Blakney of xxx^{t1} tonnes John Pierson Robt. Pull & George Shilde owners.

The Gyfte of God of Blakney of iij xx tonnes John Pierson owner

The Peter of Blakney of liij tonnes Robt. Page & K. Page owners.

The John of Blakney of xx^{t1} tonnes wherof Thoms. Barker & Edmunde Gylberte owners.

The John of Blakney of sixtene tonnes Jeaferie Tausey owner.

The Ambrose of Wellis of jo tonnes Ambrose Fyske owner.

The Symondes of Wellis of iiijxx tonnes Ambrose Fiske owner.

The Clementes of Wellis of viij score tonnes Willm. Sabbe owner.

The Jeames of Wellis of iiij*x tonnes Willm. Sabbe owner.

The Willm. of Wellis of iij xx tonnes Willm. Sabbe owner.

¹ This is interesting as Snitherley was the mediaeval name.

Blakney alias Sneterley.¹

Wellis.

4

The Anne Frauncies of Wellis of xxx^{t1} tonnes the seyd Willm. Sabbe & Willm. Congham owners.

The Marye fortune of twentie tonnes Willm. Sabbe owner.

The Barkeofon hundered tonnes Nich. Pomfrett & Fr. Todd owners.

The Godes Gyfte of Wellis of iij^{xx} ten tonnes Nicholas Pomfrett owner.

The Elizabethe of Wellis of iiij*xx tonnes John Housego & Robt. Grene owners.

The Peter of Wellis of xxiiij tonnes Joh: Housego & Joh: Housego Junior owners.

The Margaret of Wellis of xl tonnes Willm. Washlebye & Willm. Atkynes owners.

The Barnabie of Wellis of xxxvj tonnes Willm. Washelbye owner. The Good Grace of Wellis of xxxvj tonnes Thoms. Dey owner.

The George of Wellis of xxxiiij tonnes Andrew Grogon owner.
The John of Wellis of xxvj tonnes John Congham & Nicholas
Pomfrett owners.

The Robt. of Wellis of xl tonnes Robt. Wallet owner. The Mathue of Wellis of xx tonnes George Archer owner. The Marie anne of Wellis of fyftie tonnes John Frarye owner.

Stykie.

The John of Stykie of twentie tonnes Tho. Man Robt. Poynter owners.

Hitcham.

The Jonas of Hitcham of iij xx & x tonnes Eustas Rolfe owner.

The Christe of Hitcham of l tonnes Eustas Rolfe owner.

The Thoms. of Hitcham of xxtl tonnes Thoms. Skippon & John Ripas owners.

Kingsheade.

The Comforte of thirtie tonnes Thoms. Read & Joh. Read owners. The Harte of xxx tonnes Thoms. Read & John Read owners.

Hounstanton.

The Hounde of xxx tonnes Thoms. Houlderbye owner.

Holme.

The ship called the Marie of xl tonnes Mr Henrie Veare & Gyles Godfrie owners.

Brancaster.

The Gyft of God of xxx tonnes Robt. Dalaman owner.

Burneham Debdale.

The Marie of Burneham of xx tonnes John Shorte & Robt. Smythe owners.

5

The Saker of Burneham of xx tonnes Joh. Smyth & Ed: Smyth owners.

Burneham Norton.

The David of Lyne of I tonnes Frauncies Shapton owner.

The Antlop of Lyne of fortie tonnes Franc. Shapton owner.

The Grahound of Lyne of 1 tonnes Mr Shapton owner.

The Jeames of Lynn of xl tonnes Frauncies Shapton owner.

The Marie fortune of Lynne of I tonnes John Dytchfeld & Willm. Battman owners.

The John of Lynne of xxxt1 tonnes Willm. Batman owner.

The Marie Jermin of Lynne of I tonnes Richard Waters & Willm. Cragge owners.

The Thoms. of xl tonnes John Myller & Tho. Backhouse owners.

The Mathew of Lynne of I tonnes Richard Ritchese & John Kercher owners.

The Jhesus of xl tonnes John Bemis & Robt. Page owners.

The Margaret of Lynn of xx tonnes Will. Kyrby & Joh: Hayes owners.

The Charitie of Lynne of fortie ij tonnes John Hayes & John Kercher owners.

The Gyfte of God of xxx tonnes Bartholomew Wormell owner.

The Gyfte of God of xxx tonnes John Barker & Joh. Spinckes owners.

The Thoms. of on hundred xxx tonnes Thoms. Claborne owner.

The Faukyne of iij xx tonnes Thoms. Claborne owner.

The Doritie of Lynne of liiij tonnes Tho. Claborne owner.

The Swallowe of Lynne of xxx^{t1} tonnes Thos Claborne owner.

The Thoms. of Lynn of liiij tonnes Willm. Garret & Syth Hollie owners.

The Harte of Lynne of xxxiiij tonnes John Lowe & Anne Mason widdow owners.

The Lyon of Lynne of fortie tonnes Willm. Girlinge owner.

The Lyon of Lynne of xlviij tonnes Mr Clemens owner.

The Doritie of Lynne of lvj tonnes Willm. Wollman George Fayerle John Spence owners.

The Jhesus of Lynne of iij xx & ten tonnes Thos. Leighton owner.

The Marye Jeames of iij *x tenne tonnes Mr Willm. Fincham owner.

The Blacke Lion of seven score tonnes Willm. Fincham owner.

The Imanuell of xxx^{t1} tonnes John Mason owner.

The Katherine of Lynne of on hundered tonnes He. Violet owner.

The Swanne of Lynne of fortie sixe tons Thoms. Grave owner.

Kynges Lynne. The ship called ye Willm. iij**tonnes Thoms. Grave owner. The Marie fortune of thirtie tonnes Thoms. Grave owner. The Simoniowe of Lynne 1 tonnes Thoms. Grave owner.

YARMOUTHE.

South Leete.

In primis the shippe called the Marye and John of lviij tonnes John Grosse owner.

The Christe xxxiiij tonnes John Cocke owner.

The John xxj tonnes John Cocke owner.

The Nicholas xxiiij tonnes John Bolden owner.

The Jhesus xx^{t1} tonnes Willm. Bolden owner.

The Willm. xxi tonnes Robt. Grose owner.

The Dionise lx tonnes John Grose Junior owner.

The Daniell lxxvj tonnes John Felton owner.

The Margaret xxiiij tonnes John Felton owner.

The Fortune of 1 tonnes Richard Smythe owner.

The John war tonnes Richard Smythe owner

The John xxvj tonnes Richard Smythe owner. The Flie of xxiiij tonnes John Smythe owner.

The Dionese of xxiiij tonnes Willm. Lyon owner.

The Dionese of Axing tollies Whith. Lyon owner.

The Trinetie of lx tonnes Rafe Wullhouse owner.

The Meenekin xxvj tonnes Rafe Wullhouse owner.

The Peter of xxvj tonnes Richard Ingham owner. The Osper of xxx tonnes John Smyth theld owner.

The John of xx^{ti} tonnes John Smythe owner.

The Margaret of xxvj tonnes John Wheler owner.

The Marye of xxij tonnes John Sallie owner.

Novmber xx^{ti}

South midd.

The Hoope of C tonnes Willm. Musgrave owner.
The Jane of iij** tonnes Willm. Musgrave owner.
The Barbara of lviij tonne Thoms. Monyman owner.
The John of xxij tonnes Thoms. Monyman owner.
The Guyfte of God of ijc tonnes Willm. Crowe owner.
The Bartyllmew of lxx tonnes Willm. Crowe owner.
The Jesus of xxxvj tonnes Willm. Crowe owner.
The John xxx tonnes owner Richard Modie.
The Marye Margerye xxvj tonnes John Thorowarde owner.
The Margerie of xl tonnes owner Peter Paine.
The Elline of xxx tonne Rafe Tompson owner.
The Abygall of xxx tonnes Gregorye Gose owner.

Cromer .			3	Brancaster .			I		
Sheringham			2	Burneham D.			r		
Waybourne.			2	,, •			I		
Claye .			II	Lynn			32		
Weveton .			13	Yarmouth .					
Blakney .			II	South Leete.			20		
Wells .			19	South Midd.	•		27		
Styffkey .			I	North ,, .			6		
Hitcham .			3	North leete .	•		8		
Kingsteade			2						
Hunstanton			I				167		
Total with those at Yarmouth wch are not detailed at length									
and are esti	mated	at 6	τ.				228		

Disorderly Conduct of "Cousin Heidon" at Saxlingham.

I copleinid at ye late Mic: Cessions at Norwche of ye maner of my cosin Heidon his entry wth great countenance, & nombres of persons into Saxlingham howse & of his continuing to possesse ye same wth many in forcible araye, & wth store of great callion & other weapons: Allso of ye killing of my cattle, of ye stifling some of them & ye spoile & surfetting diverse by empounding them. I might sithens have also movid yt might further have bene examined how diverse of my servants have bene put in perill of yeir lifes, some by ye throwing of stones at yem from ye overpart of Saxlingham howse & tower. Some being layd for by thre unknown persons wth long piked staves besydes other wth swordes & bucklers & besides carters & ye garrison continuing in Saxlingham howse. The leaste of w^{ch} matters beinge founde trewe might in Justice have movid that the force on my cosin Heydons part might be removid & ye possession to have bene restorid to me to cotinew wth me in ye right of my wife. And touchinge mye wifes right yt I delivrid sufficientlye. And althogh yen Mr Coke to farre abusid those yt gave him hearinge at ye Cessions yet havinge shewid my right & case in her highnes cort of Chancery allthoughe there Mr Cooke got to him Srgeant Gawdy & Mr Godfrey, yet all their workinge to oppresse or hindre Justice prevailed not but an Injunction was granted to siche effect as ye copy therof herin enclosed settith forthe; And therfore nowe having obtainid so miche throughe the right and equity of mye cause I growe ye bollder eftsones to move that bye you notice may be given herof, ye rather to represse so greate disordre; And besides I do make sute yt every one usid therin may be examined of the wholl proceding 1 ? Callivers.

as well on Mic: day concerning ye entry as what hath passid every day sithens & by whose comandem^t to enterrupt my right & possession & all other thinges done, & that y^t may ensue justice shall require. Moreover where partly from Middenhalt side, & partly heere, I have hearde y^t you shollde be Deputy steward of her highnes Duchy of Lancaster, for y^t I do take it that it belongith then to y^t office to grante Replenyes, for in ye time of y^t ye late Duke of Norff. had y^t office I know it was so. Therfore do I desyer y^t as any occasion serve for y^t safty of my cattle I shold be to use any Replenye, for me or any my fermo¹⁸ or assignes I may have ye same to y^t ende. And so wth my comendations & my wifes to you & y^t wife, I comitt you to God.

16. No: 1582.

Yr loving neighbor & frende

EDWARD CLERE.

Endorsed: To ye worshippfull Nathanaell Bacon esqier at Stiffkeye.

I sent you lately a letter (right worshipfull) wherein was inclosed a byll towchinge a cause betwene Mr Bedyngfeld and me wherof I trust to here at yor covenyent leysure. Therein was also a bill of the deponentes names examyned on boothe sydes in the matter betwene my Lo. Cromewell and you, to thintent you myght see after publicacon of them graunted if they all be retorned or not, because at the tyme of thexamynacon of the engrossed bokes I hadde not then the bill aboute me. Mr Thoms Cromewell refused to be examyned on yor parte alledgynge that he was my Lo. his solycitor and ought not to disclose his secrete councell, referrynge hyme selfe therein neverthelesse to the order of the court whose pleasure he wolde attend to know all this tearme at Westminster. Whiche his answer Mr Peyton Mr Stubbe and I received in wrytynge and sett or handes to the same and agreed to certyfye it accordingly in a letter by it selfe wthout the deposycions, because otherwyse the courte could take noe knowlege thereof before publicacon and then peradventure to late. Whiche letter thoughe I founde not in redynes when Mr Peyton and I examyned the ingressed bokes, but onely the answer under or handes as vs aforesaid: yet Mr Peyton promysed me faythfully that it showlde be certyfyed dewlye accordinge to or agreement if the cause in the meane tyme wer not ended whiche he hoped shoulde be, and wolde hyme selfe help toward the same as he saide. There ys nothing dyrectly, or by dyrecte argument in all the deposy-

¹ Calendared by Hist. MSS. Comm., p. 7.

Privilege of a Solicitor.

cions, howe soever M^r Tho: Cromewell reacheth in his rethoricall reasons that canne be concluded agaynst you, but in them you shall fynde argueth for you (as I have saide) and varyablenes tendynge to contraryete in them selves specyally in settynge forthe the challenges that were drawen boothe to the arraye and to the polles whiche I referre to yo^r councell to consyder, As allmyghtie god doothe knowe whoe sende you encrease of muche worshipe and graunt you joyes of heaven. Harply this 25 October a^o 1584

at yor Commaundement THOMAS SKARLET.

Endorsed: To the right worshipfull Roger Touneshend esquyer these be dl. w^t spede.

Chief Constables to render Annual Accounts.

Norwch octavo February 1585.

At this or meteing it apeareth unto us how unreadie and unperfecte many of or cheife Cunstables were to yeild there accomptes in sorte as they were chardged or required And also howe likelie it is that this Countie may or shall susteine losse thoroughe & by the death of diverse cheife Cunstables now dead And allso howe greate a troble & combre groweth to this Countie by delay of the taking of the said Accomptes. We therfore in & for the respectes & Consideracons aforesaid have thoughte it good that it be ordered that from hencefourth all cheife Cunstables and all other accordantes of & for this Countie shall yearlie at the Sessions to be holden nexte after Ester deliver & yeild upp in writing under there handes to the Justices of peace of the limittes where they serve there true & perfect accomptes of & for all suche summes of money as they or any of them shall have particulerlie received for any comon chardge or service of this Countie And particulerlie howe & in what sorte they and everie of them have disbursed or laid out the same

EDWARD CLERE ROGER WOODHOUSE¹
NATHA. BACON W. BLENERHAYSET²

Endorsed: An order for ye accomptes of chief Constables at Norwch yearlie after Easter Sessions.

¹ Sir Roger, of Kimberly: M.P. for Alburgh 1570, knighted 1578. He married Mary, dau. of John Corbett of Sprowston.

² Or Bleverhasset. Rye, in his Norfolk Families, p. 55, says: "These were curious people . . . who seem to be unable to make up their minds whether they should spell their name with an n or v. It is said the name was originally Hassett." This is nonsense which Mr Rye should be incapable of.

It is agreed betwen the Tenants of Trymingham & Sistronde and Edmond Gryme y^t the controversie betwen them for a parcell of grounde called Boyes well shal be tryed by a greate enquest of all the heiwardes & Reves wthin the nyne townes of the duchie Excepting the Inhitants of Trymingham & Sistronde and excepte the kynred & assynes of the said Edmond Gryme. And y^t this enquest shall decide whether the Tenants of Trymingham & Sistronde or either of them can justifie the feeding of the same piece of grounde wth their cattell as their comon, or what right in particuler the said Edmond Gryme can challenge unto the same. Provided yf the Tenants of Trymingham & Sistronde will not accept ageinst the kinred or affinitye of the said Gryme y^t then anie of them shalbe admitted to be of the jurye.

Md. a lre to be written to Mr Fuston upon his retorne from London

to this effecte And let Mr Peyne be joyned wth him.

Endorsed: An order sett downe int. Tenen. Sistrond & Trymingham and Gryme 1585.

A true coppy of the verdict of the Jury for the Porte Court holden at Heacham forher Ma^{tle} the xxviij daie of December a o dne Eliz R^{ne} xxxiijo.

The Juries names

John Crosse Robt. Benson John Mason Willm. Noke John Cape Willm. Cramp George Lotam Francis Fyldes Wm. Shrophm James Cock John Wright John Almunt John Water Jun. John Heddon Thomas Staunton Robt. Woodes

r. We present that John Mason of Hecham being water Baylie there did uppon St. Thomas even last fynde iij hogesheades w^tin the libertie of Hecham port being cast uppon the sea shore there, in ij of w^{ch} was wyne but wether the same was whight claret or Redd, or of what quantitie or value we do not knowe, But we saie that the third was emptie, and that the same 3 hogeshedes were carried to Hunston Hall to S^r Nicholas Lestraunges² house by whome we do not knowe.

¹Copy letter in Bacon's writing.

Dispute regarding Common Rights

Jury's Verdict as to Wine cast up by the Sea.

² Ob. 1591. He was g. son of the Sir Nicholas who was Sheriff and M.P. for Norff., Lynn and Castle Rising, and died 1580.

- 2. Itm. we saie further that the said water Bailie the same daie did finde xiij hogeshedes more wch were in like manner cast uppon the sea shore wtin the libertie of the said port, of wch v were emptie and viij were wt wine But of kinde quantitie or value we do not knowe, But we saie that the same were carried home to the Mannor house of Hecham by Mr Anguishe farmor thereof and detayned to the use of the Lord of the mannor of Hecham.
- 3. Itm. we finde also that the said water Baly found win the said libertie of port cast uppon the said shore at that tyme iij plankes prised together at xx^d w^{ch} were carried to the said mannor howse by the appoyntment of the said farmor & there reserved to the use of the Lord of Hecham.
- 4. Itm. we also fynde that the seid water Baily found more one Arming pike uppon the land w^tin the libertie of the seid porte prised at ij⁸ w^{ch} was carried to the seid manno^r howse and remaine to the use of the Lord of Hecham.
- 5. Itm. we present that John Almont of Hecham on St Thomas even last found win the libertie of the seid porte xx^{t1} hogeshedes w^{ch} were cast uppon the sea shore there, whereof xvj were wth wyne and iiij^{or} were emptie But of what kinde value or quantitie we cannot certainely saie But the said xx^{t1} hogesheades were seased by one Nicholas Stockdale to the use of M^r Nathaniell Bacon Esq^r & M^r Robt. Godfrie his m^r and carried awaie by the appoyntm^t of the said Stockdale And likewise the said Stockdale carried awaie one other hogeshede w^t wyne w^{ch} was likewise found by the seid Almunt w^tin the said libertie of porte.
- 6. Itm. we present also that upon St Tho. even last John Mason beinge water Baily in Hecham found on the northe side of Hecham haven w^tin the libertie of the seid porte iij hogeshedes whereof one was emptie and ij was w^t wyne of what kinde quantity or value we cannot saie. But the same were carried by W^m Noke of Hecham to his howse there and from thence taken by the said Stockdale & one of the seid M^r Bacon's men and carried to the house of the said Stockdale in Hecham aforesaid.
- 7. Itm. we present that John Waters jun. of Hecham found uppon the sea shore w^tin the seid libertie of porte about Michellmes last ij broken hatches prised at iiij^d w^{ch} nowe remain in the custodie of the seid Waters.
- 8. Itm. we present that John Whight of Hecham found uppon the sea shore win the libertie of the seid porte about Midsomer last one pece of shippe tymber prised at xx^d & rem. in the handes of W^m Noke.

9. Itm. we present that Ellen Dennys of Hecham found uppon the sea shore win the libertie of the seid port j planke prised at iiij^d rem. in the handes of the said Noke & that John Pillcock of Hecham found there j pece of shipp tymber wta bolt of Iron therein prised together xij^d & rem. in the handes of the said Noke.

10. Itm. we present that Robt. Robinson of Hecham found win the said libertie of port about Midsomer last one pece of shipp tymber prised at iiij⁸ nowe rem. in the handes of W^m Jeno² of

Hecham.

II. Itm. we present the said Noke found there on St Tho: even

last a broke pike prised at iiijd.

12. Itm. we present that Thomas Mynnes of Hecham found the xxij daie of this monethe of December uppon the sea shore win the libertie of the seid port one small bote prised at x⁸ w^{ch} was seased to the use of the seid M^r Bacon & M^r Godfrie.

13. Itm. we present further that the foreseid John Almont about the xxij daie of this moneth found win the libertie of the seid port one capsten of a ship prised vja & one pece of a ship prised xviija

rem. in the handes of Nic. Stockdale.

14. Itm. we present that John Fissher of Hecham about Hallowmas last found win the libertie of the seid port one pece of a ship mast prised to xiijs iiijd & rem. in the custodie of the seid John Fissher.

15. Itm. we present that Richard Fokes found about the xxij daie of this moneth one planke of furren dell win the libertie of the seid

port prised to xij^d rem. in the handes of W^m. Jeno^r. S^r p. Tho: Spratt deputat.

Subsen. cur porte p^rd.

Endorsed: Hecham verdict.

1 At Norwch xvjt1 Martij Anno Rne xxxix.

Orders agreed upon by the Justices there assembled Concerning the taking of Accomptes of C. Con. for all Colleccons made of the Contry for seven yeares past before the date herof for the lymittes & hundreds following.

Tunsted, Happing, Estflegge, Westflegge, Blofeld, Walsham, Loddon, Clavering, Taverham, Disse, Depwade, Ersham, Hensted, Mitford, Forehow, Humbleyarde, So: Grenho, Grymshaw, Wailond, Shropham, Gilcrosse.

Imp^r it is agreed that ye Justices whose names be herunder ¹Copy letter, Bacon's writing.

Accounts of Chief Constables for the past Seven Years to be submitted.

written or some other of them shall forthwth or before the next Sessions to be holden at Norch for Taverham hundred or two of them direct their warrtes to the C. Con. of every the severall hundredes wthin their severall Lymittes Comaunding them that their forthwth set downe in writing a just & perfect accompt under their handes of all Collectons of somes of money gathered & collected out of the Countrie for the prisonners in the Castell or anie kynde of services or charges at anie tyme for seven yeares past noting in their said accomptes what the kyndes of services have ben & somes of money for every severall service. And by whose warrant the same have ben comaunded, in what yeare & how the same have ben imployed. And that the said Justices certefie the same accomptes at the said Sessions.

It is agreed that if anie C. Con. shall refuse or neglect to make such an accompt in convenient tyme before the said Sessions that then the said Justices or some of them shall sende for the said C. Con. and bynde them over to appeare at the foresaid Sessions then & there to answer their Contempt in that behalf.

> W. Norwicen. 1 Hen. Gawdy.² Ar. Hevenyngham.³ Na. Bacon. My. Corbett.4 W. Blenerhassett. Ro. Mansell. Ro. Redmayne.

Endorsed: Order for C. Con'accomptes 16 Martii 96.

⁵ The Substaunce of the Comission out of the Exchequor dated xijo Febr. xljo Rne. directed to Sr Henry North and Sr John Heigham Knightes Nathanael Bacon and Richard Stubbe Esqrs or anie 2 of them.

The Comission repeateth certen letters patentes granted to Sr Thomas Wilkes xxº Febr. xxviijº Rne for the making of white salt during 21 yeares, at Lynn Boston & Kingston wherin were severall prohibicons. And yet sheweth her Mates intent that when the patentee failed to furnishe those partes wth sufficient & so good salt, that in such case anie other might bringe in white salt.

¹ William Redman, D.D., Bishop Dec. 17, 1594, ob. Sept. 25, 1602.

² Sir Henry of Claxton, 1547-1620. Sheriff 1592, 1608. M.P. 1597 and 1601 Ob. 1620.

³ Of Keteringham. Sheriff 1581, 1602, ob. 1630. ⁴ Sir Miles Corbet of Sprowston. Sheriff 1591, ob. 1607. He married Catherine, dau. Sir Chr. Heydon.

⁵ Copy, Bacon's writing.

Commission to Inquire into Abuse attending Sale Patent.

That her Ma^{tie} understandeth, that by those letters patentes her highnes & her subjectes in ye partes adjoyning to those portes are much damnified And therefore authoriseth the Com^{rs} to inquire by verdict and deposicons of witnesses and all other meanes.

r. To what damage the use of the said patent since the grant therof is, or the like (herafter granted) would be, to her Ma^{tle} and the Subject, as well in Custome & other duties growing to her Ma^{tle}, as by scarsity therof & price of the salt to the Subjectes.

2. Whither the patentee or his Assignes have observed the intent

of the patent in all thinges, or no.

3. To inquier of all other Articles & circustances concerning the premisses.

(On back):

Ex Lyn. deptes pro quer.

Richard Riches of Lynne sailo*. Hen. Violett of Lynne merchant. Sam. Cheveley de ead. salter. Bryan Lupton of Lyn mercyr. Rob. Kercher Chandlo*. Jo. Kercher de eadm. Ric. Tiler de ead. mercyr. Jo. Atkyns de eadm. Edm. Catefould de ead. Tho. Prigge of Wisbich fishman. 44. Robt. Tipping de ead. Chand. 44. Jo. Edwardes de ead. Jo. Bandes of Lynne aged 60. Jo. Paynter of Lyn. John Baker de ead. Ric. Whalley de ead. Rob. Yonge de ead. Robt. Osborne de Sales (? Sall) David Moore de Lyn. Thoms. Symondes de ead. Edm. Walker de ead. Tho. Clifford of Lyn. Tho. Glover of Lyn. Jo. Truman de ead. Wassleby de Welles. Jo. Bassett. Jo. Kercher. Hen. Vilett. G. Gibson. pro def. Symon Snokerman of Mildenhall. Ambrose Jeffrey of ye same. Tho. Manning Chandlo*. Edw. Elsing de Mildenham. Jo. Hall de ead. M* Wallys de Cawbe (? Colby) pro quer. exe Hull. John Bassatt de ead. Jo. Jonson of Fishtoft. Jo. Ampleford de Boston. Jo. Lancaster of Boston. Edw. Coper de ead. 34.

Endorsed: Executio istius Comissionis patet in quadam Inquisicone

ac quibusdam Scedulis huic Comissioni a . . .

The declaracon of John Richardson of Lynne in the Countie of Norff. marchante taken the xxjth daie of October 1600.

He saie that about 6. 7. or 8 yeres since A master of a shippe of Yarmoth whose name this ext knoweth not, neither doeth he knowe the name of the shippe gave notice to Doctor Talbott judge of the Admiraltie for Norff. that a mariner going wth him being burthened in Conscience confessed unto him that he had murthered a tall man of the Coast at Lynne wch mariner he did sett on land at Islande

Murder of a Mariner.

whoe afterwards retorned to Lynne in the Anteloppe whereof Peter Moore was M^r. Whereupon M^r Doctor Talbott having a note given unto him by the Master of Yarmothe of the name, age, and phisnomie of the said mariner, upon the reterne of Peter Moore, sent for Moore to come before him: whom he required to bring unto him the said person described: Whoe being brought before M^r Doctor Talbott, and agreing both in name age and phisnomie wth the former note delivered unto M^r Talbott, M^r Talbott did then charge the said mariner to be the murtherer according to his voluntarie confession unto the M^r of Yarmouthe, w^{ch} he denied: but was notwthstandinge comitted to the gaole at Norwiche by M^r Doctor Talbott, but what became of him afterwards he knoweth not.

by me John Richardson.

Endorsed: 21 Octobris 1600 Thexaminacion of John Richardson.

To the Right honerable S^r Thomas Egerton knight Lo. Keeper of the great seale of England.

The humble peticon of John Atkins of Kings Linn in the Countie of Norff. marchante.

Sheweth yt wheras Thoms. Baker Aldrman² & Justice of peace of Kings Lynn aforesaid and John Baker his brother have of meere malice wthowt anye juste cause or offence not onlye at this presente against yor poore petr, but from tyme to tyme by ye space of manye yeares heertofore, against a great number of ye Inhabitantes of the standard Towne practised plotted & persecuted diverse most untrue suggestions comptts and informacons to their Continuall vexacon & great charges, And for a Countenance to their sinister practises they publishe to sundrye persons the greate favoure they have of yor honnor & other great personages to bringe their devises and malicious practises to passe.

Yor petr & the reste of his neighboures whoe have byn partakers as well of these unjuste malefacons as also of other Continuall disturbances and quarelsome behavior by the said Thomas Baker at tymes of meetinge at their Common Hall aboute the necessarye busines of the said Towne, doe in dutye present these misdemenors to yor hoble Lop. beinge high Steward over them, humblye praiyng

Petition for Inquiry into the Conduct of an Alderman of Lynn.¹

¹ This petition will fall shortly before June 17, 1602, on which date Sr Tho. Egerton instructs Sir Miles Corbett and Nath. Bacon to settle the matter. B.M., Stow's Collection 150, fol. 166.

² Mayor of Lynn, 1598-9; Lynn Freemen, pub. by Norff. Arch. Soc., 1913.

yor honnors favoure that the petr may (wthowt offence to yor Lop) laye open their grevances before the Lordes of her Mats most hoble privie Councell, by peticon to obtayne yor hoble letters to be directed to 3 or 4 knyghts or gents in ye Countye to Call all ye parties greived before them to be examined by oathe or otherwise as yt shall seeme good in their discressions. And to certifice their honors therof wherby some good order may be had for reformacon accordinge to their godlye wisedomes agreeinge wth equitie, And the petr wth all the Inhabitantes shall Continuallye praye for the preservacon of yor honnors health in all happines to Continue.

Wth my verie hartie Comendacons. Wheare thear are certeine Controversies & suites depending betwene Mr Baker & Mr Gurlyn twoe of the Aldermen of the towne of Lynne wch occasioneth some devysion in the Towne to the hinderance of the good government of the same I have thought good thereby to praie you to take the paynes at this my intreatie to mediate matters betwene them and if you may finally to accorde them wherin in myne opynion you shall doe a very good office not only in making peace betwene these twoe in particuler but in furthering thereby the continewance of the good government of that Towne. And Eaven so not doubting you wilbe ready to doe yor best endevor herein and account yor labor well bestowed to doe good betwene them I Betake you to god At Walepoolle this 16th of July 1602

Yor very lovinge frind

Jo. Popham.

Endorsed: To the R. Wor¹¹ my verie Lovinge frindes S^r Myles Knight Corbet and M^r Nathaniell Bacon Esq^r.

An Inqusicon taken at Methwold the xxxijth daye of October Anno Re. Regis Jacobi &c fido di scond (sic) xxxviij upon the oathes of Thomas Baker sen^r, Robt. Shingfeild sen^r, Wills. Russell, Robt. Tuddenham, Ric. Yonge, . . . Spode, John Yong, Thoms. Watson, Willm. Relf, Simon Fuller, Willm. Rumbold, John Addams, Thomas Olyet and Robt Baker, who say upon their oathes that the 3 day of May 1603 one Gregory Martyne of thage of 17 yeeres or ther aboutes was slayne in the wynd myll of Methwold, And that upon the viewe and sight of his body before he was buryed they perceyved that one of his fyngers of his right hand and his arme in two places wounded and torne, his brest was wounded, and his neck broken, upon weh

Finding of Coroner's Jury. Windmill Accident.

Dispute

Lynn.

between two

Aldermen of

¹ No endorsement.

he dyed, and they further say that the sevd Gregory being negligently playing about the mill whele, was caught by the cogges of the same whele, and so thorowe the force & vyolence therof the mill being then under sayle he then & ther received his mortall woundes and hurtes aforeseyd wherof he instantly dyed. And they further say that the day & yeere aforeseyd one John Anger of Methwold aforeseyd was owner of the same myll, and that the same dev & yeere the seyd myll had two myll stones and that the sales of the same myll wer clothed wth sayle cloathes, and that the stones, myll whele, and sayles of the same myll that wer in the same myll the deye & yeere aforeseyd wer movinge at the tyme of the casuall death of the seyd Gregory, and be nowe at the day of this Inquisicon in and belonging to the seyd myll. And they further sey that the seyd Gregory so being slayne as aforeseyd was afterwerd buryed (by Chrofer Constable then being vicarr of Methwold) in the church yard of Methwold aforeseyd. In wytnes wherof &c.

Endorsed: Inquisicio de morte Gregory Martyn.

Evidence relating to Eliz. Reeve, with Child by the Rev. Poynter.

The Examinacon of Ellen Reve of Wiveton wid: taken before Sr Nathanael Bacon Knight the xxiijrd of Aprill 1605.

She sayth that her daughter Elizabeth Reve, who lyveth in house wth her, upon her beinge discovered to be wth childe, was examined by women of the towne of Wiveton, who was the father therof. And at the firste she did name one Sander Dove, a Comber, and since upon other examinacon by this Exam^t and mother Thurlowe, she hath confessed, that M^r Poynter the minister of Wiveton & Blakeney¹ is the father of her child.

She confesseth that she sent Margaret Mason together with her daughter, to Mr Smyth for some phisicke, but her daughter toke the drinke and caste it againe, and this Examinate sent Mr Smyth xijd for the same drinke.

The marke of * Ellen Reve.

Na. Bacon.

The Examinacon of Elizabeth Reve taken ye daie and yeare aforesaid.

She sayth that she is wth childe by M^r Poynter ye minister of ¹ James Poynter, Rec. of Blacknye, Glamford and Wyveton, Bacch. in dyvinitie. Norff. Arch. Trans., vol. XVIII, p. 98.

Blakeney, but that she was firste defiled by him at Blakeney Parsonage before Mr Berrye, Curate, came thither, to dwell, and she gesseth the tyme, to be somewhat before hallowmas laste. And sayth all so that he hath defyled her sondry tymes since, and reckoneth vj or vij tymes. And sayth that he gave her money at severall tymes.

She all so confesseth that the said Mr Poynter when he knew her wth childe, did advise her to lye wth some other man, and named Sander Dove, and accordingly she sayth the said Sander Dove, did once lye wth her in her mothers house, and an other tyme in the

feilde.

She further sayth the said Mr Poynter did bid her saie that the

said Sander Dove, was the father of her childe.

She sayth that the places wher Mr Poynter did meete wth her when he defyled her, was some tymes at Blakeney parsonage, and some-

tymes at Wiveton parsonage.

She sayth that her mother sent one Margaret Mason of Wiveton to Mr Smyth of Saxlingham, together wth this Examinate to have a drinke of him, wth she had, and toke it presently, and fell sick therof in her cominge home, and so did caste it up againe.

And the said Mason gave the said Mr Smyth xijd for the drink, and ijd for shewing her water, and this money was sent by this

Examinators mother.

The marke of * Elizabeth Reve.

Na. Bacon.

She sayth the daie and yeare aforesaid, upon a further examinacon that the firste tyme when Sander Dove did abuse her, was about a fortnight before Christmas in the feilde amonge the furres as he and she went toward Holte from Clay upon a Sondaie And the second tyme was lately, about five or sixe weekes since at her mothers house in Wiveton.

The marke of * Elizabeth Reve.

Na. Bacon.

Endorsed: The examinacons of Ellen Reve & Eliza: Reve of Wiveton.

It maie please yor ho: to understande that one James Poynter parson of Blakeney Wiveton and Glamford thre several chardges, and Chaplin to the Erle of Northumberlande, beinge a man notoriously defamed for his vitious life continually led since he came into

the chardge of the ministery and now lately accused by a pore womans daughter of Wiveton to have gotten her wth childe hath cited the bearer herof John Braddock and also divers pore persons of Wiveton into the high Comission Courte that by extremitie of Chardge he might feare them to speake againste him. The course of his life here, yor ho: maie understand by the coppie of my letter written unto the B: of Canterberrie and to the reste of the Comissors won this bearer can shew you, and himselfe sufficiently informe yor ho: of. My humble Sewte unto yor ho: is that you will be pleased to informe the Erle of Northumberland of the lewde conversacon of this his Chaplin, that his ho: maie no longer countenance so bad a member, and to geve this bearer yor furtherance for his dismission out of the Courte. Thus comittinge yor lordship to the keping of Allmighty God I take my leave.

Yor ho: at commaund.

Endorsed: Cop. lre. to ye Lo Rich.1

My very good lorde, Ther is one Mr Poynter, minister of Blakney and Wiveton wth Glamforth, thre distinct parishes, wherof two be united. And this man is accused by one Elizabeth Reve, lyvinge wth her mother upon the Almes of the towne, that she is gotten wth child by Mr Poynter, as yor lordship shall see by her examinacon taken before me the coppie wherof I send inclosed. I hold my selfe in due respect to make the state of this cause knowne unto yor lordship because I knowe you have moste power to doe good in the cause. For this Poynter hath dwelt longe in this kinde of sinne, though he hath a wife of his owne, from whome he lyveth, and yet is no woman of evill reporte. And if yor lordship make inquirie of Mr Chauncellor, you shall heare how in the late Bishops tyme, and also (as I take it) in Scamlers tyme he hath bene convicted for this kinde of Cryme, and was once all o openly arraigned for a rape. Ther was one Alice Whitbie a younge woman of Blakney, for whome he was sondry tymes in question, and she had severall children, wherof she was delivered of some in one place and some in another, and he suspected to be the father of them, and this woman is not longe since married and now he is fallne to this other. Yor lordship shall doe both God and the Country good service, if he might be removed, that some better man might be placed in his chardges, wch are great, and the lyvinge therof good, and yet he spendeth all

¹ This, and the following letter in Nath. Bacon's handwriting.

in this bad manner, and in passinge thorough his trobles and is behinde hand, and as men suppose by thes his occacons. Thus referring it to yor lordships wisdome for redresse herin. I comit you to the kepinge of Allmighty God Stifkey I Maye 1605.

Yor lordships very loving frinde.

Endorsed: Cop: letter to the Bishop. Touchinge Mr Poynter.

The examinacon of Margaret Mason of Wyveton taken the 13th of May 1605 before S^r Nathanael Bacon Knight.

Shee saith that about vij weekes ago, she went wth Elizabeth Reve of Wyveton by the meanes of the said Reves mother to M^r Smith of Saxlingham of whome she said Eliza. had 2 spoonfulles of drynk w^{ch} shee cast up agayne in her retorne home And after her Comyng home she was sick therof.

Shee saith that ye said Eliza. would at that tyme in no sort be a knowen that she was wth childe: Saying that she had never deserved for it.

Shee also saith that yesterday was forthnight one of Wyveton called Willm. the Cripple came into the yarde where this Ext dwelleth and asked for the said Eliza Reve who comyng fourth to him, thei two talked togither And this was in the morning And at noone be came agayne to her. And wthin a day or 2 after the said Eliza told this ext that the said Willm. had ben in hand wth her to marry her. And that he should have a Cowe & v^{II} And the said Willm. liveth of the Almes of the Towne.

Na: Bacon.

The examinacon of Henry Drury of Baconsthorpe taken ye xvth of May 1605 before S^r Natha: Bacon Knight.

He saith that since his servant Alexander Moye was accused by Elizabeth Reve to have ben lewde wth her he hath made his repayer to Wyveton And there inquired of the women whose worke he there useth how often his said servant hath ben there the last wynter And he findeth that the said servant was there three severall tymes & no more. And the first tyme was about a forthnight after Michas. last The second tyme a weeke afore Christmas And the third tyme a weeke after Christmas or there about and no oftener.

He saith that in his opynion his servant is not faultie in the Cryme wherwth he is charged.

Henrie Drewrie. Na Bacon. The examinacon of Alexander Moye of Baconsthorpe taken before S^r Nathanael Bacon knight the xvth of May 1605.

He saith that his age is as he reckoneth xv yeares or thereabout, & was borne at Potter Heigham in Flegg.

He saith that he hath ben at Mother Reves house of Wyveton, & but once, wen as he thinketh was since Christmas last.

He saith he knoweth Elizabeth Reve, the old womans daughter,

by sight & not otherwise.

He saith that sone after Christmas last he comyng to Wyveton about his Mrs busynes did reterne homewards towards Wikmer where his Mr then dwelt. And the said Eliza. Reve did put hir self into his Company at Mother Wrightes house in Wyveton and from thence shee went alone wth this exat towardes Holt. And when thei came at the heathe shee did then leave this exat, saying, that shee would never come so farre wth him agayne, bicause he would not kisse her at their parting.

He being demaunded what cause drew the said Eliza: to go in his Company aunswereth, that he knoweth not, And saith also that by the waie, the said Eliza. would have had of him a payer of gloves

wch he denved her.

He saith that he did never defile the woman And doth offer his oath to avowe the same.

He saith that by the way as the said Eliza went wth him from Wyveton, shee told him, that she sholde be maryed but tolde him not to whome And said also that if he would come to her mariage shee would give him a silk poynt.

Na Bacon.

The examinacon of Willm. Sayers of Wyveton taken ye xvth of May 1605 before S^r Nathanael Bacon Knight.

He saith that this daie three weekes M^r Rookesby ye Curate of Wyveton did come to this Exa^{te} in M^r Leeches malthouse at Wyveton And there moved him to the mariage of Elizabeth Reve: telling him, that he should have two cowes wth her & somer meate & wynter meate for them and a piece of money besides And further his dwelling so longe as he lived.

He saith that the said Mr Rookesby came agayne after to this exate asking him if he would go on wth the mariag of the said

¹ The mark of Alex. Moye.

woman And his aunsw was that he would not marrie her wthout the consent of the Towne.

He saith also that he spake w^{th} the said Eliza. Reve about maryeng of her after the said M^r Rookesby had spoken to him And shee was willing to have gon on w^{th} the mariage.

Na. Bacon.

To the Right Worll the Kinges Ma^{tes} Justices of the Peace within ye Countie of Norff.

Right Worll we ye inhabitauntes of Burnham whose names are hereunder written, havinge longe tyme endured ye misdemenors & badd cariage of Henrye Hopkins (dwelling amongst us) uppon hoope of his amendement: yett still fyndinge him worse, contynuinge in his bad corse of lyfe wthout reformacon, being a disturber of his Mates peace, a comon makebate, an ydle lyver, a notorious raylor, and one gyven unto all lewdnes, wherefore we thought it or dutyes to certifie yor worships herin, as also to crave yor warrant of the good abearinge against him, aswell for example unto others, as also that by ye ordinary corse of lawe in tyme he may be brought under obedience, And so comendinge yor good worsh: unto the mercyfull protection of the Almightie most humblie we take or leaves.

Burnham 21° September 1608 Yor worships to be comanded Nicolas Stuve. John Wattz senr. John Wylde. James Harysone. Josephe Walker. Edward Porson. Andrewe Doonking. Thomas Meairll. Hugh Meryall. George Thurlow. Wm Coopper.¹ William Browney. Rich Smith.¹ Edw. Honylow (?) Henry Knyvett. William Pepes. John Boston. Andr. Purvys.¹ Rich. Lane.¹ John Rumbold.¹ John Rix.¹

The xxvjth daie of Septemb. 1608.

It was witnessed by M^r Bedingfeild that upon Thursdaie last at the Sessions Henry Hopkins did publiquely chardge M^r Edward Thurlowe c. constable wth being dronke at Burnham when as he succored an other man called Hagon the Promoter lying sick in a garden.

Allso Hopkins confessed before me his refusinge to obey the c. constable upon a quarrellinge of a nomber being together by the eares and did refuse to goe to his house. And the c. constable

¹ Their marks.

Complaint of Inhabitants of Burnham against Hopkins. setting him by the heeles Hopkins threw both stones and a stoole at the c. constable wherwth he stroke him upon the side of the heade.

Na. Bacon.

Endorsed: Informacon against Hopkins.

Privy Council Letter complaining of Slack Administration

After or verie harty comendations for as much as you can well diserne by your owne experience how great a portion of power & government is left to your care as well in the execution of the lawes established for the quiet government of his Maties subjectes (wen are generally comprised in the comission of the peace) as conceringe the observation of other extraordinarie directions derived from the prerogative power of his Matie (by proclamations letters & commissions) or from us of his Counsell by orders and letters in his name in cases much importinge the Common weale of his kingdome, we shall ned the lesse to perswade you to any thinge that may make the better passage and progresse in all those services which are or shalbe committed to you. And yet be cause our longe experience in deliberation and dispach of the greatest and most important causes that concerne the state and common welth hath made us better hable to diserne and judge in many thinges, what course maye be most likly to give expedition in such thinges as depend uppon the deligenc and discretion of subordinate ministers then those who are more remote from the heigher seates of government under his Matie from whence all authoritie is derived, we have thought it necessarie by these our letters at this teyme seriously to move you to fall into consideration of some other course then is taken yet in the observations of divers orders & ordinances appertaininge to yor places and officies under whoume they take small effect for wante onely of good correspondency betwine direction and execution. For although ther be many in the Commission of the peace in that County of greate integrety and discretion and of spetiall deserte for ther deligence and care in ther places of services, yet we find it so prejudiciall to the successe of all causes to leave them to the care of many wherin the rule seldome faileth which common experince hath made so certaine that those deuties which concerne all men are neclected of every man, as we thinke it high tyme to prevent the growinge evills which may ensue for lacke of good distribution in causes that concerne publique services which are often carried so confusedly or executed so remissely as the vulger sorte of peopell will in tyme gitt a custome of disobedince. And therfore seinge the state is so composed as so many thinges as are resolved her by his

Matie or his counsell must take ther effect afterwardes from the care and good indevors of the Justices of peace amongest whoume (in stead of due performance) many directions are posted over from one to another withoute that respecte weh doth belonge to matters of such consequence, and which in deuty and conscince ought to bind every man as well in other causes whear they ar bound by formality of an oath, we have thought good to move you with these our letters (upon these and other like considerations) as well for yor owne discharge as for his Mattes better satisfaction and ours to make it one of yor first consultations at yor next metinge to select by mutuall consent a monge yor selves some three or fower or more of yor nomber as shall seeme good unto you to whose peculer care you mave at the begeninge of every yeare commend the execution and dispach of such directions as you received in such causes as are above mentioned; of which Course of distribution you mave not ondly make use in yor owne bodie but we maye also be hable from that order to yeald his Matle better satisfaction and accompt of all such thinges as move from hence conceringe publique services. And now be cause we would be glade that the scope of our intention might also be rightly understoud, which can not be ill interpreted by any but by those wen can interpret nothinge well, we requier you to conceive that it is not our meaninge herby to insinuate any diminution or privation of any man's interest or authority as Justices of the peace of the execution of any of ther services; neither is it or purpose that you should continue or use the assistance of any person so selected longer then shall seme good amonge your selves, in whose power it is to change as well as to choose, all which considered althouge we doubt not but in this kind as in all such other distributions those that shall undergoe the services shall often meete with hard and invious constructions of such that are not movid with the same zeale & conscince that other men are who make it a conscince to possesse publique places, and attend onely private thinges, never the lesse we presume that all those persones which know how well we understand the burthen of this service whersoever it lighteth, will repose so much upon our just and favorable procedinges towardes all men of publique merit as they shall not onely be suer of all good correspondency at our handes (betwine whoume and them ther must be such a mutuall exchange & entercourse of directions and advertizmentes concerninge publique services) but shall also be assured of such relation and reporte to his Ma^{tle} of ther indevores as shall derive both favor and protection to ther accions.

Ther remaineth yet one poynte more conceringe dew care to be taken in the choice of cunstables weh we find to be an office of good service in the state if it be suplied by honest and substantiall men and therfore we have thought fitt to putt you in mynd how fitt it is for you at the Quarter Sessiones of the peace from tyme to tyme to consider first of the cunstables of the hundredes, and wher any of them shalbe found insufficient to discharge such an office, or want such partes as are requiered in that officer, to see those places suplied as a matter pertaininge to yor charge by such as are hable and fitt to discharge the same and also to take the like care as fare as it maye any waye concerne you eyther as lordes of letes or other wise for fitt and servicable persones to be chosen cunstables of every

towneshipp with in that county

Havinge now expressed the care we have yt ye shippe of this common wealth w^{ch} hath so judicial and so roiale a maister to steer it may be carfully sayled by those that have the charge under him of all sortes wherof we have spocken enoug to you as Justices, Other causes concerninge mertiall servic beinge like wise appropriated to selected persones as leftenantes commissioners of musters and such like those chosen by particular derections from hence wher this wen is a more generall mixture is merly left to yor owne choyse and likinge, we must conclude with that which appertaineth to you the shreiffe¹ and all other that shall succed you as a matter weh we can not longer suffer to passe with oute som admonition for futer tymes and that consistinge of two partes. In the first we must playnly saie unto you that we see so smale rather so bad frute or accounte of all those thinges that do depend upon returne of honest and sufficient Turies under whose verdict the lives and fortownes do passe of his Matie's subjectes besides the parciality and corruption in the execution of all his Mattes processes to his greate losse and prejudice in matter of his revenue as we can hardly tell how to excuse you but that we impute it to the ill choise of yor under shreive wherof ther ar so many that are bred in nothinge but in waste extortion and corruption, the experience wherof appereth dayle as well in courtes of lawe as in other courtes before many of us and so much for matter of civill Justice. In the second parte weh hath most relation to the perticular purpose of this our letter we observe a greate negligence and disorder in you the shreiffe when so ever his Ma^{tles} proclamations or other printed ordinances or decres are published for lacke of teymly and good distribution into severall partes of the county, in ¹ Sr Hamon Lestrange Kt. of Hunstanton.

so much as we have lately found that ther are many townes and Corporations wher no notice is taken of the same, by weh it may be easely judged what observation can be expected wher ther is no better care taken to convaie such authenticall orders and directions into the hartes of his Ma^{tles} subjectes whoume it concerneith. In which consideration althoughe we know that it can serve for no excuse for any of what condition soever to plead Ignorance of thinges proclaimed yet it behoveth all his Ma^{tles} ministers in ther severall callinges to be rather deligente and precise in makinge such thinges knowne then by any negligence on ther partes to suffer his Ma^{tles} peopell to offend against such thinges as passe not lightly frome the kinge or state but uppon matture and revised deliberation and are of such extent as deserve no smale punishment wher they be contemned. And so leaveing these thinges to yo^r good care we bid you hartely farwell. From White Hall the sixt of December 1609.

Yor verie loving frindes,

R. Cant.

E. Worcester.

T. Ellesmere canc. R. Salisbury.

Exeter. T. Bruce.

H. Northampton.

Clem: Edmondes.

T. Suffolk.

Endorsed: 1609 directions from the lls. to select some Justices for peculier services.

To the Right Woor¹¹ Sr James Calthrope Knight & Sr Nathaniell Bacon Knight Justices of his Ma^{ts} peace of and wthin the county of Norff. or unto either of them.

Surveyors of Highways.

The certificate of Robt. Bulleyn gent and John Spurrell Supervisors and orderes of the workes for amendinge of ther High waies in Bathele alias Bale in the countie of Norff. as followeth.

First sheweth that on Tuesdaie in Easter weeke Ao ixmo Jacobi Ris the Cunstables and Churchwardens of the said towne (callinge together the parochians of the said parish) did then electe and choose the said Robt. Bulleyn and John Spurrell Supervisors and orderers of the works in the High waies for this yeare then ensewinge.

Secondly that the said Cunstables and Churchwardens then did nominate and appointe vj dayes vizt. the 20. 21. 27. & 28. of May the 21. and 22. of this instant June 1611 for the amendinge of the said high waies according to the statute in that behalf provided.

 $^{1}\mathrm{A}$ copy letter. The signatures are in a different hand from the body of the document.

Thirdly that John Shaxton gent occupyinge above one plowgh land in Tilladge and pasture lyinge in the sayd towne, Robt. Bulleyn thelder occupyinge one plowgh land in tillage and pasture lyinge wthin the said towne Richard Duckett keepinge in the said towne a draught and plowgh and occupyinge landes and pasture wthin the sayd towne (nere a plowgh tilth) that they did not send theire severall carts furnished after the custome of the countrie wth flower horses and twoe men the aforesaid 22. of June to doe the works there

appointed to be donne accordinge to the statutes aforesaid.

Fourthlye that Steephen Carre, Richard Springall, Nicholas Shaxton, Willm. Browne, John Starre, ——Carre widdowe, ——Tinkler widdowe, Thomas Chapman and Richard Fiddyman beeinge howshouldors of that towne did not uppon such of the aforesaid daies as hereafter be menconed, nether by them sealves nor by other sufficient Laborors for everie of them worke nor travell in the amendm^t of the said high waies but theirin made defalt as followeth (vizt) the aforesaid Steephen Carre, Richard Springall, Nicholas Shaxton & John Starre every of them in the afternoone of the aforesaid 22 of June the aforesayd —— Carre widdowe, —— Tinkler widdowe and Richard Fyddyman everie of them the aforesaid 21. 22. of June John Yaxly, Willm. Browne, Thomas Chapman everie of them the aforesaid 28. of May and 21. and 22. of June against the forme & effecte of the statutes in that behalf made wen wee the said Supervisors this 26. of June 1611 certifie unto yor Woorpps accordinge & by force of the statutes aforesayd.

Robt. Bulleyn.¹

Endorsed: Certificate from the Supervisors of the wayes at Bale.

The informacon of Rob^t Midleton set downe 28 August 1613.

He saith, that John Jordan, the same daie he was before Sr Nathaniell Bacon upon the complaint made against him for his incontinent life wth the wife of one Thirkle, went to Bodham to the said Thirkles wife, where shee was kept by his appointment, and was in her Company and sent for sondrie potts of beere. And usually both by daie & night hath ever since used her Company, both at Bodham & Holt. And this is publikly spoken by the Inhabitantes of Bodham & namely Robt Buttall & others there, And by Simon Gogney and Willm. Mollyn of Holt.

He also saith that for the same cause he hath lately (uppon some ¹ His mark.

Jordan's Theft of Thirkle's Wife. offence taken by her) fallen out & beaten & verie ill intreated his wife, who dwelling in a house wth the said Midleton, both under one roofe, he taketh knowledge therby of the same.

The said Jordan is a Comon Alehouse haunter, And cometh home often dronken, And in his dronkennes, is very unruly & disordered.

Robert Midellton.

Na: Bacon.

Endorsed: Infor. of Midleton against Jordan.

28 July 1613.

It was delivered that Jo. Jordan upon Monday morning was sevenight about 4 of the Clock came to Jo. Downinges house in Holt And there tooke up one Thirkles wife and caryed her awaie on horse back And brought her agayne on Tuesdaie wthin night And this was affirmed by Downing & confessed by Jordan.

Jordan was charged to have brought her b(ack) not till Wednesday by Thirkle ye husband, And Midleton in . . . ed that he retorned

not to his house (before Wednesday).

Jordan usually keepeth the womans Company, And so hath don for a longe time, at her fathers house, And continueth so to do,

though he hath ben reproved and warned to the Contrary.

It was affirmed that Thirkle & his wife being at Jordans house shee refused & disdayned to go home in his Company, And so taryed all

night behind wth Jordan.

Thirkle complayned that whilest he was at worke his wife & others by her procurem came into his house tooke thence his shifte & apparrell and parte of the same was founde in Downinges house: wencould not be denyed by Downing.

The informacon of Henry Armiger the younger taken before Sr Nathanael Bacon knight the xxvth of October. 1613.

He sayth that he having hired a house of Willm. Howsegoe at

Case of Assault.

Wiveton before Michas. last and paid him one yeares rent before hand, the said Howsegoe reserved his abode ther for one moneth after the said Armiger had hired it from the xxvjth of September last. Weh moneth being expired the said Armiger did warne the said Howsegoe to departe out of the said howses, according to his bargaine, and forbidding Howsegoes maide to come upon the groundes. The said Howsegoe hearing what he said to his maid, came out wth a black bill, and did ronn at the brest of the said Armiger wthall, and the said Armiger putting by the thrust wen Howsegoe offered at him, they closed together and then Howsegoe did smyte him wth his fist, and pulled him by the hayre of his heade being assisted by John Maddock, Elisabeth Hudson his maid and Willm. Howsegoe his sonne, and a boye that dwelleth wth him named Richard. And after this assault the said Howsegoe and his companie carried awaie a pitch forke a staffe wth a paire of granies and a club, called a holy water sprirkle weh he tooke from the said Armiger's children. who brought the same out to their father to defend him wthall, against Howsegoes and his companies violence.

per me Henr Armiger Jun.

Endorsed: The Informacon of Henry Armiger against Willm. Howsegoe.

Court Leet Proceedings.

Fakenham. The verdicte of the leete there houlden the thirdde daie of Auguste in the Eleaventh yeare of the reigne of o'r soveigne Lord Kyng Jamys.

Henry Thurston Robt. Bryant	Jurors	Samuel Balye Thomas Kylham	Jurors
Robt. Framyngham		Thomas Alleyn	
Thomas Southerall		Thomas Payr	
Thomas Browne		Henry Golde	
William Beckham		Henry Trull	

We mak choyse for Cunstables for one yere next cominge Willm. Beckham & Nicholas Dight.

We mak choices for headsilver¹ gatherers for one yeer Robart Briant & Samewell Bally.

We mak choice for searchers & seakers for one holl yer next cominge Thomas Allyn & Samewell Bally.

¹ A customary fine of so much a head for not attending the court.

We mak choice for alfounders for one holl yere next cominge Edward Hutchen & Henry Gould senr.

We mak choice for mill Reeve Robart Framingham.

We mak choice for crier John Toll.

We find that Ric^d Groyn esquier have not drawn his ditch betwen Angle gate close & Mault mill moore wherfore we amercy him iij^d & command hym to have it eskoored by the next court payn iij^s iiij^d.

We find that Ric^d Gwyn esquier have not eskoored his ditch betwen his ground & Little London wherfore we amercy hym iij^d & command hym have it eskoored by the next court payn iij^s iiij^d.

We fynd that Robart Lanchaster have not eskoored his ditch betwen his medowe & Little London wherfore we amercy him iij^d & command hym to have it eskoored before the next court payn iij^s iiij^d.

We fynd that Thomas Toll doe over dreep the kinges high wayes called Burnham waye & Walsingham way with his bushes wherfore we amercy him vj^a & command him to amend it by thannunciacon of o^r ladie next payn vj^s viij^a.

We fynd that Richard Stibbard Thomas Allyn Thomas Brown Thomas Southwell Richard Senerd Willm. Purdy Willm. Olly John Powell & Edmond Sheltrom doe not continually sell a full quart of the best ale & bere within the house for a peny wherfore we amercy them iij^d a pece.

We fynd that John Barsham being a baker & breakinge his assice

in bakinge his bread wherfor we amercy hym iijd.

We find that Willm. Penington did draw blod upon Robart Haylett contrary to his Ma^{tles} peace wherfore he have lost iij^s iiij^d.

Margaret Byx alias Elwin about the age of 38. yeares, being condempned to die did before her execucon the Fourth of August 1615. before the undersheriffe of Norff. and others make this confession as followeth.

Margaret Bix, an Incendiary.

She sayth and confesseth that the Thursdaye before the fire at Wimondham was her first acquaintance that ever she had wth Ellen Pendleton alias Flodder w^{ch} is now likewise a condempned woman, and sayth that she asked her whether she would consent to one thing that she would acquainte her wth but then companie came in so that nothing for that tyme was done.

Upon Satterdaye next followinge the afore sd Pendleton alias Flodder acquainted her wth their intent and said that if the said Bixe alias Elwin would consent to the burning of Wymondham she

would carrie her into her countrie wher she should have pardon for the fact from the Pope and that she should have ther a good lyvinge better then she had wher she was, w^{ch} was the only cause, that moved her to consent to that fact.

Lykewise she sayth that ther was a pece of match placed in a stable in length about thre fathomes, wherunto the said Ellen Pendleton did put fier and kindled the same upon the Satterdaye at night as she veryly beleeveth and that the said woman told her that the towne should be set on fier the next daye being the Sabaoth betwene IO and II of the clock in the afternoone. And sayth further that she told her that against that tyme that the winde should by conjuration so be raysed that the fier should not be staied nor quenched in hast. At wen tyme the said Margaret sayth she did see the fier begin to burne and blew as wudd, and that then the winde did rise accordingly.

Allso she further confessed that the aforesaid Ellen Pendleton said sithence her convicton that she did not doubt but that yet by her meanes all the rest of the towne remayning in Wimondham should

by fier be utterly wasted and consumed.

And she confesseth that the aforesaid Ellen tould her that she would send out that wen should breake the neck of Mr Fraunces Tilluth and his horse neck eyther by night or by daye for that he

was an especiall man to bringe the matter to light.

Further she confesseth that Willm. Flodder brother to the afore-said Flodder the pretended husband of Ellen who had two wives together lyving w^{ch} said Willm. is now in the gaole sithence her condemnation threatned one Elizab: that gave evidence at the Barre against his brother John who was then condempned for this fact that he would be revenged upon her for the same if ever he obteyned his liberty.

Signum Margaret Byx.²
alias Elvin.

The names of the witnesses before whome she made this confession were

Hen: Hacthlong. Ed: Agas. Jo: Benton. Joany Beaston. Ro: Peek. Eliza: Agas. Rich: Johnson.

Postscript.—The said Marga. Bixe confesseth, beinge upon the

^{1 ?} Tilney.
2 Her mark.

ladder, that the afore said Ellen sent word the same daye unto her by Dowlton the Jayler's man that in no wise she should confesse the fact.

This wicked project was first laid for Norwch wher they were falling into a house wher they lodged and wher the owners did hold them to be some unruly and disordered persons, and therfore did shut them up every night. They therfore removed themselves to Windam, and by the waye resolved to burne the same and that if anie of this conspiracie should by anie manner of meanes discover the same, the rest should cutt their throates.

Ther is a suspicon that some persons of note and quallitie had a hand in this busines. That John Flodder was some tyme a soldier and had skyll in makinge tongues & fireworkes.¹

Commissioners for the Peace, July, 1616.

Thomas Lo. Ellesmere Lo. Chan-	Sr. Tho. Knyvett
$\operatorname{celo}^{\mathbf{r}}$	Sr. Dr. Drury
The Erle of Suff. L. Trer.	Sr. Rob. Gardiner
The Erle of Arundell	Sr. Jo. Payton
The Erle of Sussex	Sr. Rob. Mansell
The Bishop of Norwch	Sr. Tho. Woodhowse
The L. Riche	Sr. Tho. Hobarte
Edw. Coke L. chief Justice of	Sr. Jo. Heveningham
England	Sr. W. le Grey
Hen. Hobart L. chief Justice of	Sr. Tho. Barny
ye Comon pleas	Sr. Edm. Mondford
Sr Jo. Alteham K ^t)	Sr. Clip. Gaudy
Baron Justices	Sr. Antho. Browne
Sr. Jo. Dodridge Kt of	Sr. Ham. Le Straunge
Justice of ye Kinges Asise	Sr. Hen. Spelman
bench	Sr. Na. Bacon
Sr. Nich. Bacon Kt Baronett	Sr. Edw. Blenerhassett
Sr. Phi. Woodhowse K ^t Baronett	Sr. Aug. Palgrave
Strange Mordant Baronett	Sr. Hen. Bedingfield
Sr. Hen. Gaudy K ^t	Sr. Tho. Hewar
Sr. Ra. Hare	Sr. Rob. Gaudy
Sr. Ar. Heveningham	Sr. Tho. Jenkinson

Norfolk Officials 1616.

¹ See Norff. and Norwich Notes and Queries, No. 1397. Here it says that, with the exception of Bix, they were Scots who went under the name of Egyptians. See Neville, Norfolk Furies and their Foil, id.

THE OFFICIAL PAPERS OF

Sr. Tho. Holland Sr. Tho. Herne Sr. Ri. Gresham Sr. Hen. Doyly Tho. Athow Srjeant Tho. Richardson Srjeant Edm. Sucklinge doct^r Jo. Burman Dr. Fra. Gaudy Esqr Tho. Corbett W. Yelverton Tho. Fermor Jo. Richers Antho. Hobart

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Hen. Holdrich Tho. Oxburgh Humfrey Guibon Hen. Davy Kric. Gwyn Jo. Jay Ja. Scambler Jo. Smith Ow. Sheppeard Jo. Jeimy Ric. Stubbe Tho. Gibson Leo. Mapes Rob. Kempe

CORONERS.

Hen. Tilney Jo. Lavyle Wm. Plumsted

Chro. Calthorpe

W. Thurleby Hen. Colman

BAILIFFS OF LIBERTYES.

Hen. Hobart Kt Baronett Bailiff W. Thurleby of ye Duchy of Lancaster

Jo. Geslingham

ESCHEAT^{*}. Edw. Hune Ar.

CHIEF CONSTABLES.

Debwade Rich. Vynne Edw. Browne Shropham Jo. Kendall Rob. Wright Frebridg Lyn Leonard Shaxby Jo. Bird

Taverham Ric. Whall Myles Fowley¹

Loddon Wm. Hill 2 Osborne

¹ Or Fowerley.

² Christian name crossed out.

Clavering Tho, Osborne Nic. Wright Hensted Tho. Bransby Jo. Ward Disse Jo. Blomfeld Jo. Woodward Forehow Tho. Love St. Wiseman Mitford Ric. Twaites Fra. Kising Happing Jo. Mickleburgh Jo. Heare Tunsted Willm. Call Rich. Cubytt HoltRob. Kinge Edw. Nabbes Einsforth Firmyn Neave Tho. Tompson Blofeld Jo. Hewke Ric. Anguish Walsham Tho. Witherby Ed. Smith Freb. Marshland Wm. Watson W. Ferme

Humblevard

Walter Webster

Hen. Benslyn

Wailond Wm. Heyhoe Rob. Day Grymshaw Io. Pleasance Ric. Elmer Clasclosse Hen. Brady Jo. Fuller E. Flegge Chro. Amos Tho. Clipwell W. Flegge To. Brighmer Tho. Holland S. Erpingham Symon Smith Jo. Bell N. Erpingham Fra. Symonds Edw. Čoke N. grenho Rob. Buck Edm. Colles Smithdon Tho. Skyme Rob. Brothercrosse Tho. Lane Tho. Wattes Gallow Cutb. Dev Edm. Reve Ersham Rich. Withe Io. Prentise Gilcrosse Ric. Kendall

Jo. Davy

Landich

Tho. Goche

Tho: Buckenham Tho. Miller alias Masen W. Alec

Endorsed: July 1616. Justices, C. Constables & Bailiffs, Officers.

vijo Novemb A xio R.Rg.

Norfolk Officials 1614.

The L. Ellesmere The L. Northt privy seale

The L. Chamb. The E. of Sussex Jo. Episcopus Norw.

Rob. L. Rich

Sr. Edw. Coke Knight L. chiefe

Justice of England

Sr. Hen. Hobart Kt L. chiefe Justice of ye Comon pleas

Sr. Jo. Dodridge Kt
Sr. Rob. Houghton
Kt
Justic ad
plita. cor.
Dni Rege

Sr. Nic. Bacon Kt & bar. Sr. Phi. Knyvett K & bar.

Sr. Phi. Woodhouse Kt & bar.

Straunge Mordannt bar. Sr. Char. Cornwallyes K^t

Sr. Hen. Gavdy K^t

Sr. Ra. Hare K^t

Sr. Arth. Heveningham K^t

Sr. Tho. Knyvett K^t Sr. Drue Drury K^t

Sr. Rob. Gardener K^t

Sr. Jo. Peyton K^t

Sr. Ro. Mansell Kt Sr. Tho. Woodhouse K^t

Sr. Tho. Hobart K^t

Sr. Jo. Heveningham K^t

Sr. Ja. Calthorp K^t Sr. W. Gray K^t

Sr. Tho. Barny K^t

Sr. Ed. Monford Kt

Sr. Clip. Gawdy K^t

Sr. Antho. Browne K^t

Sr. Hamon Lestrange K

Sr. Hen. Spelman K^t

Sr. Na. Bacon K^t

S. grenhoe

Sr. Edw. Bleverhassett K^t

Sr. Aug. Palgrave K^t

Sr. Hen. Bedingfeld K^t

Sr. Tho. Hewar K^t

Sr. Rob. Gawdy K^t

Sr. Tho. Jenkenson K^t

Sr. Jo. Pettus K^t

Sr. Tho. Holland Kt

Sr. Tho. Herne K^t Sr. Ric. Gresham K^t

R. Redman d^r.

Jo. Burman dr.

Tho. Corbett Ar.

W. Yelverton Tho. Fermor

W. Kegg

Jo. Richers Ric. Jenkenson

Antho. Hobart

Chro. Calthorp

Hen. Holdich

Fr. Oxborogh

Humfy Grubon

Tho. Athow

Hen. Davy

Ric. Gwynne Jo. Jaye

Tho. Richardson

Ja. Scambler

Owen Sheppeard

Jo. Jeny Ric. Stubbe

Tho. Gibson

Leonard Mapes

The examinacon of Thomas Fawkner of Salthouse taken before Sr Nathaniell Bacon Knight ye 28th of January 1617.

Marriage of a Girl under Sixteen.

He saith that upon Friday last about 6 of the Clock he overtooke nere Glaunford Elean* Clarke & James Flawes and had ben sent for by Flawes by a boye to come to them—And when he came there thei tooke horse went the said Flawes had provided before from Walsingham—And to Walsingham—thei went togither that night—And lodged there at an Alehouse in the Widdow Pyes house—And this exte lodged by himselfe in a Chamber—And the said Flawes lodged in another chamber where ye younge woman laie—And whither thei lodged togither or no he knoweth not.

He saith that upon the Satterday morning thei went to Rising togither and gott thither sone after 10 of the clock And sone after xj thei were maried by the minister of the same church who had

xijd for marieng them and the Clerk ijd.

He saith that he gave the woman at the tyme of the mariage

being intreated by Flawes so to do.

He saith that after the mariage finished thei came the same night to Walsingham to the said Widdow Pyes house agayne where the said Flawes & his wife lodged And this exam^{te} came himself home to Salthouse.

¹ Tho: Fawkeners mark.

Cosen Man I receyved your letter and have sent the age of Clarke his Daughter heareunder soscribed with the Ministers hande, by wch it maye evidently appeare she is under xvj yeares. Uppon our cumming home I delivered the warrant to the constable for carrying the vagabond to the howse of correction, and peremptorely he answered, he would forbeare the execution thereof untell he further knew Sr Nathaniell his pleasure and doe intende to morrow very earely to attende hym to procure favor in his behalfe, wch I have thought fitt to acquaint you with before, and withall hartelye to praye you, that a course uppon soe good reasons and growndes agreed upon, maye not in our absence be crossed by the peevishnes of a factious foole. And thus with my heartiest comendations I comitt you to God, and rest your very assured

in what I am to be comanded Christ. Perse.

Salthouse 28 January 1617.

¹ His mark.

Ellen Clarke was baptized 26 Septembris 1602 per me Tho. Downing.

Endorsed: To his much respected frend and loving kinnesman Mr Marten Man.

The xaminacon of James Flawes of Salthouse taken before Sir Nathaniell Bacon Knight this 28th January 1617.

He saith that upon Friday last after the Sonne was downe one Elianor Clarke went awaie from her fathers house in Salthouse together wth this exate and toke a horse wch he this exte had borrowed at Walsingham about Glanford and went that night to gether to Walsingham And there went wth them one Fawkener of Salthouse who went a foote. And the woman rode behinde this exate. And upon Satterday morning this exte togither wth the said Elianr & the said Fawkener went to Rising and came there about 10 of the clock in fore noone And before xj of the clock they were maried by ye Minister of the Towne And Tho. Fawkener gave the woman at the time of the mariage And there were present besides 4 or 5 of the Towne. And he acquainted the Minister herwth an hour before thei were maried & not before.

And ye Minister received xijd of him for marieng them.

He saith that the Minister did not aske him for anie license.

He saith that after thei were maried thei came back to Walsingham and there lodged & called together at the Widdow Pyes.

He saith that upon the Sondaie following thei came back to Salthouse And there he & she have kept at his father Tho. Flawes house.

He saith that her father living in the same Towne was not by him made acquainted wth the matter or his good will sought.

¹ Signum Jacobi Flawes.

Noble Sr.

County Election.²

What (through hast) I lightly touched in my late lynes yesternyght to my cosen Spelman I doe now seriously recomend to your acceptance, begging of you in the name of the best votes & truest harts of or country that you would please to represent them in yor person the next parliament, a parliament wherein the abilityes of

¹ His mark.

² There were returned to the 4th Parliament of James, Sir Thomas Holland and Sr John Corbett. Norff. Official Lists, Hamon Le Strange.

yor integrity & understanding mighte conduce to the glory of god, the good of yor country, & yor owne comfort in the faithfull administracon to both; you knowe my neare relacons to the lo: Hobart who must have the primer seizen in my despose, if Sr. Jo. stand not (wch I nowe beleeve) yor selfe & Sr. Jo. Corbet may doubtlesse receive the acclamacon of the country wthout competition, though yor private occasions be many & important, yet the publique claymes you more, whose service neverthelesse may somtyme be intermitted by serving the necessity of yor owne health; semel quam semper like Cæsars word plunge into it wth an eye constantly fixed upon the greatest & comon good: As for Sr. Tho. Holland, I beleeve he had rather serve his Lord in the country then in the parliament. Pardon my boldnes, none more unfainedly serves & honours you then

Yor owne

Hamon le Strange.

Jann 13 16230

Endorsed: To his hoble & much esteemed freind Sr Roger Townshend Baronet there att Stiffekey.

Honble Sr

I delevered y' desires to M' High Shreife for a fayr carriadg in the buisnes, and y^r request to Mr Becke for his assistance and gave an accompt therof wth a remembrance of yr love to Sr John Corbett this morning of the election, but matters sett out contrary to yr own desires and ye people began to bandy for you at first, and would have taken up Sr Harry Hungat, Mr Potts or Mr Rinnell in yr stead whoe persuaded the contrary by reason of y^r engagem^t to S^r John Corbett, but ye freeholders being not so satisfied tooke up yonge Mr Catelin whoe had a voyce for you at first agaynst Sr Thomas Hollands whoe first appeared to whome ther was after joyned Sr. Robert Gawdy³ and so they 2 had many voyces and goings out and in agaynst ye oth^r 2 and a meghty tumult being raysed by th^r earnest suffrages all the competitors came in to court and yr frends averring yr refusall of that office at this tyme I being thr was called for by the shreife to justifye y^r sending of me to him in the behalfe of S^r John Corbett w^{ch} ye countrey sayd they were not bound to take notice of it but

¹ G.-son of Sir Miles (see ante), M.P. for Yarmouth 1625: ob. 1628, aet. 37. ² Sir Richd Berney, Bart, of Reedham. Norff. Official Lists, Hamon Le

³ Sir Robert Gawdy was son of Sir Henry, of Claxton. He married Winifred, co-heiress of Sr Nathaniel Bacon.

knoing you sitt for yt employmt they could not but honour you wth thr loves and so ye mattr remayning—tumult addeaded Mr Catelin was persuaded to goe out no more in that you had ye honour to have formerly refused it, and so Mr Shriefe being over urged wth ye importunitys of ye othr Justices sayd yt in his and thr opinions Sr Thomas Holland had the greatest vew for ye first voyce, and would have also included ye lawfulnes of Sr John Corbets election by inference of consequence of agreem^t agaynst both w^{ch} S^r Robert Gawdy protesting went agayn and they began on both sides to goe unto ye powle, and were very urgent wth Sr Harry Hungat to have gone out agayn in yr behalfe wen he had yelded to but yt he thought Sr Robert had stad for ye first voyces weh Mr Shreife had yelded to Sr Thomas Holland, and Sr Robert Gawdy perceaving yt, Cald to ye powle and protested his yelding you ye first voyce and so they tooke up yonge Mr Harry Gawdy in yr stead and rode about agayn wth agreate [then both ye other were thought to have had named, and while we people were ernest at we booke to take their voyces the Shriefe¹ notwthstanding he had yelded to ye powle for ye second voyce prononced it on Sr John Corbett side at wch ye freehoulders were mightily moved and then ye oth^r 2 were carried down to ye Kings heed, they also followed wth Sr Robert Gawdys sonne and him selfe through out ye market and continued ther a great while wth a mighty resonding of yr name till being invited by Sr Robert Gawdy to ye Mayds head I left them to steale this little tyme of writing how greatly the people are affected to doe you honour and toe hope you will so accept of the loves performed in ye absens as matters shall not so passe away, being they not only honoured you in absence but agaynst all the resistance of y^r frinds but y^t is left to yr honble interpretations. For my part I could doe no lesse then make advantage of my brother in law his going to London by him to commend a hasty relation of this passage though many circustances are now omitted ever praying yt God may dowble such a honble opinion as ye voluntary and unrequired votes of ye people have cast uppon you And continewing you prosperitye in peace and safty I may still remayn at yr command and service

Elias Baker

Norwch this 26 of January.

Endorsed: To ye Honble Sr Roger Tounshend Baronett at his house in Barbican in London.

¹ Inserted in margin: "And was in the opinion of the most out of the sight of the multitude."

Noble Sr

Your absence from ye election hath bred some trouble but prevented more; the country it seems was distracted in opinion & beleife, ye best suspecting Sr Tho: for his patrons sake, ye worst Sr John for his owne sake, yet each of them constant to eyther in their conjunction; Sr Jo: & Sr Tho: having presented themselves to the country, unexpectedly & they say unfaithfully Sr Robert Gawdy descendes from the Justices &c & delivers himselfe to ye embracements of some appointed to recieve him, forthwith your name was voiced, & one Mr Catlin taken up to personate you: & ye votes for yor selfe & Sr Rob: joyned: after much tumult & tempest the sheriff by his viewe & opinion of all the gent: with him concluded for you against you, that is with Sr Jo: Corb: & Sr Tho: Holland, but formerly he had certeinly determined of S^r Tho. Holl. for ye first voice, whereupon diverse of his troupes disarayed & began to retreat, but sodainly Sr Tho: in faith to his friend & honour to himselfe sounded them againe upon perill of else dismissing himselfe, & caused all his forces to charge againe in assistance of Sr Jo: & soone after ye sheriff also adjudged for Sr Jo: also in ye second place: Sr Rob. G. forthwith drewe away, & conceiving great injury in the sheriffs peremptory determinacon hath (by ye especiall instigacon of some factious insolent persons) procured ye draught of a peticon to ye Kinge in the names of myriads of the dregs of ye people, & amonge them the attestacon of one gent: only, all ye Kts: Justices &c being otherwise declared of ye pt of Sr Jo: & Sr Tho: setting forth ye wrong & undue eleccon & returne by ye sheriff; I leave Sr Rob: to your censure, Sr Io: to your worthy esteeme, & now wth cold hands but hott hart & affections proferr you ye command of

Yor true servant

Hamon le Strange.¹

Jann: 27º 1623.

Endorsed: To his Hoble & right worthy friend Sr Roger Townshend Baronet.

To the Right Woorshippfull M^r Nathaniell Bacon esquire one of hir Ma^{tles} Justices of the Peace.

Maye it please yor good Woorshipp to understand that whereas wee thinhabitantes of Wells whose names are underwritten at or last

¹ Son of Sir Nich., who died 1591. He was Sheriff 1609 and M.P. 1614, 1620 and for Castle Rising in 1625.

Petition to Appoint a NewConstable at Wells. Courte did chuse Robert Jarye for one of or Cunstables thinking thereby to have somewhat restrained him from his former unrulynes in gaming and using the alehouses But nowe perceyving that nothing at all it avayleth but that rather it doth incourage him to bolster out both his owne loose behavioure and also the ill demeaner of others and therefore thinking him to be a man utterly unmeete for that office wherefore these are to desyre yor good W: to call the saide Jarye before yor W: & to discharge him of yt office by what meanes yor W: discresion shall thinke most meete And wee have chosen Willm. Halman a man verye meete for that office to supplye the same place to whome we beeseeche yor good Woorshipp (calling him before you to give charge concerning the same). Thus taking or leave of yor Woorshipp wth or duetye humblye remembred wee commit yor W: to allmightye God Whoe preserve you wth long lyfe & greate increase of grace & woorshipp.

Ambrose ffyske. Nichls. Pomfret.¹ Ambrose Yates.¹ (by me John ffarr.) Willm. Wastlebye.¹ Wyllm. Dobbs.
Robert Grene.
Xpofer Gouldsmyth.
Roger Jebore.
Willm. Atkyn.

Endorsed: A certificat of Wells men against Jarye & in ye behalfe of W. Halman.

e of the To the right honourable S^r John Fortescue: Knight. Chancelof the cellor of her Ma^{tles} Exchequer.

Humbly sheweth unto your H^r yo^r daylie orator John Braddock on of the officers for Her Ma^{tes} custome, in the porte of Blackney, in the countie of Norff, That where one Thomas Grosse her Ma^{tes} Searcher at Yarmouth, in consideracion of Tenn poundes paide unto him, did assigne, & set over unto the sayd Braddock, the office of Sercher wthin the saide porte of Blackney. The said Grosse, wthout any cause given by Braddock hath very injuriouslie, upon some consideracion as it semeth otherwyse yelded unto him, made voyde the saide assignement by deputinge an other to the place So as your orator is both restrayned from the execution therof, and also denyed to have restitucon of his mony Y^t maye therfore please yo^r good H^r in favor of yo^r orator to direct your letters to some worshipfull gentlemen, of the saide countie, by whose meanes

Case of the Sale of the Office of Searcher.

¹ His mark.

the saide Grosse, maye be perswaded to yeald unto yor orator either the enjoying of the saide place of Search, unlesse he be able to deliver some juste cause to the contrary or elles, to satisfy backe the mony paide him for the same.

Endorsed: The humble peticon of John Braddocke of Blackney in the County of Northfolke.

To the Right Honorable Sr Edward Cooke Knight Lord Cheiffe Justice of the Common Pleas.

Right honorable: maie it please yor good Honor. I your dailie Orator, a poore distressed man, Humblie complaines me to yor good Honor of one Christopher Davye, who under the Title of Authoritie doe grynd the faces of yo'r poore Country men, whose cry ascendes to god, And will return to yor Honorable censure err Long. Ah my good Lord amongst wen nomber of poore men I am one as a marke sett upp to shoote att and maie saie wth Job my conscience cleare me butt my enimie is cruell. Therfore his menacing did nott dismaye me knowing that the sword of Authoritie hurts not the well doer. God knowes I owe him nothing, butt would have bribes wen I would never give him, and therfore hee sues me as hee saith upon dyvers mercimentes mercilesse pointes maie I saie, if god and yor good honor prevent him nott. First he stole out a *nihil dicit* against me well knowne to Mr Gybsoone my attorney who waite on yor honor. Next he gott a Jurie last Assize of his owne appoyntment, wherby he did Evict me before I cam to Norwch or had any notice of it god to wittnes. Lastlie he hath gott Judgmt and Execution upon Judgmt of Eight or nine pounds for none paymt of a Bride So that now poore Naboath must sell his noble demanded. vynyard to give Gehezi a bribe. Now as the harmlesse Bird right honorable: finding no rest for the soole of hir foote flew to Noah arke for succor: So I advised by a multitude of poore men humblie seeke to yor honor for favor; Assuring my selfe that god hath seated yor honor as one of his Stewards upon Earth, to doe Justice amongst men. To the punishm^t of wickednes and vice and advancm^t of gods glorie. In hope herof having god, and a good cause on my side I humblie preferr my petition to yor honorable consideration. Now the Lord of Lyffe, the Rewarder of

Petition of Anderson to be Spared from the Persecution of Christopher Davye.

¹ Decidedly mixed.

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all good workes prosper you in this life. And possesse you wth the joyes of heaven. Amen.

Yor humble Orator for ever:

Robert Andersonne.

I desire S^r Nathaniel Bacon to informe himselfe of the true state of this case and to ende it or certefie.—Edd. Coke.¹

 S^r I was reteyned in this cause & I spake to M^r Gibson to appere for Anderson by reason it was in the Kinges benche & the cause was brought downe & tryed at the assizes w^{th} out eny knowledg gyven to eyther of us. per me Jacobum Wilshore.

The Fish trade of Yarmouth and its relation to Navigation. The Aunswere of the Towne of Y^rmouth unto the motion of the Fishmongers for the repealing of A Statute made for the maintenance of Navigation.

Since the Statute of Navigation is Increased for triall wherof (especially in the Cost Townes of Norffolk & Suffolk that give themselves to trading in fisher fare those hard & daungerouse dayes as Aldeborough Southold Y^Imouth & Welees & besydes the great quantety that other townes hath broughte in, their is brought into Y^Imouth this yeare aboute 400,000 ffish taken in Island & Northseas besides ther small ffish & offall that pore men kepe their houses wthall, & also a Commodytye of oyle made of the livers of that ffish wch saide ffish being valued at 30^{II} per 1,000 will Amount to 12,000^{II} the taking wherof doth not onely help greatly to the serving of the land wth fish butt doth also besydes the breeding up of many seafearing men in those townes sett on work manye people both in towne & Contrye for the making of provision for that trade.

Fetching in of fish doth imploye little shipping & fewe persons to that wen is imployed in the taking of itt (thone setting on worke five tymes as manye persons as thother) so that to decaye or owne taking of fish by & for the fetching of itt in is a thing hurtfull to the Increase of Navigacon.

Wheras the strangers having nowe the greater imployment of themselves by taking of itt & a double vent for their fish (their owne liberty to bring in & or to fetch in) their shipping & their wealth is Increased wth the decaye of ours.

¹ Robert Coke (b. 1513) of Mileham married in 1543 Winifred, dau. of Wm. Knightly, an attorney of Norwich. Edward, their son, died 1634.

As the offring of Commodytye & bringing itt makes itt cheaper so the fetching in of fish beyond the seas & seeking for itt either doth or will in time as the buyers growe wise to se or regard of itt growe dearer, so that their allegacons that Charg the statute wth thee raysing of the prises of holland linges doth not Justly touch us, the great price not proceding from the statute but by reason of the great vent for ling that the Hollander hath unto the Spanniard nowe over that he had when the Spanniard himselff trading to Newe found land (as nowe they doe) was not able to provide himselff wthout them by reason wherof as this land is served by them the dearer, So by the good vent they have in Spayne we ar also served wth the worstr.

Wheras the suffering of ffish to be fetched in under pretence of the necessitye of itt for the use of the land doth decaye or trade if men of Abylitye having great shipping & besydes for their other voyadges great hoyes, wold (as they doe nowe Imploye them for the fetching of Coles) Imploye themselves in part for the taking of fish both the land shold be served wthout Any such need of the straunger or shipping shold growe stronger our people much more ymployed, A great quantety of or monye & or Commodytey kept wthin the land for other uses & by Reason that they shold knowe the chardge & Adventure of fish (as poore ffishermen do) the trade of ffishermen shold be in more Accompt.

If the fish web or men doe take in the Costes of Suffolk & Norff. (web Comes not so little yerely as in quantety to 1,000,000 fish & in price to 30,000ll) web all the rest of the ffish taken in all the parte of England besydes be but the tenth part of that web the land spendeth (as the fishmonger doe alledg) then itt wold be Considered both howe great quantetye of monye & Commodytye their goeth out of the land web out Any such necessitye & howe needfull itt were that by the Imployment of or owne men that monye & Commodytye were kept web in the land especially having joyned web itt the setting of so manye of or owne poore people on work, both in Towne & Contrye as the preparation & performing of the trade of taking fish will require.

Endorsed: Allegacons of Y-mouth touching the repeale of the Statute for ffish wth their humble desire of Consideracon.

To the Right Honoble The humble peticon & remonstrance of the Maior Aldermen & Burgesses of the Towne & Portes of Kinges Lynn in the Countie of Norff. and of the Inhabitantes of Wells & Burneham & the members of the same Port.

Petition of Inhabitants of Wells and Burnham to 46

be Eased from Demand for two Ships owing to Losses from Dunkirkers.

Most humblie sheweing that wthin the space of twentie moneths last past or thereabouts have bene lost at Sea and spoiled by the Dunkerks 37 Shipps and Barques belonging to that Port and members the losse amountinge to the value of 13,000ll at the least.

Also there is disbursed in that Port wthin one yeare last past for the makeing fitt and stronge of the fleete now used to Newcastle they haveing noe other trade at all, the some of 2,000^{l1} at least Also whereas in former yeares there hath beene imployed out of that port & members yerelie 70 Saile of Shipps or thereabouts for the fishing voyage to Island there is not imployed at all above 20 shipps and barques this yeare to the extreame losse and hindrance of the Port and members whereby his Ma^{tle} loseth much of his provision fish.

Also the Towne of Kings Lynn hath expended in fortifyeinge the same and casting the Rivers & ditches aboute the same for defence thereof and in other Warlique provisions wthin one yeare or litle more the some of 1,200¹¹ at the least by commaunde from this honorable board.

Also our ordinarie assessm^{tes} for the releife of our poore is 250¹¹ yearelie & is of late exceedinglie encreased by the greate nomber of mariners prested into his Ma^{tles} service & men dailie spoiled and taken by the Dunkerks.

Also upon Receipt of his Mattles Comission for the loane of money in Februarie last thereby perceiveinge his pressing wants & occasions to use money, wee of this towne of Kings Lynn did generally & readilie wth one voyce agree to the same & have assessed wthin that towne the some of 452^{ll} wch is payed into his Mattles Excheqr wthin a very small matter wch will also be presentlie payde. Wee were the more willing to performe this service hopeing that his Mattle by these meanes should be fullie furnished wth money to supplie his affaires, and to secure the Ports with wastage from the danger of the Dunkerks and that we might wth more freedome follow our former course of trade wch for the presente wee are wholy debarred from. And that hereafter wee might be freed from any further burden or charge.

Also we beseech yor honors to take into yor honoble consideracons that the Portes and the whole Countie of Norff. is exposed to the danger of the Enimies more then any parte of ye kingdome for if they should land in those parts (won god for bidd) both wee our wives and Children wth our whole estates should undergoe the first and greatest hazard & extremitie.

Maie it therefore please yor honors to consider of ye premises

That whereas by a letter written from this honoble Board the 24th of March last wee are charged together wth the members and the Countie to furnishe out two shipps of warr to be at the Rendevous at Portsmouth by the 20th of Maie next, Yor honors will be pleased to ease us of this insupportable burthen wch we are by noe meanes able to undergoe. And wee as in dutie ever bound will pray for yor honors health and happines longe to endure, and be ready at all tymes willinglie to beare and pay such charges as the good subjects of this kingdome doe.

Defaltes

0.1

The aunswr of the deftes ultio Junij

Supplies and Defaulters.

Willm. Mason of Holcham a Cal.

Tho. Dey of Wighton a muskett

Widdowe Reve of Wighton

Wm Mason a muskett

Richard Howsego of Dalling a Corslett

The towne of Barney a Caliver wanting a man

Widdowe Comber of Thursforth a Caliver

Willm. Money Jn. of Bynham a Corslett

Jo. Wilby of Bynham a muskett The towne of Bynham a muskett

The towne of Warham, a calliver & the man wanting
Jo. Grixe of Snoring a corslett
Nathanael Goldsmith of Welles

a corslett

promiseth to provide it wthin 3 weekes

promiseth to shew at the next view

absent in Suff. Brigham ye Con. app^d to warne her to provide, & to certefye her aunsw^r

to conferre wth Mr Calthorp to ease him of the muskett & charge a Caliver if his estate be weake

respited for a sevenight to give further aunsw^r

promise to have a man ready at the next view—Rob. Curson appoynted to serve

respited to provide agt ye next view

promiseth to provide it presently

unable in my judgm^t appoynted to provide a muskett & wth M^r Callth for ye armo^r

ordered to provide a man: have to serve in the meane tyme

appd to provide presently

j musk.

i musk. . Armes to be made compleat

W. Leverington

alt. Cal. Jo. Daniell

W Worship	i corol 4	Corol do
W. Worship	j corsl. 4	Corsl. 52
Tho. Browne	j Cal	musk. 52
Frances Reade	j Cal.	Cal. 26
Walsingham magna		Unde
Tho. Salter	j Cal.	Already inrolled
Hindringham		
Martyn Colles	j Cal.	Corsl. 45. to be added 7
Rich. Godfrey esq ^r	j musk.	Musk. 28. to be added 24
W. Franckling	j corsl.	Cal. 35
Gyles May	j corsl.	Unde altered 13 res. 23
Jo. Franyngham	i Cal.	The 7 corsl. thus charged
Steven Lea	j Cal.	viz. upon Jo. Sabbe N.
M. Burton	j musk.	Browne Jo. Hithe W. Wor-
W. Roe	j musk.	shep W. Frankling W. Bur-
Tho. Tomson	i musk.	ton Jo. Rixe
Bynham	j mask.	The 24 musk.thus charged
Jo. Rixe	j Corsl.	viz. R. Purlond W. Pope
W. Thacker sen.	j Cal.	R. Kerby A. Monye W.
W. Money sen.	j musk.	Sydney W. Leverington Jo.
Jo. Cates	j musk.	Daniell Wals. parva W.
Edw. Franyngham	j musk.	Godfrey W. Roe W. Money
Welles		Jo. Cates Mr Toll Jo. Cong-
W. Toll	j musk.	ham G. Walpole W. Pope
Jo. Congham	j musk.	W. Walpole Tho. Adamson
Amb. Money	j musk.	R. Cock Jo. Cote Nich.
Widdow Upcroft	j muskett	Halman Widdow Upcroft
Wighton		Tho. Tomson Ed. Frayght
W. Mason	j cal.	The 4 cal. thus charged viz.
G. Walpole	j cal. j musk.	Tho. Browne Martyn Colles
W. Pope	musk.	Jo. Franyngham Řo. Stile-
Barney		man
W. Walpole	j musk.	
Tho. Adamson	musk.	
F. Dalling	j 11140141	
Robt. Stileman	j cal.	
Xpo. Caster	i cal.	
W. Orrys	j cal.	
	j cal.	
Andrew Battes	j car.	
Holcham	ical	
Ede. Newgate	j cal.	
Rob. Cock	j musk.	70
		E

Stifkey The widd. Speller j cal. Snoring ma To. Coote i musk. Symon Newton i cal. Thursforth 1997 The La. Heydon i corsl. Houghton Nichas. Halman j musk. Rich. Fenne i corsl. Tho. Peny i cal.

Refusal to Serve as Constable. Contempt of Court.

Right Worshipfull Sir: So it is John Colffer of Briston beinge yesterday at a Courte Leete there houlden for that Mannor, chosen by generall consent of all the Leeters twelve in number for one of the Cunstables there this yeare, and being required and charged in his Ma^{tles} name to take his othe accordinglye, the saide Colffer in contempt of that Jurisdiccon and in evill example of all the then and there tenn^{tes} more then thirtey, did not only depart that Courte disdainefully without licence, but utterly refused to beare that office, so imposed uppon him And bycause inferior authorities ought not to be made contemptible and elusorye in publique affayres, but hath been supported and assisted alwaies by superiour powers they in their grave wisdomes and censures, reprovinge such scorners and forcinge them to conformitie, We your dutiful suppliantes Lord and Steward of the Jurisdiccon aforesaide do beseeche vestrum brachium implorando your assistance to compell by your superior power the said Colffer to take uppon him the seid office and to be sworn thereunto. This our humble request we comend and comit to your grave consyderaccon and yours and your good ladies helthe and happines to the almightyes protection.

Your dutifull Suppliantes

Jo: Hunt John Browne

To the right Worshipp¹¹ S^{r1} Nathaniell Bacon Knight att Stifkey this be delivered with speed.

Common Rights

To the right worshippfull Sir Nathaniell Bacon² Knyght geve theise.

¹ Therefore post 1604.

ibid.

The humble petition for the poor townshipp of Eccles. Sheweinge unto you the right worshippfull the wronges and injuries we are offered by yor farmours John James and Robt James in breakeing and plowed up the heath groundes wheare not only we but or predecessors from tyme to tyme wthout mynd of man have had or comon feed according to or aunceant use & custome. We most humble beseche yor good worshipp that we may have a speedie reformacon of theise wronges wthout the won it is lyke to be to the utter undoinge of us yor poore tenauntes & or children forever if it be yor good worshippes pleasuer & mynde that yor farmours shall go on in this sort then we most humble beseche your favour & kyndnes wthout any offence that we yor poore tenantes may trie that won we hope is or right.

By me Jeames Plowman Thomas ¹ Cooe his marke Henery ¹ Wright his marke Rychard ¹ Elcey his marke Robart ¹ Barnerd his marke

By me Robert Jolly John ¹ Younges his marke John ¹ Leder

Stephen ¹ Carlton Thomas ¹ Nele John ¹ Coulson

Willeem ¹ Tayler his marke John ¹ Coulson Endorsed: A petition by the inhabitantes of Eccles.

THE CHARGE OF FINISHING RUNTON BEACON APRILL 1608.

for finishing the pare² for making y^r a house for straw & careage for reede & thaching for splentes & dawbeng for clay & cariag

xiij^s iiij^d
xl^s
v^s
viij^s
v^s
iij^s iiij^d
Sm^a
iiil xiij^s viij^d

for 4 watches for one moneth

Sm^a tot. $\frac{xxvj^s viij^d}{v^{li} j^s iiij^d}$

Wherof laid upon S. Erpingham
,, upon N. Erpingham

Ls Ls

PAPERS RELATING TO ALEHOUSES AND INNS.

To the right Ho: Sr John Popham Knight Lo: cheefe Justice of England and one of her Matyes moste Honorable Pryvie Counsell.

i.e. Pier.

Petition to suppress certain Alehouses of Disorderly Character in Cromer.

Memorandum of Pier Costs.

In moste humble manner complayninge unto yor good Lo: Yor pore and daylie Orator Emanuell Callard of Cromer in the Countie of Norff. gen. Shewinge that whereas vor suppt and others have heretofore divers and sundry times made complainte unto one John Kempe of Antingham Esqr one of the Justices of Peace wthin the sayd countie of Norff. and neere unto ye sayd towne of Cromer, For the Suppressinge of certaine alchouses win the same Towne. There beinge more then ys eyther fytt or necessary. And meny Mysdemenors and abuses offered, and continuallie comytted, beinge supported and mayntayned nott onely by the sayd Mr Kempe a Justice of Peace of the sayd countie but also by one Spillman and two others beinge constables wthin the sayd Towne of Cromer, to the greate hurte of yor suppt and divers other his nevembors, and yll example of many Idle, and yll dysposed People. In respecte whereof and for that many unlawfull games are there comonly used, Yor Supptes servauntes and others, thither drawne, suffered and mayntayned att undue times, nott onely contrary to yor Lo: goode orders in that behalfe made and provided butt also to the greate Hinderaunce of yor suppt and divers others his sayd Neyghbors. ytt may therefore eyther please yor good Lo: to wryte yor Honorable Letters unto some other Justices of Peace wthin the sayd countie of Norff. to examine and redresse the sayd abuses and misdemenors or els to enjoyne the offenders and everie of them to appeare before yor Lo: att the next Assises to be houlden for the sayde countie of Norff. That then sutch furder order may be therin taken as to yor goode Lo: shall seeme moste meete and expedyent. And yor suppt and the rest shall as duetie bindes them pray for yor Lo: longe health and prospervtie.

Endorsed: The humble peticon of Emanuell Callard.

Dishonest Practices of certainCromer Constables. Wth my verie hartie commendacons. You shall receave herewth twoe severall complayntes. The one concerninge certeine unnecessarie alehowses in the Towne of Cromer & sondry disorders comitted in, and by reason of the same. The other touchinge an outrage donne (if it be true) in very ryotouse manner at Antingham by divers named in the same peticon. Because the same may not passe awaie wthout dewe examinacon I have thought good hereby to pray you to call the parties before you and to examyne the causes conteyned in these twoe severall complaintes exactly and thereupon (sufficient cause appearinge) to bynd the offendors wth good sewerties to make their personall appearance at the next Assises for the countie of Norff. to

answere the same and then to certifie me of yo^r proceedinges herein. And eaven soe nothing doubtinge you wilbe ready to doe herein what shalbe convenient, I byd you hartely Farwell. At S^rjentes Inne this 4th of February 1601 Your very loving frind

Jo. Popham.

I am informed that thear are wthin the said Towne of Cromer 9 alehouses sett upp by meanes of some of the constables & others of that Towne that have howses thear to encrease & rayse the rentes of the same for that howse that is not worth to be letten to anie other use above xx⁸ is by this meanes letten for 3 or 4^{lt} wherefore I woold have you to bynd the constables & such others to appeare at next Assises and to examyne that point exactly.

Endorsed: To the Worll my very loving frind Mr Nathanyell Bacon

esquire.

To the right wrshippll Sr Nathaniell Bacon Knight.

Maie it please yor good wrshipp, that whereas this or Towne of Warham hath no Alehowse in it, And hath many pore that (for the most part) doth buy theire Beere and that Willm. Halman hath a small Breweng howse in or said Towne and therefore the meetest theare to serve oure said pore of beere for theire money oute att dores Wherefore yt maye please yor good wrshipp that he may be allowed so to do. And we according to duety shall desire of god yor wrshipps felicitie

Yor wrshipps humble to comaund the Inhabitauntes of Warham viz.

Peter Stewardsoon minist*there
Edmond Framyngham
Johan Feke rectore Marie
Magdalene.

Robt. Purland
Richard ¹ Fuller
Henry ¹ Greve
Thomas ¹ Greve

Endorsed: Cert. for a Cannyker in Warham.

To the right worship¹¹ Sr Nathaniell Bacon Knight And other the Kyngs Ma^{tes} Justyces of the peace wthin the countye of Norff. To whome it may apperteyne.

Maye it please yor good worships to be advertised. That forasmuche as it is requysyte that one Alehous or victellynge house should be admytted win yis thoroughfare towne of Bodham bothe for readye. Their marks.

Certificate for a Canniker in Warham.

Petition of Inhabitants of Bodham for license to an Old Man.

provisyon of Beare and breade for suche as doe want it wthin the same towne, & also for relief & ease of such as be travellers to & from dyvers & sundry places & townes therabout. And for that or neighbor Rychard Jervys of Bodham aforeseyd beynge an auncyent man & of good governmt mete to be imployed in suche a trade & exercise, ys desyrous to undertake the same, He havinge seated him selfe in his owne purchased house wen heretofore hath ben used for trade of vicellynge, & very aptly situated for the same, hathe desyred of us his neighbors or furtheraunce therin unto yor good worships, that it might please you by yor lycense to admytte him therunto wen maye not onely be a relief to the maintenance of his aged yeres & charge of wyef and chyldren but also be an occasyon to restreyne others that heretofore have unlawfully resisted aucthoritye in lyke case. And he is no wise willinge to offer suche offence, but to use it by orderlye meanes And for performance of this his sute, we joyne wth him in intreative unto yor good worships And so humblye take or leaves From Bodham this xth of September 1607

Yor worships humbly at comaund
Henry Armiger Thomas Armiger
Robt ¹ Hemblinge hys marke John Gervish
James ¹ Tynkers make James Smyth
Rychard ¹ Balles make Anthonye ¹ Tynkers make
Thomas ¹ Shepard theldr.
Wyllm Andrewes ¹ hys make Anthony ¹ Bacon hys marke

Form of an Alehouse License with Recognizance annexed.

² M^d that Richard Dunne of Holte in the countie of Norff. husbandman is lycensed in the open quarter Session of the peace houlden at Fakenham in the said countie upon Thursdaie being the xxijth daie of September in the Sixt yeare of the reigne of o^r Sovereigne lorde Kinge James to kepe in his now dwellinge house there a common alehouse or victuallinge house, accordinge to the Statute in that behalfe provided. And accordinge to certaine articles herunto annexed. This lycense to indure untill the next Session after Easter next. In witness wherof the seale of office for this purpose ordained herunto is set the daie and yeare above written.

Na: Bacon Henry Sydney³

¹ Their marks.

² Seal bearing date 1608.

³ See Cromer Pier papers.

I. That you suffer no neighbours children or servantes nor anie dwellinge in the same towne to typple in yo^I house.

2. That you suffer none to typple in yor house in one daie above

one houre.

3. That you suffer none to typple in yor house upon Sabaoth or festivall daies in the tyme of the sermon or devine service, nor at any tyme after nyne of the clock, at night.

4. That if anie vagabondes or suspicious persons come to yor house, you shall acquainte the officers wth it, and so allso if anie

goodes be offered in yor house by anie to be sould.

5. That you suffer no dicinge cardinge or other unlawfull games

in yo'r house.

- 6. That you suffer no dronkennes or dissolute order in yor house, but if anie happen to be, to acquainte the constables of the towne win it that the offenders maie be punished.
- 7. That you brew not in yor house but take yor drinke from the Brewers (if it maie be had) and the best to be but at vjs the barrell, and the worst at iiijs the barrell.
- 8. That you drawe out yor drinke by the Ale-quarte or pinte, and not by Jugges or Cupps and sell the best after the rate of iijd the Ale gallon and the worst at ijd the Ale gallon.

Articles to be inquired of by the constables churchwardens and overseers for the poore in everie Towne, where Innes, Alehouses, and Cannykers be: wherof certificat is to be made when thei shall be required from tyme to tyme.

1. Imprimis whither anie person do sell beere or Ale \mathbf{w}^{th} out license there.

2. Item whither anie Inkeeper, Alehouse keper or Cannyker there, do suffer anie person dwelling in the Towne, to remayne & contynue drinking or tipling, in their houses: Except such as the Statute doth permytt, namely; Such as are invited by Travailers, & shall accompany them onely during their necessary abode there (2) Also, labouring & handicraftesmen, in markett Townes, that upon the usuall working daies, for an houre at dynner tyme, shall take their dyet in an Alehouse. (3) Also, labourers & workemen, who having taken worke by the daie, or by the greate in the said Townes shall during their contynuing in worke, sojorne, lodge, & victuell in the said houses. (4) And also, upon other urgent & necessary occasions to be allowed by two Justices of peace.

Proceedings of Justices touching Innes and Alehouses.

- 3. Item whither anie Inkeper, alehouse keper, or cannyker, shall utter, or sell lesse then one quarte of the best beere or ale, for a pennye, or lesse, then two quartes of small beere or ale for a pennye: And to be informed herof to view the pottes whither thei be of the Assise or not.
- 4. Item whither the beere or Ale sold in the said houses do not exceede the Assise enjoyed to the Brewers, wen is, Stronge beere at vj⁸ the barrell, and small beere at iiij⁸ the barrell.
- 5. Item whither anie person dwellinge in anie other Townes adjoyninge do resort to the said houses, and contynue tipling & drinking there: And whither anie of the Towne shall send for beere & ale to their houses from the Innes or alehouses, to tipple & contynue drinking. Thereby to defeate ye intent & good meaning of the lawe.
- 6. Item to certefie the names of some persons that maie testefye ye offences comitted against anie of thes Articles.

Endorsed: Cop. of the Articles to be dl. to the Const.

Bacon's Advice that
Sureties
should be
Subsidy Men.

My humble dutie remembred Yor Lo: letter in the behalf of Mr Pattison I receaved, and made tryall by the best meanes I could, to further his Suite to Mres Elwyn for mariadge, and have prevailed nothing, for shee had before entred Speeche for mariadge wth one Mr Bulwer her neighbor who is like to enjoye from his father 40011 or 50011 by the yeare, besides his owne present estate. And to this Matche shee giveth still acceptance, though it be not hitherto finished. Touchinge the Kinges service about the Alehouses, there hath ben a proceeding in most partes of the County, and wee have admitted a great nomber at the rent prescribed, And yet in a generall conference among orselves, before anie Alehouse keper did receave his license, wee thought good to agree, that no Suerties but Subsidy men should be admitted for the better government of their Alehouse, And this was performed in some partes of the Contrav & broken in other. In my opynion yt were more for the Kinges honor, yf yor Lo. & the rest might thinke so well of it, that such a direction might genally be given, for if liberty be given to take suerties at the discretion of three Justices of Peace wthout restrayning them to Subsidy men, Then men of no value (as formerly yt was used) will be taken, and so no care had for breaking of their bondes in admitting disorder in their houses, weh will cause ye service to be ye worse spoken of, as yf ye rent did embolden them so to do. If anie feare should be conceaved, that this course for Suerties of such value,

should hinder the nomber of Alehouses, there will not prove anie such cause, as I see already by experience, for rather then thei will loose their victuelling, thei will by some meanes or other get those Suerties, And then will it be more for the honor of the Kinge to have it so governed. I thought it fitt for mee to acquaynt yor Lo. herwth And so leave it to yor wisdome to judge therof. Thus beseeching God to give yor Lo. much increase of honor to his Glory I take my leave. From Stewky this 2 of June 608.

Yor ho at Comaundem^t.

Endorsed: Cop. of a Letter to my L. Northt.

After our harty comendations, Wheras of late tymes great inconvenyences and damage have risen to this kingdome by the excessive number of Maulsters now growne throughout the Realme whereof much waste and consumption of grayne hath ben occasioned, Alehouses (the springe of much evill) greatly increased, scarcitie of Bread corne hath hapened the husbandman choosinge rather to sowe Barley then wheate or rey, by reason of his ready vent therof besids sundry abuses are found to bee practised by Malsters as well in the buyinge of barley on the ground before it bee reaped whereby the Marketts are forestaled and unserved, as by maltinge it at unsesonable tymes of the yeare wherby it becometh unwholsome and deceitfull in the use: wch abuses and inconveniences havinge at severall tymes been represented to his Matte and the Board and the present tymes requiring a reformation by a more due execution of the lawe in that behalfe, wee therefore by his Mates speciall direction doe require you or any two or more of you in yor severall and respective divisions to send us a true particular of the names and quallities of all the Malsters wthin that county and what number you shall thinke fitt to bee allowed whereupon his Matte is resolved to take such further course for reformation of the abuses as shalbe meete and so wee bid you &c.

The Council requires particulars of the Maltsters in the County.

W. Cant Bridgewater Wimbaldon Tho. Coventrye Fra: Cottington H. Vane J. Coke H. Manchester Dorsett Fra. Windebanke

PAPERS RELATING TO THE SUPERVISION OF THE POOR.

Order of Quarter Sessions enforcing an order of Petty Sessions for maintenance of a Cripple. At the Sessions of the Peace holden at the Castell of Norw^{ch} on Tuesdaie beinge the second daie of October in the second yeare of the Kinges Mat^{yes} reigne before Henry Gawdie Knight Miles Corbett Knight and others his Ma^{tes} Justices of the Peace in the county aforesaid.

Md. that wheras complainte hath bene formerly exhibited unto the Justices of Peace at the Sessions of the Peace holden at Holton Frydaie beinge the viijte of June laste paste by the Inhabitantes of Alborough, that one Henry Nickerson hath bene retevined in service in the towne of Saxlingham wher he hath received a hurte, by a falle in clyminge so as he is become impotent, since weh tyme he the said Nickerson hath bene removed into the towne of Alborough. contrarie to the lawe, and greatly to the chardge of the said towne of Alborough. And upon the hearinge of the cause at the said Session it was ordered that the Churchwardens and overseers for the pore of the towne of Saxlingham should paie to the Churchwardens and overseers of the towne of Alborough the some of ii⁸ wekely to the maintenance of the said Nickerson, untill the Inhabitantes of Saxlingham should dischardge the said towne of Alborough of the said Nickerson. Now for so much as upon conference at thes Sessions, vt is thought by the courte, that the said some of iis wekely is to great an allowance for the said Nickerson being whole of his hurte. Therfore this courte doe order that the churchwardens and overseers of Saxlingham shall paie from the firste of Maie for tenne weekes together the some of two shillinges weekely unto the churchwardens and overseers of Alborough. And from the end of the said tenn wekes until the said towne of Alborough shalbe dischardged of the said Nickerson, they the said churchwardens of Saxlingham shall paie wekely the some of xijd. And for that the courte is further informed by the Inhabitantes of Alborough that the former order made at the Sessions at Holte, hath bene utterly contemned and in no pointe obeyed. This courte therfore doth further order, that if upon the sight herof, the churchwardens and overseers for the pore of the towne of Saxlingham shall not levie and paie over to the churchwardens and overseers of the pore for the towne of Alborough all the said somes as well of ijs weekely for the x weekes as allso the some of xijd wekely as well for the tyme paste

as for the tyme to come, untill the said towne of Alborough shalbe dischardged of the said Nickerson. That then upon complainte made unto Sr Nathanael Bacon Knight by the Inhabitantes of Alborough, he is to binde over the said churchwardens & overseers for the pore of the towne of Saxlingham, unto the next assize ther to be indited, and further to be punished as by the lawe in such case it is provided.

Endorsed: Cop. of the order between the townes of Alborough &

Saxlingham for Nickerson.

Maye it please yor worshippes, that wheras by you & others of his Mattes Tustices I was nomenated & apoynted one of the overseers for ye poore in Gunthorp & joyned wth old Deynes & the churchwardens who ar Mr Wyte & Thomas Gardyner so it is yf yt please you to hear that this poor man the bearer heerof was cast oute of his house at mydsomer last in so much as I have ben constreyned to get hym a house untyll this next Michaelmas at my owne charges & Thomas Gardyners for neyther Mr Wyte nor Devnes will do any thing in ye busynes so as the poor are utterly unprovided of any habitacon I am humblie to desyre yor worshippes to direct yor warrant to the persons abovenamed to place them wheer they shall thinke meet, for my self am to take a jorney now presently & further do not certeynly knowe whither I shall contynue still in town or no untyll I retourn agayn, of these things I have thought in dutye to lett you understand—beseching you to pardone me in what is to be done for my busynes is great at this tyme. Humblie I take my leave at Gunthorp this 25 of September 1611.

Yor worshippes in all dutye

Br: Godfrey.

Endorsed: To the right worship¹¹ Sr Nathaniell Bacon & Sr James Calthorpe Knightes Justices of peace in the County of Norff.

To the Righte worshippfull his Mattes Justices of Peace for

the Countye of Norff.

In all Humble manner sheweth, & complayneth unto yor good worshippes, yor poore & daylye Suppliant John Platten of Alboroughe in the countye of Norff. That whereas yor poore Suppliant haveinge dwelt and Inhabited in the seid towne, by the space of this thirtye yeres, & hath taken paynes by his honest labor and industrye to maynteyne himself & his famylie, wthout molestinge or any way chargeinge the towne, yet one Thomas Parker gen. Valentyne

Complaint of one Overseer against another.

Petition of Platten who has been Dispossessed of His Dwelling

Croggate & Thomas Pye of the same towne invyeinge yor poore Suppliant caste him in prison & disposseste him of his dwellinge, & hath constrayned him so to contynewe wthout a dwellinge house ever since or Ladye last, yett promised yor Supplt to builde him upp a lyttell house, for weh yor Supplt offred to give towardes the buildinge xx⁸, & after to pay an anuall rent, yett through the meanes of his foremencioned adversaryes his request cannot be graunted, so as he beinge aged & lame, & his wyef lykewise aged, are constrayned to lyve in extreeme penurye, & to waste & consume that lyttell wen he had. The premisses considered, may it please yor good worshippes to be a meanes that yor poore Suppliant & his wyef (accordinge to the Statute in that case provided) may be placed in some convenient place in the seid towne & be releifed in this there owld age, And they as in dutye they are bounden, will contynually pray to god for the prosperous estate of yor good worshippes (in all felicitie) longe to contynewe.

Endorsed: The Humble Peticion of John Plattyn of Alborough.

Petition for housing the Poor of Aylsham in one building.

In the towne of Aylsham ther be of poore people that have neede of the Charytye of others to the number of thre hundered persons. amonge whom ther be manye verye aged, impotent and bedred, by reason of which great multytude of poore the towne is not of suffyevent habylytye to supplye ther necessytye in such sorte as were convenyent: but for that the state of the aged and impotent people is of all the rest most myserable, for that they are not hable to seeke abrode for ther better relevf, and many tymes some of them fallynge sycke become in such pytyfull estate for lacke of good lookyng to as I am loth to utter The consyderacon of this extreme myschefe move the towne to consulte about some remedye for the redresse therof. And for that ther was one great house in the towne wherof ther was no use, but to kepe certeyne rotten stuff that was used to the settynge forward of a superstycyous and ungodly game, which by many yeares before was not played: It was concluded by the bodye of the towne namely by all the chefe of the same, beynge to the nombre of twentye persons to transpose this house to a meat place to gather the impotent and bedred people into wher they beynge togyther myght be better looked unto, by the godly disposed, And also they maynteyned wyth lesse charge then otherwyse they could be dwellynge severally For they so dwellynge in severall houses everye one was fayne to have a severall keper allowed, and a severall fyer:

¹ These do not appear among the Subsidy men of 1602.

And nowe thus gathered togyther one keper and one fyer wold serve them all. But when this our conclusion was put in practyse (although it were verye godly) yeat it had diverse appugners, namely the vonger sorte, and certen Alehouse kepers the one beynge loth to lose ther bable and the other for that they hoped for some gayne if ever the gayme¹ should happen to be sett forth agayne And howe farre they ded oppose them selves it was made manyfeste unto you. After this (for what occasion I knowe not) Sr Christopher Heydon² ded showe him self unwyllynge to our proceadyngs to the great incurragement of those evyll disposed people: And did comaunde that we shold proceade no forther in our purpose, wherby our worke staved for a tyme but after one Robart Clare an Auncyent Townesman had talked wyth Sr Xpofer, he wylled that we should proceade agayne: wherupon we went forward to the bestowynge of fowertye shillyngs in the alterynge of the house: But not longe after Sr Xpofer sent a newe comaundem^t that we should staye for that he ment to have the house for a house of correction wherupon this good worke doth styll stave by which dealynge of Sr Christopher many beyng fearfull to offende him, some verye wyllynge to desiste from ther determynd purpose and to applye them selves unto him. What soever pretence of this staye is made I am credybly informed that this house is ment to be reserved to his old use: And the rather I am ledde to thinke so, for that Sr Xpofer Mr Drurye and other Justices tooke once before this viewe of the sayd house, to se whither it was fytt to be imployed unto a Bryde well, and upon viewe it was not thought meat. And also once talkynge wyth one of those that apposed him self agaynst our purpose uttered words that implyed that Sr Xpofer had put him in hope to have the house imployed for the game agayne. Nowe consideringe the necessarye use of this house for our towne beynge thus overpressed wth povertye, and for that ther hath bene a good parte of chargs imployed about the framynge therof, to this necessarye use. And for that the stayinge of this worke tendeth to the imboldnynge of the worse sorte that hath apposed them selves agayne the same, and to the discredy te of those that have showed them selfes evther fortherers or favourers therof And for the quyte overthrowe for ever of that wycked game.

Maye it please you to be an Aydor and assistor of our good purpose.

¹ gayne in MS.

² Son, by Anne, dau. of Sr Wm. Woodehouse of Waxham, of Sir Chr. Heydon, "the great housekeeper in Norff." (Rye, Norfolk Families). He was knighted at Cadiz and was M.P. for Norfolk 1588.

Faulty Collections for the Poor.

Right worshiptull maye yt plese you to understand that my self and other of my naybores beinge contributors for the relef of the poore Inhabitantes having satisfied the overesears for the hole year paste notwithstandinge the poor doth find them selves not satisfied therewth for some weekes passed of the old yeare: desiering your worshipes assistance in ther behalf And that yt would please you to looke into ther accountes: for I and other of my naybores do find some bade delinge in ther colectinge which I hav charged them with being confessed by my naybor Edmund Money that ther remayned xxvj³ viij⁴ over pluste colected for the poore, the holle Some whiche the poore is to hav is iij¹¹ xvj³ iiij⁴¹ and by account herin inclosed the Some wheh hertofor thaye hav collected or at leste ought to colect is iiij¹¹ ix³. Thuse being bowld to troble you I humblye commit your worship to the tuition of the almighty.

Gunthorpe thise firste of Maj

Your alwayes to comand, Giles Godfrey.

 2A warrant to M^r Holton, Ed. Money Thoms. Gardener and the reste of the churchwardens and overseers for the pore of Gunthorpe of the laste yeare.

	3A colect:	ion 1603	
Christofer Holton	er	Thomas Gardener	xviij d
anno	xij ⁸	Richard Frayday	xvja
Henrey Nicholus	xijs	Richard Mutton	iijd
Edmond Money	xijs	Johne Plaford	xviijd
Richard Duckit	xijs	Alis Moris	iiija
Giles Godfrey	xvijs vjd	Gorge Jewell	iiija
Gregorey Daynes	vs vid	Thomas Bullinge	$_{\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}}^{\mathbf{d}}$
Richard Morey	iij ^s	Robt. Lasby	xviijd
Johne Sporer	xijd	Robt. Buling Junr.	xija
the por	iijli xvjs iiijdi	Nicholus Ringhold	XXd
•	, , ,	Robt. Carre	viija
	Some iiii	ili ixs vid	,

Endorsed: To the right worshipfull Sr Nathaniell Bacon Knight at Steifkey.

The cause of Richard Riplinghams binding to the Sessions.

² Bacon's writing.

¹ The surplus would denote a sum of £3 2s. 4d.

³ Enclosed in above letter, and in Godfrey's writing.

Upon the xvth of Januarie he came to Stifkey to Sr Nathaniel Bacon to be advised by him, what was the fittest course to be taken wth a vagarant boye being about the age of x or xij yeares who had continued in the towne of Warham sick of an ague saying that Mr Stewardson did refuse to make a pasporte to send him awaie, and therfore required a warrant from the said Sr Nathanael unto whome Sr Nathanaell aunswered that being a wanderer and above the age of vij yeares, the Statute doth make him a vagarant, and therfore was to be punished according to the statute, and sent to the place of his birth if his sicknes were such as he might be sent wthout daunger, wherunto Riplingham replied, that his sicknes was rather frowardnes then weakenes, and therupon went home and laid the bove in a carte and so carried him for being in such extreme sicknes that he died upon the waie, and brought him to Bynham, and ther laid him downe deade at the constables gate, and so departed. His miscarriage herin was, First in abusing a Justice of peace, in seeking to be directed by him, did conceale the weakenes of the partie and daunger of his sicknes, weh was the cause why the minister did refuse to make a pasporte for his sending awaie And next, void of all humane pittie would carrie him awaie, seing him in so extreme weaknes and daunger of death, to dischardge the towne of him.

Proceedings on the Death of vagrant removed when in critical state of health.

Right Worshipp¹¹ Whereas one Bartholomewe Barneby a very pore man, dwellinge in our parishe of Holton and wthin yr worshipps Lordshipp of Wissett in the Countie of Suff. is fallen into greate wante, we whose names are hereunder written, most humbly intreate yor wo: together wth the sayd Bartholomewe Barnebye, to grante unto him a certaine waste peece of grownde conteyninge one rood lying wthin our sayd towne of Holton, to buyld him an howse theruppon, being therefore very commodious, and no way prejudiciall to any person therin dwelling, And as we can understand, not opposed by any man, except by one George Dawson who have buylt an howse adjoynynge to this waste place, uppon a peece of grounde conteyning eight acres, purposely (as may be very coulerablye gathered) to gitt in processe of tyme the sayd wast place into his owne proper possession, And to give us a further light of his intencion, he have alredye cutt, and lopped certaine trees and bushes thereuppon growinge, wen were never to our knowledg taken to any private mans use: And further more this sayd Dawson, is neyther tennent unto yor good Wo: nor any way beneficiall unto our parishe, for he payeth all his taske tythes, and herbage unto the

The Inhabitants of Holton Petition for a Piece of Ground for a Poor Man to Build a House on.

towne of Halliworthe. Wherefore if yor good wo: (as our trust is) shall herunto condiscende bothe we and he especially, shall have just cause to praye to god long to continue yor wo: in healthfull prosperity, and to grante you eternall happiness in his kingdome.

Yor worshippes to command
Robt. Worlyche
John Feaveryere
Henry Bullyent
The marke ¹ of John
Wittyngham

Yor worshippes to command
Francis Tayler
Johes Spaldyng
Jeames Bury
Anthony Trasye
Willm. Downynge

Holton this xvithe of Aprill 1609.

Sr if this poore mans request herin be not otherwise contridicted then I heare of as yett you shall doe a charritable ded to graunt his request, And I myself amongst others wilbe thankfull unto you for him.

Yor assured Frend to use Nicholas Garneys.

Endorsed: To the right Worship¹¹ Sir Nathanyell Bacon Knight.

M^d 8 April 1609. ye matter respited till ye next cort and allegacons on both partes to be heard, and therupon proceeding to be.

Endorsed: Barnabyes peticon for a house on Holton Grene.

PURVEYANCE.

After or hartie comendacons Whereas you receyved letters from us viij monethes since to make carefull & present inquire and Certificate of all the full nombers and quantityes of provisions taken for her Ma^{tes} house and stable and therein signifyed the greate & gracious care her Ma^{tle} hath for the reformacon of greate abuses comitted by purveyors to her highnes subjectes. And for that we understand not of anie perfourmaunce by you of this her Ma^{tles} Comaundement and pleasure. Whereas we greatelye Marvell, consideringe the usuall Complaintes made in parliament we doe therefore againe will & require you in her Ma^{tles} name, that presentlie you doe proceade to the diligent execucon & perfourmaunce of the full effecte of the same or former letters. And for the better effectinge thereof, That you doe sware foure or sixe honest substantiall men of everie parishe, that they doe examine & receive true Certificate of everie person in

Council's Instructions concerning Purveyances.

¹ His mark.

their parishe, What nombers and qualities of provicons have beene in that tyme of too yeares past taken from thence eyther at their howses or groundes, or in anie fayer or markett or ells wheare, With the purveyors names that tooke the same & from whom, at what tyme in the yeare, & for what price, & what remaineth due tor anie provicons taken, and as further is expressed in or former letters, and that wth all speede you send us the said certificates that you maie make some parte or satisfaction for your slacknes past, and that we maie knowe from you all the devisions wthin yor shire & the justices names that dwell therein, thereby to understand, Who they be that make defaulte in not perfourminge her highnes pleasure in or lettars expressed. So fare you well from the Courte at Whitehall this xxvith of February 1591.

Yor lovinge frendes,

Willm. Burligh Tho: Burkhurst

Jo: Forthescue

To our loving frendes the Sheriffe and Justices of peace of the county of Norff.

Summary of Chief Constable's Accounts of Provision taken for the Queen in Four Hundreds.

		S. Erpingham												
SI	Price Paid	1	1	1	1	١	1	1		1	2đ	$^{2^{\mathrm{d}}}$	1	
nicker	Market Price	-	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	p9	9 9	1	1
ਹ	Number Market Price Price Paid	1	1	1	1	l	1	[1	١	132	92	. [l
	Price	1	1		1	1	8 q	8q	1	8q	8 q	8q	1	8q
Wax	Market Price	1		1	1	١	pOI	pOI	1	1	$_{pOI}$	pOI	1	i
	Amount Market Price	l	1		1		6olb.	60lb.	1	43lb.	60lb.	6olb.	1	8olb.
	Price	1	-/4	4/-	1	1	4/-	4/-	:	4/-	1/4	<u>-/4</u>	:]	-/4
Oats	Market Price		2/-	2/-	1		-/oI	-/oI	1	1	8/-	- /6	:	1
	Amount Market Price	1	37qr.	38qr.	1113qr.	1	4Idr.	44qr.	lıı 3qr.	30qr.	42qr.	41 gqr.	lıığqr.	30qr.
	Price	24/-	1	l	1	1	20/-	-/bI	20/-	20/-	-		1	1
Wheat	Market Price	36/-	1		1	1	24/-	24/-	25/-	:	١	1	1	1
	Amount Market Price	$3\frac{5}{8}$ qr.	1	1	[6§qr.	o≟qr.	r. Ipk.	Iožqr.		1	1	
		1587	1589)			1500	ì	39	•	1501	ì		

¹ These are not entered as are the other returns but there is a footnote: "All these Dettes were yerely doketed at iiijs the qr."

PAPERS RELATING TO THE IMPRESSMENT OF SEAMEN

After my hartie comendacons, understanding that ther hath bene some abuses used in the late presse of Marryners in that Countie of Norfolke in pressinge more men then were appointed in the directon sent downe, and in discharding some of them for money to the grevance of the pore men, and the exceding great scandall of the service, and no small touch of the reputacon of him who had the cheife managinge of the same, weh greveth me the more in that I understand from my Cosen Sr Robert Manseli of the approved honestie and worth of the gentleman, who for his sake and mine and no other respect was contented to undergoe the toyle of the Service. Therfore that so fowle abuses might not be let slipp and the gentleman's credit held in suspence through the defaultes of his inferior ministers. I have thought good to intreat you in the absence of my Cosin, Mansell, who as you knowe is now wth Celde by her Mats service, to praye and require you to call before you such persons as you shall thinke good, or shalbe led by any mans information to have cause to suspect to have eyther geven or taken money in that sorte, and to examin them (as I take it you maye in this case of her Maties) on their oathes or otherwise on interrogations as you lawfully maye, and to commit to prison all such persons as you shall finde to have bene corrupted wth money to dischardge any pressed man, or to forbeare the pressing of any, untill you have certefied me of their particular offences, and untill you shall receive further order from me for the inflictinge of such punishmtes as maye be thought convenient. And so earnestly praying yor paines herin, I bid you very hartely farewell Court the 13 Feb. 1598

Yor verie loving frende

Notingham

To my verie loving fryndes S^r Myles Corbett S^r Jo: Tounshend Knightes Nath. Bacon & John Holland Esq^{rs} or to anie 2 of them.

Endorsed: Cop. of my L. Adlles letter touching ye examinacon of abuses by ye impresting of Marryners 1598.

Our duties in verie humble wise remembred unto yor Lordship According to the direcons of yor L. letter of the 13th of the moneth past wee have had a meeting in one onely part of this Countie of Norff. And have examined some of the abuses in the late presse of marryners woh was here had And do sende herin inclosed the examinacons, woh wee tooke: whout proceeding to comytt anie of

Abuses
Attending
the Impressing of
Mariners.

Examination of the Abuses has been made.

¹ sic. Query reading wthhelde.

the persons w^{ch} fall out to be faulty: Referring that rather to yo^r ho. wisdome and conference wth M^r Attorney Generall who maie (if yt seme so good unto yo^r ho:) use a more lawfull corse for the punishment of them then appertayneth unto us. Thus comitting yo^r L. to the preservacon of Almighty God wee humbly take o^r leave. From Stifky this 18 of Marche 1598

Yor L. at commandment Endorsed: Cop. of the letter to my L. Adll.

The exam. of Willm. Starkin of Wells taken before Nathaniell Bacon Esq^r the ixth of March 1598.

He sayth that he was preste for a marriner to serve in the Quenes ships about Candlemas laste by M^r Hollonde, and being entred into some chardge, for the paym^t of some debts of his fathers, he was loath to goe the journey, and so seeking his dischardge, did obteyne the same by the meanes of M^r Sharpe, who tooke of him for the same tewe shillings

by me Willm. Starking.

The examⁿ of Clement Maugle of Claye taken before Nathaniell Bacon Esq^r the xith of March 1598

He sayth that one Richarde Kendall his boate master, for his voyage this yeare to Islande, was afore Candlemas laste preste to serve in the Queenes ships by Mr Hollonde, and because the saide Kendall was a necessary mariner for his ships voyage, he sought by the helpe of Mr Xpo. Burmans man to have him spared, and so he was dischardged by Xpo. Burman, whose servant toke of this examter xxs and he gave him besides, halfe a Crowne, for his owne paines.

The examⁿ of John Beane of Sheringham taken the daye and yeare above saide.

He saith that about Candlemas laste he was pressed by Xo. Burman to serve as a mariner in her Mates ships, and seting to get himselfe spared was dischardged by the meanes of John Emerson marshall of the Admiraltie, to whome he gave x⁸ and restored allso his preste money.

Norff. 1599.

Marryners pressed for her Ma tes shippes by Nathanaell Bacon Esquire. 1

¹ Here follow towns and names of those pressed.

prest in							
Northgrenho							xxiiij
Holt .							xxxvj
N. Erpingham				•			xlvj
Yarmouth							Cij
Lynne .							iiij××
1							xxxj
1							lviij
					To	otal	CCCLXVII
pd. to 106 for pre	st&o	condu	ct by :	Na Ba	con es	sqre	
at v ⁸ a man							xxvj ^{li} x ^s
pd. by Sr J. Town	nshen	$\mathrm{d}^2~\&~\mathrm{N}$	Ir She	eriff at	68an		
to III .	•		-				xxxiijli vjs
pd. by Sr Xpo H	eidon	to 10	2 at 4	s 9d ar	n man		xxiiijli iiijs vjd
1							viju jiijs vja
1							vijli iiijs viijd
					i	iiij×	x Xviijll vijs viijd

³The names of the Mariners wth the notes of their persons imprest out of Holt hundred by Nathanael Bacon Esq^r the xxixth of Januarie 1602 to serve in her Ma^{tles} Navie.

Holt Hundred.

Clev.

 1^{o} Robert Amet of the age of xxxvj yeares, of meane stature w^{th} a browne bearde.

a browne bearde.

2º Robert Wimprell of the age of xx yeares of a lowe stature &

wthout a beard.

3° Arthur Dowell of xxv yeares, of a good stature wth a browne bearde⁴ dischardged at Norw^{ch} impreste repaid per Wm Kinge.

4º Willm. Trace of the age of xxj yeares of a lowe stature, wthout a bearde.

5° Ralph Heyton of the age of xxiij yeares of a middle stature, wthout a bearde.

¹ Paper destroyed.

² Son of Sir Roger. Sir John was knighted by the E. of Essex at Cadiz and died in 1603 as the result of a duel with Sr Matthew Browne of Beechworth Castle.

³ There are similar lists of mariners pressed at Burnham and Sheringham

in June 1602.

The entries here printed in italics are underlined in the original. The numbers at the side are in a different hand, probably the same as that of the last entry. Those with no numbers were probably discharged in their own town or village before receiving conduct money to Norwich.

 6^{o} John Dawson of xxvj yeares of age of a lowe stature w^{th} a shorte bearde.

Robert Lyston of xxviii yeares of age of a meane stature, wth a browne

7º Robert Wallys of the age of xx yeares of a middle stature, wthout a bearde.

8º Henry Palmer of the age of xx yeares of a middle stature, wthout a bearde.

Wiveton.

- 9º Alexander Shortin of xx yeares of age of a meane stature wthout a bearde.
- 100 John Miller of xx yeares of age of meane stature wthout a bearde.
- 11° John Pigeon of xxxv yeares of age of a middle stature, wth a browne bearde dischardged at Norw^{ch} impreste repaid per Willm Kinge.

Blakeney.

12º Richard Well of xx yeares of age of a tall stature wthout a bearde Willm. Grene of Matsell impreste in Wells place.

Salthouse.

Waborne.

James Howsegoe of the age of xx yeares, of a reasonable stature wth a short blacke bearde.

Thomas Parre of the age of xl yeares of a middle stature wth a black heade and bearde.

13° George Clarke of the age of xxx yeares of a meane stature, wth a leane face, and wthout a bearde dischardged at Norw^{ch} their impreste repaid per Willm. Kinge.

14° John Stanforth of the age of xxiij yeares of a middle stature with a small thinne bearde dischardged at Norwch impreste repaid per W.

Kinge.

 15° Willm. Bunne of the age of xxx yeares of a meane stature w^{th} a browne bearde.

16º Richard More Shipcarpenter of the age of xxviij yeares of a middle stature wth a smalle bearde.

Morston. 17º Robert Hilders of the age of xx yeares, of a tall stature, wthout a bearde.

Bodham. 18º Henry Tucke of the age of xx yeares of a meane stature, a sanguine complexion wthout a bearde dischardged at Norw^{ch} impreste repaid per Will. Kinge.

19^o Henry Tinker of the age of xviij yeares of a meane stature, wthout a beard dischardged at Norw^{ch} imprest repaid per Willm. Kinge.

Rec. of Willm. Kinge for vj impreste & conduct money of vj mariners dischardged at Norw^{ch} at xij^d impreste & x^d conduct to Norw^{ch}—xj^s.

Mariners imprest out of No. Grenhoe hundred the xxxth of Januarie 1602 for her Ma^{ty} Navie.

20° Richard Willson of the age of xxv yeares of meane stature wth a black bearde.

Walsingham Magna.

21° Arthur Buntinge of the age of xxxiij yeares of a tall stature wth a red beard.

Hindringham.

22° Edmund Coe of the age of xxj yeares of middle stature wthout a bearde.

Stifkey.

23° Dennis Wightman of the age of xxj yeare of a tall stature wthout a bearde.

 24° Edmond Eccles of the age of xxx yeares of meane stature w^{th} a black bearde.

Warham.

25° Willm. Yaxley of the age of xxiiij yeares of reasonable stature wth a small bearde.

26° Edmond Percivell of the age of xxxiij yeares of a lowe stature wth a browne bearde dischardged at Norwh and impreste & c^{d 1} repaid.

 27^{o} Robrt Ogle of the age of xxvj yeares of tall stature $w^{th} \mathrm{out} \; \mathrm{a}$ bearde.

Holkham.

28º James Kendall of the age of xxij yeares of a lowe thick stature & a yellowish bearde.

29° Richard Curtice of the age of xxiiij yeares of meane stature wth a yellow head & bearde.

30° Thoms. Hastings of xxvij yeares of reasonable stature wth a black beard.

31° Roger Lawson of xxvj yeares of reasonable stature w**out a beard dischardged at Norwon and his impreste & cd repaid.

32° Henry Chapman of the age of xxxiiij yeares of lowe stature wth a black bearde.

Binham.

33° Frauncis Clarke of the age of xxiiij yeares of lowe stature, a blacke head wthout a beard.

Wells.

¹c[on]d[uct].

34° John Peerson of the age of xxij yeares of meane stature wth a black bearde.

35° John Denmarke of xxij yeares of lowe stature, a black head wthout a bearde.

36° John Sharpe of the age of xxij yeares of lowe stature wth a small bearde, and blacke heade.

37° Thoms. Chandler of the age of xx yeares of reasonable stature wthout a bearde.

38° John Dickson of the age of xvij yeares of reasonable stature wth a black heade.

39º Nicholas Purdie of the age of xxxiiij yeares of reasonable stature wth a browne bearde and a curled heade.

40° Robert Lewrie of xxiiij yeares of a reasonable stature wth a browne bearde dischardged at Norw^{ch} and his imprest & cd repaid by Jho. Bullock Constab.

M^d that ther was geven to every of this 40 persons xij^d for impreste money and x^d for conduct money unto Norw^{ch} w^{ch} cometh unto—iij^{II} xiij^s iiij^d.

Rec. by Goodman Bullock for the impreste and conduct money of thre dischardged at Norweh beinge parcell of £3 13. 4—v^s vj^d.

Of thes 40 persons impreste out of both hundreds 9 were dischardged at Norweh 6 out of Holt, and 3 out of Northgrenhoe, and so ther went forth 13 out of Holt and 18 out of No. Gr. in both hunds. 31 for weh is to be demanded of the high Sheriffe for impreste and conduct money at v⁸ a man vij¹¹ xv⁸ wherof lvj⁸ x^d was laid out by my M^r and the reste by the Constables.

12 JULY 1620.

After our very harty Commendations, whereas the expedicon which his Ma^{tle} hath bene moved, at the instaunce of his Marchaunts to cause to bee prepared against Pyrattes and therein to imploy six of his owne Royall Shipps is now in good forwardnesse and will bee ready to sett forth to sea by the first of August next. And that the time doeth now requier to prest and take upp such marriners and Seafareinge men as are requisite for the furnishinge of this Fleete. Wee have thought weele for the avoiding of such oppression abuse and corruption, as hath heretofore bene practized by ordinary Prestors to the prejudice of his Ma^{ts} service and the greate injurie and wrong

Privy Council Injunctions for the Impressing of Seamen. of many poore men to make speciall choyce of you for the Presting of 80 marriners and Seafareinge men in that Countie of Norfolke. And doe hereby pray and requier you to give order for the present presting of the foresaid number according to the directions contayned in theis inclosed instructions: Wherein wee pray you to use that dilligence care and expedition as the service requireth and wee shall not fayle to acquaint his Ma^{tle} there withall. And soe bid you very hartely farewell From Whitehall this 12th of July 1620

Your very loveing Freindes

G. Cant.
Fr. Verulam Canc.
T. Arundell
Kellye
F. Digbye

Robert Harmton Geo. Calvert T. Edmonds Lionell Cranefeilde Jul. Cæsar

circa 1620.

To send your precepts to every Constable within your precincts to warne and summon all marriners and Seafareing men aswell Fathers and Masters as sonnes and Servants to appeare personally before you at a certein daie and place to bee apointed, as they will answere for their contempt at their perrills before the Judges of Assise.

Buckingham's Injunctions.

To requier the said Constables to deliver every one respectively unto you at the same place and time a Roll or Booke of the Proper and Surnames of all the Marriners and Seafareing men dwelling or abiding within their severell precincts to bee sent togeather with the Prestroll to the office of the Navie that his Mat⁵ service may bee more equally carried by the knowledge thereof.

If anie Seaman bee omitted in that booke or be not summoned to appeare before you or being summoned shall make default to binde over the said Constables soe offending: and to cause the said partyes not appearing to bee apprehended and bound over, in like manner to appeare at the next assizes to answere their contempt.

At the time and place of appearaunce by your best Judgments or by the advice of men experienced in Sea service to chose out and prest your apointed number of men of such only as are Seamen or Fishermen or that are practised in seafareing and noe unskilfull weake decrepit impotent maymed or unfit persons for his Ma^{ts} service.

To deliver to every one whome you prest their prest and conduct monyes at his Ma^{ts} usuall rates togeather with a ticket or noate in wrighting contayning the name and description of the partie the place whence he was prested the monyes paid unto him wth commandement in his Ma^{ts} name to appeare one such a day before the Clarke of the Checque at C[h]atham to be apointed by him in what shipp hee shall serve.

To take but one or two men at most out of the company of any small Barque and generally to use such discretion in the choyce that his Ma^{ty} may be served, and yet trade and fishing as little hindred as may bee.

To chardg Fathers and Mrs to be answerable for the appearance and service of their sonnes and Servantes and to give warning to all prest men that if they appeare not at C[h]atham according to their Tickets, or depart from the service without lawfull dischardge they shall from henceforth uppon proces to be sent against them out of the courte of the Admiralty be apprehended and undergoe the penalty of the law.

To cause a booke to be drawne of all the names of those whom you prest describing therein their persons by their age stature complexion or other pregnant marke to know them by agreeable to their Tickets and setting downe the monyes delivered for their prest and conduct the place and day of their presting and the time apointed for their appearaunce and to send the said booke signed under your handes to the commissioners of his Ma^{ts} navie at London or the Treasurers office at Deptford that present order may be taken for the repayment of the monyes, and for allowing of Reasonable Chardge to the party whome to that end you put in trust.

G. Buckingham.

Endorsed: Instructions of the Commissioners for impressing of marryners.¹

¹The existing records of the Admiralty Imprest and Ticket Offices date from the Revolution only but some Chatham records date back to the 16th century. The book referred to in the last paragraph was the "Description Book."

PAPERS RELATING TO NATHANIEL BACON AS COL-LECTOR OF SUBSIDIES AND LOANS.

SUBSIDIES.

The experience of the moste of you wen be here called before us is suche as yee be well acquaynted wth the service wch we have in hande. And therfore the lesse nede shall there be to saie much unto you. Yet for order sake and that the forme prescribed unto us in the Acte of Subsidie maie be dulie observed somewhat I ame to saie unto you The Comons assembled in the late Session of Parliament ended a little before Ester did for divers good considerations mencioned in the preamble of the Acte of Subsidie present unto her Maytle Two Fyftenes and a Subsedie of iiijs in the pound for Landes and ijs viiijd for goodes. And this beinge consented unto by the Lo: of the Upper house and accepted of her Maytle hath passed and is established for a Lawe to bynde any persone wthin this Realme therbie. By the same acte aucthoritie is given to the Lord Chauncellor of Englande wth some other to nomynate and appointe comissioners for eny sheire wthin this Realme, for the taxinge, leveyinge, and collectinge of this Subsedie, And emonest others for this sheire of Norff: We here assembled, are put in truste to deale in the same service. By the same Acte also the comissioners have aucthoritie given to call before them, the moste substanciall, discrete, and honest persons of eny hundred, that they maie have in charge given by all convenyent waies and meanes (so that the same be not by othe) to enquier of the best value of eny man's substance, abidinge wthin the same hundred, And this is the ende, whie by or precepte we have warned you to come before us. Yee therfore weh be chosen of eny hundred, are wthin the same to make inquirye, of the estate of eny persone, havinge his moste abode there. And whose Landes doth amount unto xx8 or upwarde, or Goodes to iij 11 or upwardes ye name and surname of env such persone wth his valewe to present unto us: Provided alwaies, that you make the best choice for her

Precis of a Speech regarding the Manner of Assessing circa 1588.

Maytie wch is, yf the value of the Landes be more then the Goodes, then to presente the value of the Landes, And so on the contrarve if the goodes be greater, And yee must never presente any, bothe for Goodes and Landes. The Subsedie graunted unto her Maytle of Alvens, and thoughe ye be denizens, is doble to that wen her Maytie hath of her owne subjectes for of theire Lands there is granted viii⁸ the pounde, and of theire goodes vs iiijd. Therefore of them also ye are to make inquirye And if any have Landes to the value of xxs or Goodes to the value of iijli to presente. And thoughe he have no Landes or Goodes to those values yet if he be an Alyen denysen or not denysen and of the age of vij yeares or above yee shall presente hym or her for her Maytie is to have of env such persone viiid whereof iiijd is to be paid for the first payment and iiijd for the seconde. And the Mr. wth whome any suche Alyen is must be charged therewth. Yee are also to inquire of the Landes and goodes of Gyldes and corporations and accordinglie to presente yf yee knowe of any persone possessed of Goodes to the use of any wthin yor hundred yee are accordinge thereunto to value the same persone for in judginge of the value of eny persone yee are to make deducton of his Debtes and so likewise to value hym accordinge to suche debts as are owinge hym and be recoverable. Yee are also to remember thoughe spirituall persons in respecte of theire spiritualle possessions be chargeable to her Matie by the graunte made in their convocacon yet if any of them have Landes of inheritaunce or for terme of life or yeares or by coppie of corte Rolle to the value of xx⁸ or more yee are to inquire thereof, And to presente his value accordinge therunto and also accordinge to the value of his spirituall possessions. And if he be once taxed thus before us he is to be discharged of the graunt made in the convocation unlesse his taxation be ther greater and then ye best wilbe taken for her Maytie. Yf any persone wthin any of yor hundredes hath had his last abidinge there for any thinge shalbe knownen unto you thoughe the same persone be now absent or oute of the Realme yet yee are to inquire of hym and to tax him where his last abidinge was: yee are also to remember that no infant under the age of xxi yeares shalbe charged to thys subsidie for his Goodes but otherwise in respecte of his Landes. Thies be the moaste materiall Articles weh I have thoughte necessarie to comptt to you rememberaunce for yor better procedinge in this service. It resteth onlie that I do shewe unto you howe the Statute for this Subsidie doth directe both you and us to behave and demeane or selves in this service. The Statute firste doth prescribe unto us to deliver you in

charge that in makinge yor Inquirye yee do not respect any former taxacon heretofore hadd the letters also wch are written unto us from her May^{tes} privey Councell and sente with the comission do speciallie admonyshe us not to regarde the former taxacons of tymes past. Herebie this is to be inferred that bothe the whole state of the Realme, wch is the parliamente, findeth faulte wth the procedings wch hath byne before this for the taxinge of persons, And in asmuche as her May^{tes} privey Councell offer the like complainte that her May^{tle} is the partie whoe vs wronged and for that seketh redresse herein for the question vs of a righte to be set downe betweene her Maytie and her subjecte I hope there is not any so mynded that maketh any doute of her Maytes righte herein for if I or any of you have righte to that w^{ch} is given us and have cause to thinke o^r selves wronged if the same by any indirecte meanes be plucked from us, as greate righte hath her Maytie to this wch is a gifte bestowed uppon her And as just cause hath she to complaine of wronge vf the same or the more parte thereof be undulie kepte from her. There is none of us but thinketh it greate reasone yf any Subjecte be ever burdened wth to hye a taxacon and complaine that he oughte to be releved as greate reasone and more in some respectes ys there to have care for the releif of her May^{tle} whoe nowe by her privey councell, beinge persones carefull for her benefitt, complayneth of her wronge in that her subjectes be so greatlie under valued as the losse therebie unto her May^{tle} in the whole riseth to a greate some. The cheif meanes to helpe this resteth in you went be sessors and suche others as do deale in the like service. And if the same be not somewhat holpen the blame oughte to redounde to you but wil redounde to us. statut besides doth prescribe unto us to give you in charge that yee do trulie present the uttermost values of any persone wthout any concealmente favor affeccon dreade or mallice wen is that when vee comon for the ratinge of any persone none of you be drawen by any those affeccons either to increase the value of any man or lessen ye same. In treuth ye be very judges betwene ye Q's May^{tie} her subjectes for ye substance of eny person, and as a judge ought to be free from partialitie, free from reward, free from reveng and sutch like, so ought ye to be. Ye scripture witnesseth yt Almightie God ye highest Judg of all hath no respect of persons and yt ther is no good thing but procedeth from Him. Let him therefore amongst ye, who wissheth from his hart to walk aright in this service, crave of God ve direction of his Spirit and whosoever from hens hath it not, let him be suer yt he cannot discharg his place wth ye testimonie of a

good conscience please him self never so well. Ye statut hath left a powar either to minister an oth to ye assessors for the better inquirie or fine every of them x^{ll} yf ye comissioners of them shall judg ye assessors to deale corruptly or partially in ye service: but I know ye considerations of you all is such as it shall not be nedfull ons to speake of y^t maner of proceding. I remember not anything besides necessary to be spoken of. Only we are to apoint ye a newe daie for ye retorne unto us of yor certificat according to ye charg w^{ch} hath bene given ye, and ye same shalbe and thus I end w^{th} you.

Subsidies Granted by Parliament do not Lapse on Death of Sovereign. Yor letter of the 29th Marche I received this present daie the 4th of Aprill And do much comende yor care & forwardnes in the service of his most excellent Mattle concerning the Subsidy. You well knowe that a dutie or interest being once vested in the crowne by Act of Parliament, though the glasse of tyme runneth out, yet nullum tempus (as is comonly said) occurit Regi. But for yor direction (wen you desire) herin you cannot have a better president then of the L. Keper, the L. Treasurer, the Lo. Chiefe Justice, and amongst others myself late Comissioners for this Subsidy wthin the Cittie of London, who have spared to proceede therin, untill further warrant & directon be obteyned, in that behalf wen as sone as it shall come (being daily expected) you shall be advertised therof. And so wth my right hartie comendacons to you all I comytt you to the blessed proteccon of the Almighty

From Holborne 4 Apr. 1603.

Yor assured loving frynd EDW. COKE

To the R. Wor¹¹ his verie loving fryndes S^r Arthur Heveningham S^r Edw. Clere S^r Clement Heigham S^r Phill. Woodhouse² & S^r Bass. Gawdy³ Knightes give these.

Endorsed: Cop. of Mr Att. Lre.

After or very harty comendacons, We are very sory to have just cause to write unto you in a matter wherein both his Matte and or

¹ The grant is for 2 Fifteenths and a Subsidy. As the four last Parliaments of Elizabeth voted in excess of this—1589 = 2 S 4 T and F; 1593 = 3 S 6 T and F; 1597 = 3 S 6 T and F; 1601 = 4 S 8 T and F—this document must be dated ante 1588.

² M.P. for Castle Rising, 1586; Sheriff for Norff. 1594-5; Knighted at Cadiz

1596; deputy Lieutenant of Norff.; ob. 1623.

³ Brother of Sir Tho. of Claxton and Sir Francis the Lord Chief Justice. His christian name was from his mother, Anne Bassingborne.

selves in steade of thankes for yor expected travell doe justly thinke you worthy of blame and reprehencon for yor careles and remisse proceedings in the assesm^t of the first paim^t of the first subsidie, to the great diminishinge of that valewe wen his Matie had reason to expect should rather have bene increased in regarde of his extraordinarie urgent occasions to use money both towards the paim^t of the loane and for other great debt of the crowne whereof we knowe you cannot be ignorant, the valewe of yor late certificates appearinge to be much lesse then in former tymes except the remaine of the late subsidie graunted in the Quenes tyme deceased and paid in the first yeare of his Ma^{ties} reigne, wherein all so what partial course was held the bookes themselves wth the other of the former tymes doe make manifeste by the inultitudes of abatementes and those of manie of the principall and wealthyest of the countie, weh president you have now followed as it seemeth in yor last assessm^t a thing so full of private respectes and prejudice to his Matte as we must tell you that it makes you unexcusable when it shall be brought in question. But for that it maie be you will indevour to transferre the fawlt from yor selves to the Sessors or Presentors whose billes you were to receive, and so to passe the assessm^t, it is fitte you know that this maje no waie excuse you, well knowinge the authoritie geven you by act of parliam^t as well to punish by waie of fine all such particuler assessors as all so to reject such bills, and to inquire of and examine ther better valewes as by the act is prescribed wch if you had done and made some example by punishm^t, no doubt the service had better succeded, and yet without anie just greivances of the inferior sorte.

And wher some of yo'r selves Comissioners of the Subsidie and other Comissioners of the Peace being sessed at so extreme lowe rate farre under yo'r knowne valewes cann be but a spetiall cause of yo'r connivencie in others who might take themselves to be the harder dealt wth if they should be sett above or equall wth you, beinge of yo'r owne rancke wee thinke it nott convenient that anie of yo'r selves or anie in comission of the peace though some of them be towards the lawe, be from henceforth sett under xxll land at the least. And therefore if wee finde anie assessmt under that valewe his Mates meaninge and resolucon is to forbeare them herafter eyther in that service as Justices of the Peace or any other of trust and credit nothing beinge more offensive and scandalous in all thes kinde of service then that men of place and valewe should be rated so much to spare them selves wth their owne so little benefite and so apparent great prejudice to and losse to his Matte. We find like wise yo'r bookes

Letter of Reprimand for Partiality shown in Assessing the Subsidy filled up wth multitudes sett out at xx8 and wch beinge the very lowest rate, wee maie wth reason conceive to growe out of parciallytie and favour to the parties so assessed though manie of them are not persons landed but farmers artificers and tradesmen, and consequently to be done wth intent to defraude his Matie being but halfe the valewe of iijij goods as you knowe weh is all so expedient to be reformed. The like abuse is all so comitted in makinge up yor books at vor metinge wher it is not meant anie person of what degree or qualitie soever should allwaies chalenge the doinge thereof to himselfe for anie respect whatsoever nor that anie alteracon or abatem^t be made in anie sorte but wth the generall consent and that upon juste cause of all the Commissioners presented at the assessm^t And that the same bookes be by tourne made up by the clarkes of such Commissioners as shall be present and attende the service. And wher allso divers persons of good estate and abilitie doe eyther of purpose or by chaunce, as their other occasons doe require remove themselves from the places wher theire abilities are best knowne into other sheires and places wher their estate is not so well understoode, and this beinge done before the tyme of the taxacon of the subsidies and they gettinge certificates from the other places of their knowne abilities doe therby defraude the trewe intent of the act by gettinge themselves to be sett at very lowe and under valewes, where by the act ech ought to be sett and taxed, wher he and his familie were resident for the moste parte the years next before such taxacons, and not elswher not beinge Commissioners. Thes are to require you to looke carefully to it that the taxacon maie be made accordingly, and that you make no certificates for anie that are taxed before you, except for such only as have made their residence wth their family in the place wher they are taxed by the moste parte of the yeare next before such taxacon. And for such as have removed from their former habitacons and vet have made their residence wth their family in the place wher they are taxed by the space of one yeare next before such taxacon we require you to take a dewe exam. of such accordinge to the acte, whereby they maie in no wise falle from that w^{ch} they were sett or taxed in their former taxacons of that or other subsidies wher you shall finde juste cause of their decaies.

And wher you are to nominate the Assessors and to assesse them it shall be very requisite that accordinge as the acte doth prescribe, you appointe such in every place to be assessors as are moste able and discrete and those to be a competent nomber and that yor selves accordinge to the acte assesse them at reasonable and covenient

rates And for or better satisfaccon of yor good service herin wee advise you to put the adicon of Sessor to the name of every assessor whereby we maie be certified from the Exchequer by the estreates to be sent thither how the Assessors them selves of every township or place are sett. Another kinde of practise as straunge as the reste is allso much put in use by the inhabitantes of sondry townes and parishes amongst whome some one or two only are usually presented and assessed in subsidie and all the rest contribute to that chardge, and by this meanes are exempted from this paim^t of any subsidie savinge that smale porcon wen they so contrybute, whereas in truth manie of those inhabitantes are of sufficient abilitie to be assessed, and paie wth the rest that are so assessed, abuse such and so greate as is fitt to be moste severely reformed and punished. We might remember unto you manie other undue courses held by you the Commissioners as in the like manner in the Assessors to the hindrance of this so important service, but wee forbeare the same in hope yor future indeavours will geve testimonie of yor more care and diligence in a mater of such consequence wherof his Matte intendeth to take an accompte and so make his judgmt of every mans good or vll desert.

And lastly because divers of you the commissioners are of the parliam^t house, and therfore yo^r best indeavours is to be imployed before yo^r cominge out of the countrye, it is very needefull that yo^r firste sittinge be before the firste of Februarie and the commission to be therupon proceded in as you maie not faile to send unto us by the Vth of March next cominge in wrytinge as well the severall rates at w^{ch} yorselves the commissioners are assessed and allso of all such as are knightes or in comission of the peace for those partes w^{ch} you are to deale wth, that wee maie perceive how farreforth this admonition hath prevailed wth you and therby to be able to geve his Ma^{tte} the better satisfaccon in his Ma^{tes} service. And so we bid you hartely farewell From the courte at Whitehall the 17 of Januarie. 1606.

pt. script.

Wee doe well consider that in the laste clause of or letters touchinge the tyme of settinge and sendinge certificates we have foreprised the tyme precisely lymited by the Statute wen beinge in regarde to the extraordinarie occacon of speede in the service in the cominge of some of you to the parliam^t We wish it maie to be observed if not, yet the spediest tyme to be taken.

Yor very loving frendes,

Tho: Elsmere Canc. E. Wotton.

Tho: Dorset. Gilbert Shrewsbury.

H. Northamton. Salisbury. Edw. Worcester. John Stanhope.

Tho: Suffolk. Popham.

Memorandum of the Commissioners.

A remembr. of things agreed upon 21st Sept. 1621 at Walsingham by Sr Charles Cornwallys, Sr Natha. Bacon & Sr Robt. Gawdy, Knightes, Jo. Richers & Ric. Gwynne Esqrs Comissioners for the Subsidy. 1. sel 2. Subs.

Imprimis that Mr Corbett be moved by Sr Charles & other Justices of thes lymittes at the next Sessn. at Norch to paie in the

5011 allotted to ye house of correcton at litle Walsingham.

Itm. a letter to be written by the Comrs of thes lymitt to Sr Phi. Woodhouse for the sending to them of the Scedule of Taxacon upon the Comissioners to be subscribed. Otherwise that thei intend to excuse them selves by a letter to the lles.

Robt. Money of Welles thought fitt to be h. coll. of ye Subs. in N.

grenho. lymitt & Edm. Skynner for ye lymitt of Landich.

To order that Tho. Deynes be bound to his good behavior & ad px. Sess. pro Holt hundred for abusing ye Assessors of Holt Hundr. Com. to the C. Con. Jo. Shapley.

 M^d . Corbettes entry to be staied for 3 daies till he certifie &c whether he will be laid xx^{li} or stande as he is in Bilaigby. The like

for Mr F[oun]teyn of Sale.

The bookes to be returned ingrossed at Holt at one a clock on the

viijth of October lune.

Endorsed: Rem. of things agreed on by the Com^{rs} for Subsd. 21 Sept. 1621.

Privy Council complains of Negligence and Partiality. After or harty comendacons, It is not unknowne unto you uppon what necessary & urgent consideracon there was by the last Parliamt two Subsidies graunted to his Majtte whereof the first was payable in October last and the other is to bee paid in May next. And there is at this presente comission directed unto you for the assessmt and levyinge this latter Subsidy accordinge to the Statute. The same

¹Of Hainford and Beeston. Knighted 1603. Ambassador to Spain. Norff. Visitations, II, 347.

consideracon that moved both the houses to graunt both those Subsidies ought to bee a sufficient motive unto you not only to proceed with all expedicon and diligence in the said commission but to use a further care and endeavor to make yor assessmt more proportionable to mens values then heretofore hath been don; for although his Ma^{tie} doth not expect from you that accordinge to the strictnes of the Act of Parliam^t all men should bee taxed at theire just and true values either in landes or goodes, neverthelesse in all due consideration these Subsidies at this tyme beinge to bee imployed in necessarye and present provisions for Warre theire ought due regard to be had to assesse men at higher values then of latter tymes hath ben don and nearer to theire abilities and livinges and not to take liberty to yor selves to keepe the assessemt att such rates as you fynde lowest or as was last sett att. And many tymes you omitt men of good value in sundry parishes soe as the former somes from those places be made good by weh favors and other devises the Subsidyes are in paym^t become much lesse then they were in former yeares of Queen Elizabeth of happye memory, for in the first yeare of her Raigne the Subsidye of yor county was then £7465. 4s. 13d. whereas the Subsidyes payd by the county of Norff: 18 Jac; came but to £2198. 19s. 10d. Wee therefore that knowe the necessitye of these private imploymentes wch growe to soe high a chardge upon the Kinge cannot in performance of or duityes but tell you hereof and earnestly comend to yor care the assesseinge of all sortes of men to a higher and more proportionable rate then of latter yeares hath ben used. And this rule wee hold fitt to be constantly kept that no Comissioner of the Subsidies or Justices of the Peace of the county (went the lawe requireth to be at £20 landes) bee not sett under that some, and if you who bee great possessors would begin to highten yor selves in some good proportion you should thereby not only shewe a good demonstracon of yor zeales to further his Majties service, but alsoe drawe others the more willingly to come up to lardger taxacons. Therefore wee expect that you the Comissioners will make your begining an example to others and as men goe beyond others in livinge and hability soe you will highten them in proportions accordinge to theire worth and value, for nothinge doth diminish more and lessen the Subsidies then that gents of the greatest livings and wealth doe use all means to be allwaies kept at overlowe rates. And therefore his Maj^{tle} beinge desirous nowe at this tyme to make proofe of vor effectual proceedings in this matter and to have some accompt of yor doeinges herein to the end his Majtie may see the

fruictes of yor good endeavors and have cause to thanke you as yor services shall herein deserve. There may many other direcons be given, but wee knowe you to be gents of discretion judgmt and fidelity and therefore the mayne service will consist in yor zealous care and well carryadge of the buisnes and soe to apprehend his service at this tyme as the importance of the presente affaires doth require, and accordingly dispose yor selves without parciall respect or favor of any person whatsoever but to advance the subsidies and paymt by all the good meanes you may, not only wth expedicon but to such rates as may comend yor labours and awnswere both the expectacon of his Majtie the necessitye of the tyme and the good affeccon of the Parliamt that granted the said Subsidies. And soe wee bid you hartily farewell From the court at Whitehall the 28th of February 1625.

yor loving Freindes,

Tho: Coventry, Marlburgh, W. Manchester, Arundell & Surrey, Pembroke, Montgomery, Kellie, Robt. Naunton, Rich. Weston, Jul: Cæsar, Hum. May.

COMISSIONERS FOR YE SUBSIDIES.

Arundell. Tho: Richardson Kt. servien. ad Bp. of Norwch1 legem di R. Jo: Sucklinge Knt. Tho: Athow Ricd. Groyn Servien. ad leg. Edm. Bacon Tho: Woodhowse Kt. Baronet Edrede Sucklinge deane Roger Townshend Rich: Barney Baronettes Drue Drurye Jo: Corbett Franc. Gawdye Cha: Cornwallys Xpofer Calthorpe Jo: Heveningham Jo: Spelman Ham: Le Strange Antho: Hobart Tho: Cotton Henr. Spelman Aug. Palgrave Owen Shippard Ktes. Robt. Gawdye John Jermye Tho: Hamond Ca: Sucklinge Tho: Southwell Fra: Mapes Io: Hobart Robt. Bell Jo: Hare

¹Samuel Harsnet, from Chichester June 17, 1619; translated to York, Nov. 26, 1628.

¹In hoc libro continetur taxacio secunde partis secundi subsidij concessi domino Regi nro. Jacobo per act. parliamenti Anno regni sui Anglie &c tertio ut patet in eodem.

AYLESHAM

Landes.	
Henry Noogate gen.	v ¹¹ Assesur
Wm. Neave gen.	iij ¹¹
John Chosell	viij¹¹
Thomas Dowghtie	vli
Thomas Rumpe	iiij11
Richarde Brevyter	iiju
Robert Growt	iiiju
Dorothie Oxborowgh vid.	iiju
Robert Barker	iiiju
Thomas Cresey	ijiju
Willm. Cresey	$xxx^{s*}xl^{s}$
Andrewe Tuck	XX^g
John Some	$\mathbf{xl}^{\mathbf{g}}$
Fyrmyan Lawes	xl^s
Thomas Skyffin	XX ⁸
Robert Doye	xx^{g}
James Smyth	XX^{g}
Thoms. Smyth Jun.	x_{s}
Thomas Pynnes	X_{s}
Robt. Tompson sen.	$xxx*xl^s$
Xpofer Cresey	$xxx*xl^8$
Thomas Smyth sen.	X_{B}
Humphrie Holbie	x_{ls}
Henry Coates	x_{l_B}
John Bradye	XX^8
Symond Smyth	$xxx*xl^s$
Edmond Allens	XX^g
Thomas Rayner	XX^8

¹ The following Subsidy Rolls have been preserved, but are omitted for want of space: three Rolls of South Erpingham Hundred (1601) the one for 1606 being given below; Gallow Hundred (1607), Lands £188, Goods £81; North Erpingham Hundred (1602), Lands £497, Goods, £286; Laundich Hundred (1621), Lands £284, Goods £78, and three Rolls of Northgrenhoe Hundred (Oct., 1602, April, 1603, and Sept., 1607), the last roll showing Lands £317, Goods £169.

* All entries starred in this document are crossed out in the original. Those printed in italics are there entered in a different hand. See Intro. p. xv.

THE OFFICIAL PAPERS OF

	Edmond Empson		xxx* xls
	John Barker		$\mathbf{xl^s}$
	Reighnold Thurst	on	XX ⁸
	Symond Levering		XX^8
	Robert Brevyter		XX^8
	Edmond Wattes	XX^8	
	Edmond Chosell		XX^8
	Thomas Empson		xl^s
	Thomas Orwell		XXX ⁸
	Robert Wyke		XX^8
	Willm. Greene		XX ⁸
		Goodes.	
	Lawrence Burr		v^{11}
	Robt. Gurney gen		iij ¹¹
	John Chosell		$xiij^{11}$
	Robt. Tompson		iij ^{II}
	Rychard Leman		$_{ m V}$ li
	John Growt		vij ¹¹
	Andrewe Wortley		iij ¹¹
	James Gedge		iiju
OULTON		Landes.	
	Erasmus Buck		iij ¹¹ Assessur
	John Allens		$\mathbf{x}]s$
	Rychard Roll		iij^{11}
		Goodes.	•
	Thomas Bell		iiij ¹¹
	Nicholas Bell		iij ¹¹
	Edmond Bell		iij ¹¹
	John Bell		iij ¹¹
Ingworth		Landes.	
	John Moore		xl^s
	Willm. Ryce	_	xl_8
	a.	Goodes.	
*	Skerit		iij^{11}
Barmingham	******	Landes.	
	Willm. Cooke		iiij ¹¹
C	Richard Cooke		xls* iijli
Saxthorpe	A 41 Tr.	Landes.	******** 4
	Anthony Page		iiij ^{li} Assesur
,	Willim, Edmondes		iijli
	Willm. Larwood		x_{ls}

	SIR	NATHANIEL BACON, 15	80-1620	87
		Robert Toolie	XX^8	
		Thomas Crane	XX^{g}	
		Nicas. Robardes	XX ⁸	
		Thomas Jeckes	XX ⁸	
		Edward Greene	XX ⁸	
		Goodes.		
		John Shackle	iij¤	
		Henry Ram	iiju	
		$Robt.\ Booth$	411	
	WYCKMER	Landes.		
		John Dixe alias Ramsey ge		
,m.		Willm. Reve	\mathbf{x} l ⁸	
dere-		John Larwood	$xxx^{8*}xl^{8}$	
		Henry Pageat	\mathbf{x} l ⁸	
		Mathewe Crane	XX ⁸	
		Willm. Lubbock	XX ⁸	
		Thomas Botevaunt	iiij ¹¹	
		Jeffrie Botevaunt	iijli	
		Xpofer Fuller	XX ⁸	
		Goodes.		
		Edmond Baron	vj^{11}	
		Thomas Gaye	v^{11}	
	Heydon	Landes.		
		Anne Ladie Towneshend	vj ^{ti}	
		Robert Kempe gen.	iiij ¹¹ Assesur	
		Edward Marshall	$\mathbf{xl^s}$	
		George Gardener	XX ⁸	
		John Hambleton	xl^s	
		John Claxson	xl^s	
		Willm. Drewrie	$xxx^{s*} xl^{s}$	
		Robert Jarie	XX ⁸	
		Robert Browne	XX ⁸	
		Willm. Robyns	$xxx^{8*} xl^{8}$	
		Grace Froste vid.	XX ⁸	
		Roger Loane gen.	XX^8	
		Thomas Bartram	XX^{B}	
	WESTBECKHA	Landes.		
		Thoms. Funtston gen.	iiij ¹¹	
		Gregory Botolphe	xl^s	
		Edmond Clarke	XX ⁸	

THE OFFICIAL PAPERS OF

	G	oodes.
	Jeffrie Ryches	iijii
THWAYTE		andes.
	Thoms. Hobart gen.	
	John Bonde	Xls
	Willm. Drewrie	XX ⁸
	Willm. Woolsey	iijli
	.	oodes.
	James Cubyt	iiijli
COLBYE	James Subje	andes.
	Wm. Lymsey gen.	vj ^{lí}
	Anne Sterlinge vid.	XX ⁸
	Anthony Sterlinge	XX ⁸
	Robert Gogle	XX ⁸
	John Bancrofte clar	
	Edmond Smyth	XXS
	Robert Burre	
		oodes.
	Reighnold Allen	oones. _X li
	Richard Leman	v_j ii
	Andrew Wortley	iij^{li}
ERPINGHAM		andes.
DRIMGIAM	John Woolsey	vii
	Richard Gobard	
	Robert Norton	xxxs* xls
	John Norton	XX ⁸
	John Taylor	XX ⁸
	Thomas Lubbock	XX ⁸
		XX ⁸
	Andrewe Goddinges Oliver Robinson clar	$xxx^{s*}xl^{s}$
		k xx ⁸ oodes.
	Willm. Panke	
		ijjli
Woolterton	Thomas Spurrell	iij ¹¹
WOOLIERION		indes.
	Marie Langdon vid.	XX ⁸
ALBYE	Willm. Morse	x]s
ALBYE		ındes.
	George Carre gen.	vij ¹¹
	Wid. Plumpstead	iij̇̀¹¹
	George Tolle	XX8
	John Fenne	XX ⁸

SIR	NATHANIEL BACON, 15	580–1620	89
	Willm. Bacon	$xxx^{s*}xl^{s}$	-
	Prudence Botolphe vid.	XX ⁸	
	Frauncis Blofild vid.	xl^s	
	Jeremy Blofild	xl^{g}	
	*Edmond Barfoote	XX ⁸	
	Goodes.		
	John Bennyngton	v^{11}	
	*Robert Dixe	iiiju	
BLICKLINGE	Landes.	,	
	John Smyth gen.	v^{11}	
	Willm. Smyth	xls* iijli	
	Thomas Whyght	XX^8	
	Henry Allens	XX^8	
	Richard Smyth	$xxx^{s*}xl^{s}$	
	Thomas Gallowe	XX^8	
	Caterin Smyth vid.	XX^8	
	*Humfrie Člere gen.	XX ⁸	
	Elizabeth Smyth vid.	XX^8	,
	Roger Aldred	XX ⁸	_
	Xpofer Younges	xl^s	
	James Callowe	XX^8	
Corpustie	Landes.		
	Wm. Bacon gen.	XX^8	
	Thomas Norton	$xxx^{s*} xl^{s*} xx^{s}$	
	John Mellson	XX^8	
	Richard Page	XX^{g}	
	John Cromd	XX^8	
	Edmond Bartram	xx^{s}	
	Goodes.		
	Edmond Catton	iij ¹¹	
_	*Edmond Bartram	iij̇̀u	
BACONSTHORE			
	Sr. Xpofer Heydon Knight		
	Thomas Rowland	x_{ls}	
	Amye Rowland vid.	XX^8	
	*Robert Wychingham	XX^8	
	Willm. Fyssher	XX^8	
	John Spurrell	XX ⁸	
	Nicholas Howes	$xxx^{s*}xl^{s}$	
	Gregory Howes	XX^8	
	Richard Yarham	XX^8	

1	HE OFFICIAL E	APERS	OF
	Henrie Drewrie		XX^{S}
	Edward Sowgate		XX^8
ITTERINGHAM	· ·	Landes.	
	Nicholas Bell		XX^8
	James Gogle		XX8
	0	Goodes.	
	John Corpuldick g	en.	vill
	John Wylsham ge	n.	iiij́H
	John Boddye		iiju
	Jeffrie Hawgh		iijli
	Francys Fycke		4 ¹¹
BANNYNGHAM		Landes.	•
	Symond Smyth		$\mathbf{xl}^{\mathbf{s}}$
	Willm. Gogle		xl^s
	Willm. Kylbye		xxx^s
	Willm. Crome		xxs
	Thomas Crome		$xxx^{s*} xl^{s}$
	John Neve		xl^s
	Thomas Brigge		$xxx^{s*} xl^{s}$
	Roger Ormes		XX^8
	Xpofer Rysinge		XX^8
	Symond Tolle		XX^8
	.	Goodes.	
	John Chrismas		iij¤
CALTHORPE		Landes.	
	Thomas Webster		iij ¹¹
	John Gobard		XX^g
	Thomas Chrismas		$xxx^{s*} xl^{s}$
	Marie Tubbyn vid	•	v^{li}
	Richard Wegge		XX ⁸
TUTTINGTON		Landes.	
	James Allen		$xxx^{8*} xl^{8}$
	Thomas Becker		ls* 3li
	Thomas Asshe		XX ⁸
	Willm. Tylles		XX ⁸
	Frauncis Crome		xxs
	Raphe Ormes		XX^8
	Robert Serles		XX ⁸
		Goodes.	
	Clement Rolf gen.		v ¹¹ Assesur

STRATTON	Landes.	
-	*Thomas Marsham	iiij ¹¹
	Robert Bulwer	iiju
	Alexander Slaten	XX ⁸
	Henry Chaplin	XX ⁸
	Georg Jolly	$\chi \chi^{g}$
Brampton	Landes.	••••
	Edward Brampton at.	viij ¹¹
	Robert Shirlock clark	xls
	Clement Tylles	XXX ⁸
	*John Brampton gen.	Vli
	Nicholas Suffild	XX ⁸
Borowgh	Landes.	
	Willm. Tilles	iiijli
	Thomas Howes	iiij́u
	George Bell clark	ls* 3li
	Thomas Hawe	xxs
	Robert Styberd	XX ⁸
	Frauncis Baker	XX ⁸
	John Baker	XX ⁸
Bylawgh	Landes.	
	Henry Paynell gen.	v^{li}
	Elizabeth Puttock vid.	XX ⁸
	Steven Puttock	$xxx^{8*} xl^{8} * xx^{8}$
	John Chidlowe clark	xl ^s
	Avys Garlock vid.	XX ⁸
	John Flyght	XX ⁸
	Goodes.	
	Robert Barney gen.	v^{li}
Hobbies Mag		
	Owen Claxton gen.	vj ^u
	John Lyncon	iiju
	Rychard Lyncon	xls
	Beamond* Frauncys	iij ¹¹
	$ {Goodes}.$	•
	Robert Wasye	iij ¹¹
	*Hamond Claxton	Vli
OXNET	Landes.	
	*Ales Paston vid.	xv^{li}
Hobbies Par	VA Landes.	
	Wm. Baspoole sen. gen.	iiij ^u

	Goodes.	
	Willm. Baspoole Jun.	iiju
Buxton	Landes.	
	Edmond Stubbe gen.	v^{11}
	Nicholas Lynstead	$xxx^{s*} xl^{s}$
	Nicholas Corker	xx^s
	Richard Fyck	XX8
	Annie Elmar vid.	XX ⁸
	Raphe Exham	XX ⁸
	Thomas Allen	xx^{s}
	Lyonell Topcliff	xx^8
	Xpofer Corker	XX ⁸
	Katheryn Care vid.	xx^8
	Raphe Mathew	xx^s
	Goodes.	
	*Awsten Wood gen.	vj ¹¹
	Robert Peretree	v^{1i}
	Thomas Willson	iijli
	Edmond Haunde	iiju
	Thomas Elmar	iiju
	John Goldinge	iiju
	Hamond Claxton	v^{11}
SKEYTON	Landes.	
	Henry Empson	$xxx^{s*} xl^{s}$
	Thomas Fuller	xxx ^{8*} xl ⁸
	John Culling Clark	XX ⁸
	Edward Fuller	xx^s
	Henry Churche	XX ⁸
	Henry Woolmer	xx^s
	Xpofer Tilles	xx^{s}
	Robert Smyth	$l^{s*} x l^{s}$
	Goodes.	
	Richard Vypon	iij11
	Willm. Hanck	iij^{11}
Lammas	Landes.	
	Robert Allen sen.	iij1i
	Robert Allen Jun.	$l^{s*} x l^{s}$
	John Smyth	xx^{8}
	John Allen sen.	xls
	John Allen Jun.	xx_8
	Thoms. Elwyn clark	XX8

Amye Myller vid.

XX8

		01
	Willm. Suffild	XX ⁸
	Willm. Woodrowe	xl ⁸
MARSHAM	Landes.	
	Willm. Phillips	$\mathbf{v}^{\mathbf{li}}$
	Xpofer Revegen.	xl^{g}
	Willm. Lynge	xls
	John Wake	XX ⁸
	Edmond Marsham	XX ⁸
	John Dowsinge	XX ⁸
	John Dixe Jun.	XX ⁸
	Thomas Moyses	XX ⁸
	Goodes.	
	John Browne	iiij ¹¹
HEVENYNGHA		,
	Thomas Thetford ar	xli Assesur
	*Thomasin Thetford vid.	iiiju
	Frauncis Godfrie gen.	iiju
	John Reyner sen.	Xls
	John Reyner Jun.	xl s
	Willm. Coddenham	XX ⁸
	John Watker	XX ⁸
	Edmond Smyth	XX ⁸
Воотом	Landes.	
	Thomas Claxton gen.	iiij ¹¹
	Robert Hewke	XX ⁸
	Elizabeth Shackle vid.	
	in anunitate	xl^s
•	Goodes.	
	Robt. Laverocke	iijli
	Morgan Bylbye	ijĬН
CAWSTON	Landes.	,
	Edward Hamond clarke	vj ^{li}
	Edwarde Lome	vili
	George Sawyer	\mathbf{x}^{ls}
	Robert Easton	xls
	John Haylock	xls
	John Spratt	$xxx^{s*} xl^{s}$
	Tobie Levit	$xxx^{s*} xl^{s}$
	Thomas Towell	XX ⁸
	John Bradie	XX ⁸
	John Parnell	xx^s

Thomas Turner	XX ⁸
Robert Bloome	XX ⁸
George Bloome	XX ⁸
Edmond Sendall alias	
Farecloth	XX ⁸
James Scott	XX8
Willm. Batch	XX ⁸
Goodes.	
Willm. Rixe	iiju
John Dennye	iijii
Willm. Hillington	iiju

Taxatio per Scessores quorum nomina hic subscripta sunt.

Robt. Kempe Henrye Norgate Anthony Page Erasmus Bucke Clement Rolf.

LOANS.

After or verie hartie comendacons to yor Lo: wee do sende unto vor Lo: herwth certayn her Mates letters under her privie seale directed to divers persons whome wee have cause upon inquisicon & informacon given to us as yor Lo: knoweth to think to be of hability to lend such soomes of money as are particlerly specified in the said privie seales wch wee thinke meet for the more speedie & carefull execution of her Mates service in this poynte should be ordered by yor Lo: in manner as followeth. First the prvie seales wth all convenient speede to be sent by yor Lo: to yor Deputie Lieftenants in the counties under yor comission wth directon to them to sende for certayn of the Justices whome thei shall thinke meet for their credytte & good disposition towardes this service wthin the severall devisions of the Shires and to deliver the said privie seales unto them & everie of them so many as are directed to persons inhabitinge wthin their said divisions to be by the said justices disposed in this manner followinge. That is, upon their repaier into their severall devisions thei shall forthwth sende for such persons to whome the prvie seales are directed wthin their devisions to repaire to them at some convenient places and first using to them as of themselves by

Instructions to Justices for the Raising of a Loan.

waie of fryndlie admonition some good persuasions to encourage them to yealde both willingly & speedily to ye soomes conteyned in the said privie seales by waie of loane. And in case the said Justices shall fynde anie of the parties to whome ve privie seales are directed unwilling & consequently refusinge to yealde to the soomes required then shall thei be by yor Lo: directed to take bondes of them to appeare before yor Deputie Lieftenantes, to whome upon their apperaunce made accordingly, the said deputies are to be directed by yor Lo: that using the like gentle persuasions to induce them to yealde therunto in case thei shall find them to persist in their refusall, then to let them understand that it is determined that inquiry shalbe made by comission & by jurie of the true valew of their landes & goodes and therof reterne shalbe made both to the prvie Councell and also into ye Excheker to remayne ther of recorde, by weh in tyme to come her Matte maie justly cause them to be rated both for subsidies & all other ordinary charges for musters & otherwise levies of men for service of the realme not by such love & favorable rates as now are accustomed. And to that ende wee require you to give direct order that ye names of such recusantes maie be certified to us that such order maye indeede be taken wth them for their wilfullnes in such tymes of service as thes are and in such resonable demandes as thes Thus not doubtinge of yor Lo: carefulnes for the dew performaunce of the premisses wee bidde yor L. verie hartelie farewell From the cort at Whitehall this xviijth of February 1588.

Yor L. verie loving fryndes

Jo. Cant, Chrs. Hatton canc, W. Burghley, Char. Howard, H. Hunsdon, W. Cobham, Tho. Buckhurst, Jo. Croftes, Tho. Heneadge, Fra. Walsyngham.²

Endorsed: A letter from ye LLs for ye prvie seales, Febr. 88.

Suggested
Method of
meeting Loan
by those of
Insufficient
Estate.

After or harty comendacons to yor L. Wheras her Ma^{tle} did longe since direct pryvy Seales to divers in that countie of []³ therby to leavy and take up by waie of loane the some of []³ wthin the said countie, Forasmuch as we understande that there is not yet levied there by vertue of the said pryvy Seales above the some of []³ w^{ch} we finde very straunge, especially consideringe the parties to whome the said pryvy Seales were directed, and are as yet behinde hande wth their loanes, are reported to us to be men of more

¹ John Whitgift.

² Evidently a copy, as signatures are in same hand.

³ Gaps left in Bacon's copy.

sufficiency and habillity then other of the said countie, that have already made in payment of their loanes. We have therfore thought good to require yor L. furthwth to take order, that the said parties founde slacke in this behalf be againe dealte wthall, and called upon to make present and undelayed payment of the somes menconed in the said pryvy Seales directed unto them, or els sent up hether to aunswere their refusall before us, But in case yt shalbe founde, that the some wanting, and not yet brought in cannot be gathered and levied of the said parties to whome the said pryvy Seales have ben formerly directed in such sort as the same ys in the said pryvy Seales assessed, and sett downe by Cli, Lli, and xxvli by reason of the dishability of the said persons occasioned and fallen out by any losses of cattall, as in some other partes of the Realme yt hath fallen out, or by the last yeares service of her Matte and the Realme, then yt ys thought convenient that more persons should joyne in assistance wth them, to the making up of the whole some imposed upon them. And therfore these are to require yor L. that by vertue hereof, you will take order by yor self, or give direction to your Deputy Lieutenantes that according to the hability of the person two, three, or foure may joyne together as occasion shall serve to make the some demaunded by a Pryvy Seale, where the partie to whome the same shalbe directed, shalbe founde unhable to discharge the same, so as the pryvy Seale may remaine wth one of them, and he in whose handes the same shall remaine to give his bonde to the rest that do contribute to repaie all such as do contribute to his pryvy Seale, when her Matie shall make repayment of the said loane unto him. In weh sorte we nothing doubte but thinhabitantes of that countie will show themselves willing in respect of the easines of the burthen, being indifferently borne by a great number, to see the some imposed upon that countie to be speedyly gathered and payde. And so not doubting but yo' L. will have regarde for the performance hereof we bid yo'L. righte hartely farewell. From the Court at Otelandes the xxth of Auguste 1589.

Yor L. very loving frendes. Endorsed: Copie of a letter from ye Council to ye L. Lieftennt. of Norff.

¹A certificat touching divers persons who have had p^rvie

List of Defaulters.

See Hist. MSS. Comm., p. 4, Townshend MSS.

Privy Council letter dated Jan. 9, 1590, is omitted. See Acts of Privy Council, Dec. 31, vol. xx, pp. 185-6. Also calendared by Hist. MSS. Comm., p. 8, "We thereupon have thought good to name you, Nathaniell Bacon, to be collector of the same loan."

seales delivered unto them for the loane of money wthin the countye of Norff. set downe this first of March 1591.

Edr. Wrongrey out infra certifyed first

1. Hugh Wilkyn of Est Wretham paieth not and bringeth a certificat from Bass. Gawdie & Edw. Mondtford Esq^{rs} Justices of the lymitt witnessing his disability.

2. Robt Appleton of Halvergate paieth not and doth deliver a certific^t from Hen. Gawdie & Willm. Blenerhaiset Esq^{rs} Justices of the lymitt and from the Chief Const. of the same hundred wth divers

others witnessing his insufficiency.

3. Willm. Croppe gen. alledgeth his disability and bringeth a certific^t to wytnesse the same from Willm. Rugge Esq^r Justice of the lymitt.

4. Jo. Funteyn bringeth the like certifict from Mr Rugge and a certifict also from three prechers who be verie honest men and of

credytt.

5. Robt. Geyton of Westwynche paieth not and bringeth a certifict from Mr Humfry Guybon Justice of peace of the lymitt and from the Chiefe Con. of the hundred wth divers others witnessing his disability.

6. Jo. Rudde of Beetly is certefyed insufficient by the L. Crumwell Justice of the lymitt and in like sort by the Cheife Con. of the

hundred.

7. Peter Skryven of Keswick paieth not and sheweth a certificat from M^r Willm. Gresham & M^r Rich Kempe Justices of the lymitt witnessing his disability.

8. Edmond Wrongrey of Berghe is certefyed unable by Sr Arthr Heveningham Knight and by Mr Hen. Gawdie & Mr Rich. Kempe

Justices of the lymitt.

9. Robt. Weston of Brundell is certefyed insufficient by Mr Hen. Gawdie & Mr Tho. Barney Justices of the lymitt.

10. Andrew Clerk of Brundell is certefyed insufficient by Sr Wm Paston Knight and Mr Wm Blenerhaiset Justices of the lymitt.

11. Paul Deynes of North Birlingham is certefyed unable to lende

by Mr Hen. Gawdie and Do. Redman Justices of the lymitt.

12. Willm. Smith of Runham is certefyed to be a verie poore man and unable to lende by Mr Hen. Gawdie & Mr Wm Blenerhaiset Justices of the lymitt.

13. Willm. Hacon of Topcrofte is certefyed insufficient by Hen Gawdie Rich. Kempe & Willm. Blenerhaiset Esq^{rs} Justices of peace.

14. Richard Ducket of Thrigby is certefyed insufficient by Sr Willm. Paston Knight Justice of the lymitt and by the handes of divers other persons of creditt.

15. Tho. Feltam of Sisland is certefyed to be unable to lend by

Hen. Gawdy & Rich. Kemp Esqrs Justices of peace.

16. Willm. Hill of Maultby is witnessed to be insufficient by the certifict or Sr Willm. Paston Knight & Hen. Gawdie Esqr Justices of the lymitt wth the handes of divers others.

17. Steven Rose of Skornson is certefyed to be unable by the handes of Sr Willm. Paston Knight and by the certifict also of the

Chiefe Con. and men of creditt besides.

18. Tho. Breese of Tunsted is certefyed to be verie unable to lende by SrArthr Heveningham Knight & Wm Gresham Esqr Justices of peace.

19. Jo. Gogle of Gymingham is certefyed unable by Sr Wm Paston

Knight & Martyn Barney Esqr Justices of the lymitt.

- 20. Jo. Myles of Wytton is certefyed insufficient by Sr Wm Paston Knight & Hen. Gawdy Esqr and by the handes of the Chief Con. wth divers others.
- 21. W^m Rownce of Blofeld is certefyed to be insufficient by Hen. Gawdie & Willm. Blenerhasset Esq^{rs}.
- 22. Jo. Church of Blofeld is certefyed insufficient by Hen. Gawdie Esq^r & W^m Blenerhaset and by a certific^t from divers others.
 - 23. Jo. Tounshend of Cantley is certefyed insufficient by Hen.

Gawdie & W^m Blenerhaiset Esq^r Justices of the lymitt.

24. Tho. Clere Esq^r is certefyed by Hen. Gawdie & W^m Blenerhaiset Esq^r to be much in debt by housekeepinge and to have a great charge of children.

25. Tho. Grene of Burlingham is certefyed unable by Sr Wm

Paston Knight & Hen. Gawdie Esqr Justices of the lymitt.

26. Jo. Harrison of Hasborowe certefyed to be insufficient by Sr

Hen. Woodhouse Knight Justice of the lymitt.

- 27. Bartram Worth of Trunche is certefyed insufficient by Sr Wm Paston Knight Justice of the lymitt and by divers other meaner men of creditt.
- 28. Nicho. Sotherton of Melton is certefyed unable by the Mayor of Norwch and by divers other Justices of peace wthin the Cittye and was in prison for debt at the time of the certifict making.

29. Jo. Skott of Ovington is certefyed insufficient by Phillip

Woodhouse & Edmund Mondtford Esqrs Justices of the lymitt.

30. Edw. Kent of Harlston is certefyed unable by Hen. Gawdie & Rich. Kempe Esqrs Justices of peace.

- 31. Rich. Lacye certefyed unable by Hen. Gawdie & W^m Blenerhaiset Esq^{rs} Justices of the lymitt and by divers men besides of good creditt.
- 32. The widdow Seaman of Foxley is certefyed unable by W^m Rugge Esq^r Justice of the lymitt.

33. Robt. Themilthorp . . . certefyed to be unable to lend by

W^m Rugge Esq^r.

- 34. Tho. Lynne is certefyed to be unable by three Justices of peace wthin the Citty of Norwch.
- 35. The La: Betty keepeth a great howse and by her hospitality in myne owne knowledge is indebted and not able to lend wthout borrowinge.

36. John Hutchinson clerk of Tylney certefyed insufficient by

Sr Jo. Peyton Knight Justice of the lymitt.

37. Edmond Gryme of Trimmingham certefyed unable by Sr Wm Paston Knight & Martyn Barney Esqr Justices of the lymitt, & other persons of good creditt.

38. Robt. Grene of Upton certefyed insufficient by Hen. Gawdie

& Wm Blenerhasset Esqrs Justices of the lymitt.

- 39. Tho. Reade of Est Rudham is greatly indebted so farre forth as he dareth verie seeldome come out of his house.
- 40. John Thrower of Yarmouth is a seafaring man and the last sommer had the losse of a shippe and is certefyed by the honest inhabitants of the Towne not able to lend wthout borrowing.¹

Report of Collection of Loan.

My dutie in verie humble wise remembred, Yt maie please yo L. to be advertised that I have sent up to be paid into her Ma^{ts} Exchequo^r three thowsand fyve hundred powndes received upon the present loane, had to her Ma^{tes} use out of this County of Norff. Verie many of those, who have had privie seales delivered unto them for this loane do faile hitherto in the payment therof, And this groweth partly by the disability of divers, who do make more profe of their insufficiency then was expected, & partly, by the slacknes, and want of due regard in others, to performe that, w^{ch} is imposed upon them. I send up the names of sondrie who may (yf yt please yo^r ho: to allowe of it) supply the loanes of them, who are founde weake. And these are judged men of better ability to undergo the same. There be sondry persons also, who have prayed to be spared

¹ Here follow lists of persons dead, 14; persons mistaken, 6; persons unknown or who have left the country, 17; persons who lent in the last year, 3; persons judged able to lend, 34.

for the payment of their money untill Michas. And the tyme being but short, I forbeare & meane not to presse them further, unles I understande yor ho: pleasure to be otherwise. Some there be knowen of great sufficiency, who bringe not in their money. And their contemptes I am loath as yet to certefye, hoping that they will be better advised. And if before my next certificat thei shall not paie their money, I will then retorne up their names, that some such example maie be made of them, as yt shall please yor ho: to direct. Thus beseeching God to blesse yor Lo. wth manie more yeares, I humbly take my leave from Stifkey this xxijth of August 1597.

Yor Lo: at comandement.

Endorsed: Cop. of the Ire. to my L. Trer. touching the loane Aug. 97.1

¹ There are omitted here:

1. "A certificat of the persons dead or removed who lent money unto her Matie upon privy seales in 89 & 91: And of them, who by their deathes are become able to lende: togither wth such other, as be supposed now of ability, and were then omytted. Made by Nathanael Bacon Esqraccording to the directon of the LLs & others of her Mates Privie Councell, the last of Febr 1596."

2. "A Certificate touching them who do faile in aunswering their loane to her Matie with their allegacons set downe this 9th of Decb. 1597." There are 139

entries similar in character to those of March 1, 1591.

3. A warrant sent to all the Chief Constables in Norfolk notifying the Queen's intention of delaying repayment of loan for six months. 246 names are given under their Hundreds. Dated April 30, 1598. The heading is given in the

Hist. MSS. Comm. Report, p. 10.

4. "Gratuities yealded unto his Matie in the said hundred by the persuasion of Sr James Calthorp Knight High Sheriff of Norff. Sr Nathaniell Bacon Knight & Chrofer Calthorp Esqr 13° Septeb. 1614." For this hundred of N. Grenhoe there are 34 entries for the above date varying from 10s. to 40s. and totalling £20 10s. 4d., and another list dated 1st Oct. with 20 entries varying from 10s. to 15s. and totalling £10 16s. 8d.

5. A letter from the Council Sept. 17, 1614, pressing for a benevolence. Nearly the whole of this is given in the Hist. MSS. Comm. Report, p. 19.

6. A copy letter from N. Bacon to St Roger Tounshend April 14, 1622, regarding the benevolence for the recovery of the Palatinate. Hist. MSS. Comm. Report, p. 20.

PAPERS RELATING TO NATHANIEL BACON AS COMMISSIONER OF SEWARS.

Papers relating to Sheringham Pier.

Or verie humble duties remembred unto yor Lo: yt pleased yor Lo: wth ye rest of her Mates Privie Counsell to wright in wynter last unto us & two gent more of this County or any fower of us, concerning the graunt made from her Ma^{tie} to Rob^t Kyrke & Willm. Garter, of the forfeyture of the penall Statute, for the sowing of hempe & flax seed in the Countyes of Norff: & Suff: and to this letter wee have now retorned an aunswer. We have thought good besides to certifie yor ho: particularly some abuses of Robt Kyrke who hath walked so corruptly as he is unworthie to have a trust comytted unto him. For by yor ho: meanes there being gotte into one of or handes about fower yeares past, a booke of accompt set downe by Kyrke, thes abuses upon the examinacon of the booke do fall out against him: first many somes of good valew, weh appeare by the certificat of ye Chief Constables to have ben gathered, are not entered: also many somes are misentered and there misentry alwaise resteth in setting downe lesse, then was collected: also he demaundeth allowaunce as paid to some men for cariadge who doo affirme that thei gave the cariadge to the worke: his booke is of an accompt from 83 till 87 and therin is demaunded 118811 for tymber bought of several men, and his allowaunce for topwood, billet, barke and offold riseth but unto lxxv11 xv8 xd, wch is a most exceeding undervalewing of the same. Also his demaunde for charge of suite in the Exchequor, giftes and riding charges within the said five yeares doth arise to 400^{ll} & upwardes, and yet against a nomber of persons there was proces brought downe out of the Exchequor and upon the arrest of them, thei did paye the charges, some more, some lesse, and herof no entry in his booke. Though wee did use the authority of yor hos name & the rest, for ye calling of Kyrke & Garter before us, at the tyme appoynted for or meeting at Sheringham, yet neither of them would appeare. And since as wee understande upon some undue informacon given unto her Matte thei have procured a letter to be written to ye right ho: Mr Chauncellor of the Duchie to the Lieftenants of Suff: & Norff: and the Justices of the Peace of both Countyes, wherin his ho: signifieth her highnes expresse pleasure & will to be, that no person do oppugne the tenr of those her highnes letters patentes, and if anie be founde to offende in that behalfe,

that his name & dwelling place with the quallity of his offence be certefyed Thus thei seek to countenance out their owne contempt in refusing to come before us & yeald in their accompt as yor ho: gave direction by yr letters and also without regard of yor ho: order to continue on their collections wherein ther private gavne is specially respected. This Kyrke is a verie needie man, and of small accompt, and so is also Garter thought of, and be men utterly unfytt to have comytted unto them the governaunce of so great a some of money to anie publick use. And though wee have not the like proofe of Garters corrupcon weh wee have of Kyrkes bicause Garter is lately come into deale in the cause yet the man is, even as hardlie as Kyrke, reported of. Or humble request is that it may please yor ho: to satisfye her Matie in the truth of this cause that no worse opinyon may be conceived of us in the retorne making of or certificat then wee do deserve soe wee hold it our duties to certifie or proceedings by authority of yor ho: letters notwthstanding wee did take knowledge of the wrighting of this other letter which Kyrke & Garter have procured. Lastly wee wilbe bolde in or Countryes behalf to renew a former suite made unto yr ho: by some of us touching the ease of lycense in the transportacon of come wherin wee humbly beseech vor ho: good consideracon for the want & poverty of or country increaseth and the inconvenience by the decaye of tilladge & impoverishinge of the subject wilbe great, and if the subjects prove poore her Matle will also be the lesse rich. Yf yr ho: could be content to allow the transportacon upon the like charge of lycense w^{ch} hath been hertofore, we be persuaded that her Maties custome & benefytt wilbe much greater then now it is, and the subject better satisfyed therin for yr L: as wee hope is not ignorant, that in the former yeares past upon the lycense of 100 qrs there was ordinarily passed 200 or 300 qrs and now by the diligent & careful looking to of the officers of the port, there is nothing more passed away then thei paye for. And this due looking unto of ve officers being continued yt is thought that the custome of her Matie would be greatly increased, though the charge of ye lycense be made no greater then before, and by one yeares tryall y' ho: maie see the proofe of this.¹

Endorsed: Coppie of a lre. to ye L. Trer. touching Sher.

¹ The act by which the money was raised needed to be repealed. The Sheringham inhabitants in 1593 petition against any such action on the ground that hemp and flax sowing solved to a considerable extent the poor law problem, Cal. State Papers, vol. 1501-4, p. 339.

Summary of the Chief Constables' Accounts of Monies received in the different Hundreds under the Commissions of Kirke and Garter.

Hundred			of		ears		2nd C		_	Tot	
Laundich .			£ 106	s. 3	d. Io		£ s. 6 12	d. o	£ 112		d. 10
Smethdon .	•	•	63	0	10)		0 12	Ü	_	-5	10
Bircham Toftes	•	•	_	12	0}	٠		•	69	9	IO
Happing	•	•	3						12	6	6
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	43	II	8
Depwade .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	69		-
Gylcrosse (½ hund.)	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	33	5	4
Est Flegg (½ hund.)		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	56	0	0
S. Walsham ($\frac{1}{2}$ hund	l.)	•	•		•	٠	•	•	53	10	4
S. Erpingham .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	96	12	4
Loddon $(\frac{1}{2} \text{ hund.})$	•	•	• _		•	•	•	•	34		2
Tunsted	•		56	-		٠	•	•	56	9	0
N. Grenho (imperfec	:t)		26	13	8				26	13	8
Fowerhoe .									47	I	0
Metford									36	12	8
Gallow									64	5	2
W. Flegg ($\frac{1}{2}$ hund.)									24	IO	0
Holte			71	16	10				7Ï	16	IO
N. Erpingham .			-	IO	4				64		4
Shropham ($\frac{1}{2}$ hund.)			. '		•		. •		4 I	14	4
Eynesford (imperfec	t)									19	
Ersham ($\frac{1}{2}$ hund.) (in		ect)	6	15	6				_	15	6
Brothercrosse .	mperi	000)	•	-5	•	•	•	•	ΙÏ	19	6
Dlofo:14	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		12	0
Dioleiid	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		14	
								£ı	,115	6	4

Report of Commissioners as to Necessary Repairs at Terrington. Maie it please yor Lo: to be advertised, That by authority of the Queenes Mates Commission of Sewers to us & others latly directed, wee did meete, and see the Seabanckes of ye Towne of Terrington in Marshland, parte of the Countie of Norff, And upon or view did fynde them verie greatly torne & broken by the force of the sea, yt it was lamentable to looke upon. And though the Inhabitauntes & Landholders had ben at extreeme charge for sondrie yeares last past, & especially now this present yeare, yet the sea is growen to

flowe in so directly upon that parte of the Contrey wthout helpe of anie marshe or sande to breake the force therof. As that we'h thei have don in their defence, is judged to be to litle purpose, Unles a farre greater charge be undertaken then wee in or judgmentes do take the landholders of the same Towne of Terrington able to beare. for there was shewed unto us two places in ye bancke, where the greatest danger did appeare. And the same two places did amounte to 100 rodde at 16 foote & a half, And these dangerous partes of the banke hath heretofore ben repaired at the Comon charge of the Towne, and not by anie private mans charge, as other partes of the Banke are. And to make thes 2 dangerous places defensible against the sea, but in such sort as some private men have made their private bankes, will cost not lesse then 2,000ll for the best waie we can hitherto consider of for the defence, is by a brick wall, made sloaping, wherof wee sawe the example, And other defences, web thei there use are not sufficient for anie short contynaunce. Upon conference had by us the Comissioners (wherof 18 did meet) we sought, first to provide for the present, that the sea might not breake in agayne this winter, as it had don this last yeare, And 6 of us did agree to order that 20011 over & besides the great charge, wen the Towne had ben at this last yeare, should be out of hande levied upon the landholders wthin Terrington, & 200¹¹ more should be levied upon 7 other Townes wthin Marshland, weh should not be imployed, untill the first 20011 were dispended, And then, if neede required, the last 200¹¹ should be used. And this onely for some defence in this wynter tyme untill a better proviton maie in ve spring be mad. This was wth stoode (so as no order is therin set downe) by sondrie Comissioners, especially by some of them, who have a great parte of their inheritaunce wthin Marshland, and refuse to have their landes taxed, And would have the whole charge borne by the landholders of Terrington, wch wee holde not reasonable. This not wth standinge, wee have caused the levy of 2001 wthin Terrington presently to be mad that all maie not be left undon. Upon this diversitie of opinions wee have thought good to be Suitors unto yor Lo, that you will be pleased by yor Letters to call before you some of the Comrs. dwelling wthin Marshland, who refuse to have the Contry contributory to the charge. And some of the Landholders in Terrington, that yor Lo: maie heare the reasons & allegacons on both sides, and thereafter determine herin, as in yor wisdome shall seeme best, for thei standing at this

¹ For the severe strain on Terrington, see clause 5 of the presentment made in 1613, (Dugdale's *History of Imbanking and Draining*).

small some of 200¹¹ to be dispended for the present necessity, wee assure o^r selves, thei will much more stande, when the levie of 2000¹¹ shalbe made, w^{ch} must be imployed in ye springe of the next yeare for the wholle Contry of Marshland is in danger to be lost, if there should not be a sufficient provision made in tyme. Thus referring the cause to yo^r ho: wisdome & consideracon wee take o^r leave.

Endorsed: Draught of a lre. exe Terrington Septeb. 6001

Distribution of the Burden arising from the necessary Repairs.

Whereas uppon a late vewe taken by diverse of us the Commissioners of the Sewars whose names ar underwrytten, by vertue of the Oueens Maties Commission to us and others directed in that behalf: It appeareth unto us, That ye Sea-banckes wthin the Towne of Terrington in the hundred of Frebridge in partibus Marshland, ar so dilacerated brooken and in soe greate a Ruynne, That it is fittinge and verye necessarye for the preservation as well of the sayd Towne as alsoe of the residewe of the sayd Cuntrye sum present course and order be taken for therepayringe of the same. And forasmuch as the sayd Towne of Terrington by reason of ther extreame charges before tyme and att this present susteyned expended and layd out about the sayd banckes in the safegard as well of themsealves as other ther neighbour Townes confyninge are in noe case able to make enve sufficient defence or repayre of ther decayes wthout the helpe of the other Towneshipp adjoyninge unto them whoe alsoe shall receave the benefitt of ther safegard and preservation by the maynetenance of the aforesayd Seabanckes of Terrington; We have thought therfore necessarve to order and decree and by vertue of the sayd Commission doe order and decree att these present Sessions, That the sayd Towne of Terrington and everye the Landholders ther occupiers Fearmors or Tenantes shall presentlye accordinge to ther usuall custommes of Acreshottes for ther landes ther, be charged wth the somme of CCli wthall expedition to be gathered upp expended and bestowed by the dykereaves of the sayd Towne ther accustomed officers ther deputies or assignes towardes the repayringe and amendinge of the sayd decayed Seabanckes: And also that the Towneshippes Landholders ther occupiers Fearmors or Tenantes of the severall Townes of West Lynne Clenchwardton Tylneye² Walpoole Westwalton

² A gap left here. Evidently for the other of the "7 towns of Marshland," Terrington.

¹ Dugdale, in his *History of Imbanking and Draining* (ed. 1772, p. 274), makes no reference to these matters. He passes from 39 Eliz. to 5 Jac, the big in-undation of 1613.

Walsoken and Emneth, shall contribute, allowe and pave CC¹¹ more towardes the performance of the repayre of the aforesayd decayes of the sayd banckes of Terrington for the better and spedier defence of the sayd towne & Cuntrye this winter season proporcionablye after the number of acres adjoysced wthin ther severall Townes, the sayd somme to be levyed (uppon refusall of the payment thereof) of the Landholders Fearmers Tenantes or occupiers of the sayd severall landes by wave of distres and sale of his or ther goodes and cattelles soe refusinge, as usuallie before tyme have bene Accustomed in sutch cases by vertue of enie Lawe or Lawes of the Sewars, and by sutch officers ther deputies or assign that shall have charge of the collectinge of the same. And the said CCli to remayne in the handes possession and custodye of ¹ to be imployed to the uses abovesaid after the aforesaid CC11 imposed uppon the Towne of Terrington hath bene spent and not before. And this to be unto them and everye of them a sufficient warrant in yt behalf. And lastlie for the better preservation and defence of the sayd Cuntrye, It is Further ordered and decreed by the said Commissioners That yt shall and may be lawfull for the dykereave or dykereaves of the Towne of Terrington ther deputye and assign from tyme to tyme and soe oft as neede shall requir for the repayringe mayneteyninge and defendinge of the said Banckes of Terrington and the Yunedyke and Yunedykes ther newlye erected, To digge cutt and breake upp the land of enie person or persons whatsoever lyinge wthin 1 feate of the backe or backes of enie of the said Yunedykes allowinge unto the owner or owners of the sayd landes as well for ther landes heretofore digged cutt and broken upp or hereafter to be digged cutt or broken upp for that purpooose for everye aker and after yt rate of freehold 1 and for everve Aker and after that rate of coppiehold.

Endorsed: An order agreed uppon by 13 of the Commissioners for

the Sewers. Septemb: 1600.

After my hartie Comendacons, Whereas the Inhabitantes of Terrington in Marshlande lately complained that the sea had broken into their growndes and so borne downe their defensive walles that much landes wthin that Towneship is already utterly lost wherof a veary greate parte belonged to hir Ma^{tie} and that the

Commissioners instructed to examine certain articles.

residewe as well of hir Ma tes landes there as of the whole Towneship is in apparant danger to be all so woonne into the sea except by a contributorie charge of the Countrie adjoining and subject to like danger the same may be speedily amended; whereuppon a Comission of Sewers was awarded unto you and othre accordinge to the lawe in that behalfe, by wen commission nothinge was doonne at yor meetinge by reason of the diversitie of opinions then amonge you the Comission rs. For a smuch as upon a hearinge of the matter sithence that time, in presence of certaine persons appointed by them of Terrington to followe the cause on their behalfe and others likewise assigned by them of Marshlande who refuse to contribute, and their counceill of both sides order was taken wth consent of all parties that a commission should be directed foorth of the courte of Exchequer to you and others for examinacon and triall of the truth of some pointes, accordinge to Articles exhibited interchangeable on both side and to the said latter comission annexed, wherin I have thought good that you tow beinge Stewerdes of hir Mates possessions there, shoulde be of the Quorum. Theis are therefore to will and requier you both that uppon notice of the time and place when the last mencioned commission shalbe delt in neether of you, uppon pretence of busines or anie other occasion do faile to be present, and to have that especial care to the dew execucon thereof as the duitie of yor place and office doth requier. Wherof not doubtinge but you wilbe veary carefull, I bidde you hartely farewell from Sackevile house this vijth of Decemb. 1600.

Yor lovinge Frende I. Buchurst.

Nath: Bacon

Tho: Knyvett¹

Interrogatories to be annexed to the Commission exe Marshland.

The first interrogatory is wilde, because yt is not restrayned to the Landes in Terrington. And agayne vt is unreasonable that a man should sell all that he hath to mayntayne a Comon Chardge.

Marshland.

I. Itm. Whether the Inhabitantes and Landeholders of Terington in Marshland in the Countye of Norff. be able by the profyttes of ther landes or goodes or both to make repaire maynteyne and susteyne the Sea Banckes belonging to the said Towne of Tering-

¹ Sir Tho. Knyvett, High Sheriff for Norff. 1579, died 1617. His son Thomas married Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Nath. Bacon. Blomefield, V, 154. By the Ancient Lawes of Sewars all that eyther receave benefit or may take harme ought to be subject to the same chardge. And all ye Levell of Marshland lyeth in daunger to be surrounded yf the sea be not kept out at Terrington. Besides by the old lawes of ye Contry, yt appereth yt they have bene coadjoysted.

12° of the Quene every one of the 7 Tounes in Marshland were drowned, so yt one could not relieve another but every Towne made up thear owne breaches.

ŝ

The officers yt have bene for xx^{t1} yeares past have accounted yearly according to the Lawes of Sewars. And yf they wer wanting of ther duties the Commissioners of Sewars had pow-

- 2. Itm. Whether the Inhabitantes and Landehoulders of Terington owght to maynteyne ther banckes properlie belonging unto ther towne according to the lawes and Customes of Marshland, And whether everye towne in Marshland owght not to doe the like in repayring yr owne proper Banckes wthout having ayd or relief from anie other towne or townes next adioyning, And whether everye towne in Marshland doeth not mutuallie defend eche other from the danger of the sea? And whether Terington defendeth all Marshland from the danger of the Sea?
- 3. Item. Whether all Marshland shalbe utterlye lost yf the landeholders and Inhabitantes of Terington shall wilfullie or negligentlie suffer Terington to be drowned by the Sea.
- 4. Itm. When ther hath happned anie breach or breaches by the sea in anie banckes in anie towne or townes in Marshland, Whether the landeholders and Inhabitantes in suche towne where anye suche breatch or breatches hath hapened have made them upp againe of ther owne proper costes and chardges, as in the xijth yeare of the Quene, And what Townes were they that had anie suche breache or breaches?
- 5. Itm. Whether have the Landeholders and Inhabitantes of the Towne of Terington appointed suche officers for ther banckes xx^{tle} yeares agone or at anye tyme sithence as have bene carefull and provident men for the repaire of ther sea banckes in due

er to inquier of ther abuses, and to punish them.

seasonable & convenient tyme of the yeare, Or whether have they bene negligent or carelesse for the most parte in performing ther dutyes towardes the sea banckes and imploieng to ther private gayne some monye that should have bene bestowed upon ther banckes, Or what canne you saie further or have credyblie hard concerning this matter?

This is best knowne to the Inhabitantes of Terrington, and to be proved by them.

6. Itm. some or somes of monie have bene levied or collected amongst the Inhabitantes of Terington wthin this xiiij or xv yeares last past and to what uses either of the banckes or church hath yt bene ymploied to your knowledge, or what canne you saie further or have crediblie hard concerning this matter?

There was never any thinge given to the banckes and for ye Church. Yt which hath bene bestowed is under 30¹¹ wherof thear shalbe a good account made.

7. Item. What hath bene geven or bestowed eyther by the Quens Matte or by the old lord Treasorer or by anie other person or persons, to the repayre of the banckes of Terington, and to the repaire of the Church ther. And what ys become of such thinge or thinges so geven or how ys it ymployed. Or in whose handes ys yt. Or what canne you saie further or have credyblie heard concerning this matter.

The overplus of the taskes yf any bee is in the Constables handes. And thay ar to account for yt.

8. Itm. What collections doe you knowe or have heard that the Constables or dykereaves or other officers of the Townes of Terington have made amongst the Inhabitantes and Landeholders for the taske due to her Ma^{tle} anie tyme wthin this xx^{tle} or xxx yeares. And what the overplus

of the said taske hath bene and whether the overplus therof hath bene bestowed uppon the sea banckes of the said Towne, Or what hath become of the said overplus and what cann you saie further or have crediblie heard concerning this matter?

The Controversies yt have bene amongst the inhabitantes have been hurtful only to them selves. And other Townes in Marshland have had the like

9. Itm. Whether the neglegences Controversys and mutuall dissensions amongst the Inhabitantes of the towne of Terington have not a long tyme bene a great cause of the not makinge of there banckes in such order as elce loving neybours would have doone and so have preserved the banckes from the decayes they be in. And what canne you saie further concerning these matters.

The mony yt hath bene bestowed at unseasonable tymes of the yeare hath bene of necessitie for the safegard of ye Contry. And for the goodnes and prices of the brick the masons can testifie ro. Itm. Whether the great showes of great somes of monie in repairing the banckes at Terington have not bene increased by laieng out monie over the banckes at unreasonable tymes in the yeare and by buieng bricke at xiiijs or xiijs iiijd the thousand that hath not bene worth that monie by a great deale, and according to some mens reportes nott worth iijs iiijd the thousand or what can you further saie or have credible heard concerning this matter?

The condition of the buyer is most commonly better than of the seller.

II. Itm. Whether they that have sould ther landes in Terington have not sould them to men of farre better abilitie then themselves were, And what were they that sould ther landes And who were they that bought them?

This is one of the Articles to be inquired of for Terrington.

12. Itm. What nomber of acres demeasne hath the Quenes Ma^{tie} in the towne and fyeld of Terington and whether the Quens landes be not verie well able to defend the chardges of the banckes wthout craving aide of other men and what rent doeth the farmor paie to the Quene for her landes and for what rent doeth the farmors lett forth those landes againe for his private benifytt?

The landes that ar owt of the adjosement yf any bee can not be founde owte before all the banckes be sufficiently repayred. And that theare be a new adjosement of all the Landes in the Towne.

varies the repairing of the Sea Banckes?

Endorsed: Articles exe Marshland Decemb. 1600.

Articles to be inquired on the Behalf of the Towne of Terington in Marshlande.

Terington.

r. What landes are lieng wthin Terington, of whome they be holden, And how manie acres of demeasne and escheate landes the Quens Ma^{tye} hath in that towne And what revenews and other profitt her Ma^{tie} hath yearelie answered out of the same Towne?

2. What decaie the Sea banckes of Terington and what the chardges wilbe to make all the banckes of the said Towne that lye in danger of the sea sufficientlie defencible against the sea wth a stone walle made sloaping wiese whereof they have alreadye made an example this last yeare?

3. What losse the Inhabitantes and Landehoulders of Terington have anye waie susteyned within xij yeares past by the breaking in of the sea into that towne and by letting the freshwaters into ther Comons And by whose meanes were and are those waters lett in?

4. What monies have bene expended by the Landeholders of Terington wthin this xij yeares past about the repairing and main-

teyning of the sea banckes & other necessarie defences for that Towne?

5. Whether the Towne of Terington be not the highest parte of all the levyll of Marshland, and yf the sea be suffered to flow in at Terington whether Walpoole and the other townes adjoyning shall not be in danger likewise to be overflowen. And also whether the fence dyke w^{ch} serveth for a division betwen Terington and Walepoole doe not belong unto Terington and hath bene alwaies accompted as Terington fence. And whether was ther not a lower fence dike w^{ch} hath bene usuallie called and knowne by the name of Walepoole fence and whether ys that banck to defend the sea from Walepoole yf Terington be drowned?

6. How many Inhabitants and Landholders that were substantiall yomen and good housekeepers are decayed wthin this xij yeares. And how manie Landholders ther are now inhabiting wthin the towne of Terington, And what abilitie they are of land [and] what poore

people ther are wthin the said Towne?

7. Whether the CC^{II} that was last levied of the landeholders of Terington by order of the Comissioners of Sewars was more necesarily bestowed upon the fynishing of the back walles w^{ch} had cost this last yeare vj^c ^{II} and in former yeares more then thre thousand poundes then yf yt had bene laied out about the Indyke w^{ch} serveth for no defence but onlie upon a suddaine flush of water until a breach in the owtward banck when anie doe happen maie be taken and repaired? And whether yf ye owtward banck be neclected this winter and the sea suffered to flow up continuallye to the Indyke will not the outward bancke where the sea must be still wthstoode be so caried awaie as that in the spring of the yeare they shall not be able to have anie fundation for ther work yt being become a quick sand wth the continuall beating of the sea?

8. What decaie the church of Terington ys now in And what yt will requier to put the same in sufficient reparations And how much the parsonadg and viccaredg are decayed wthin xij yeares last past, And whether the parishioners are able to repaire the said Church.

Endorsed: Articles exe Terryngton Deceb. 1600.

The XXth day of January 1600.

Wheras we assembled uppon the day and yere above wrytten for thexecution of a comission w^{ch} issued out of thexcheker for the manifestinge of the truth in certeyne controversies betwen the townes of Terrington and other townes wthin Marsland wherof the

The Commissioners cannot decide the Matter in Dispute.

townes of Wiggenhall Tyllney and Clenchwarton be three, And that it was required on the behalf of these townes that wee should heare some witnesses to prove that the repairinge of the banckes therin wer noe lesse chardegable then the repairinge the banckes wthin Terrington, we refused the same as a matter not chiefly ment to be examined by that comission for that the same is for particular townes and none of the said townes intended by the said towne of Terrington to be any wthin this comission.

Christ. Heydon
Na: Bacon
Edm. Mundeford¹
Rich: Stubbs²

Myles Corbett Thomas Knyvett W. Welby³

Matthew Gamble.4

Money to be raised in Norwich and Yarmouth for Dyke repairs.

After or right hartie commendacons to your good L: and the rest. Wee are sorrie to understand of the greate decayes that do so mightily increase in Marshland by violence and sore furie of the sea, in so muche as the towne of Terrington beinge one of the cheifest of that Isle wherin her Matle hathe greate and ample possessions and revenewes and hathe loste moche grownde allreadie into the sea, and the rest is like to be swallowed up in shorte tyme yf speedie order and helpe be not taken to prevent the same. The charge whereof as by comission, inquisition, and deposicons taken is esteemed will amount to the some of five thowsande powndes, a some so greate as the Inhabitaunts, nether the neighboure townes adjoyninge are not able to beare, in consideracon of defendinge chargable banckes one all partes therof and the force of the sea havinge tooken a corse that waye, yt is so extreame and forcible that wthout further helpe, they are not able any longer to indure, yf, before the next winter come one, there be no meanes taken to repaire the sea bancks, and to make them stronger and sufficient to withstand the forcible violence of the maine sea, but the Towne and whole Island, wilbe utterly consumed to the losse of her Maties subjectes, and an entrie made to the drowning of the whole Isle, to the valewe of xvijen or xviijen thowsand acres: For thes respectes, wee have, in a charitable consideracon, ben moved to request you verie earnestly for presevat(ion) of the Isle, and Country, in stayenge yt violent corse of

² Of Sedgeford, ob. 1620. Blom. X, 588.

¹ Of Felthorp. Knighted 1603. Blom. II, 193.

³ Not mentioned in Blomefield. Possibly of Gedney, Lincoln. Norff. Visitations, I, 372.

⁴ Not mentioned in either Blomefield or Norfolk Visitations.

the sea, that doe so daylye increase upon them, that you will consider of some speedie corse, howe they maye be releived, by a generall contribution, or otherwise, as shalbe answerable to the charge of five thowsand powndes aforesaid, wthin the Citie of Norwhiche. Towne of Yarmouthe, and the lymitts therof to be collected as you shall in your discrecons thinke meetest, and to make speedie deliverye of the same, to sutche persons as shalbe appointed by you, or the towne of Terrington, to receave those somes, and to see ye same imploied, to the repaire of the seabanckes, and resistinge of the force, and violence of the sea. Consideringe therefore that a worke of more christian charitie, cannot be extended to your neighbours, and countrymen, in perill to lose a fertile Isle, and so benificiall to her Matie divers and sondrye wayes, wee dought not, but all men of habillitie, will have a christian feelinge of this their case, and generall calamitie and wilbe willinge to contributt in some good sort, and measure, to further so good a worke. Whearin, ye greater expedicon that shalbe used, the greater shall there charitie appear and to certifie your procedinges herein, wee earnestly request your Certificate from you of the somes that are so to be collected amongest you Inhabitants of the said Citie and towne aforesaid, that wee maye be fully certified of your generall Contribucon of your whole Country. To the ende, that if any so taxed, or rated beinge of good habilitie shall refuse to paye towardes soche awaightie cawse. That then you certifie unto us there names in wrightinge, & of ye somes so to be collected in the said Cittie, & Towne & lymitts of the same, wch if they shall not seeme sufficient, That then wee maie take a further corse therein, as shall seeme best to us. So praying you to proceed accordingly wee bid your lo. and the rest, hartilie farewell: from the Cort at Greenewhiche the last of Maie 1601.

Jo. Can: Tho: Egerton Tho: Buchurst Notingham W. Knowles Ro. Cecell Jo. Fortiscue Jo. Popham Jo. Harbert

Endorsed: r. To or verie good L. the L. Bishopp¹ of Norwhich and or verie lovinge frendes, the Maior and ye rest of his brethren of the said Citie of Norwhich And to the Baliffes and Burgesses of the towne of Yarmouth in the Countye of Norff. and the rest of the Justices inhabitinge therabouts

W. Wade.

2. To or very loing freindes the highe shreif of the Countye of

¹ Wm. Redman, D.D.

Norff. S^r Arthur Heveningham S^r Nich. Bacon¹ Bassingborne Gawdy Knights Nathaniell Bacon Esq: and the rest of the Justices of peace inhabiting in there severall devisions of the sd. county of Norf. and to every of them

3. Bishoppe of Norwhiche Maior of Norwhich & his brethren and Bailffes and Burgeses of Yarmouth.

A note of Terington bankes that are in great daunger and a greate parte of them utterlye ruynated.

	greate parte of them utterly ruynated.
severall	Imprimis of her Maties severall banke at Rushe gate
	weh hath noe marshe before it, and yet may wth great
	charge be mayntayned wth an earthen banke soe as the
	marshes at both ends of the said banke be preserved . 40 roode
comon	Item next that of common banke made $\mathbf{w^{\hat{t}h}}$ earthe that
	hath a little marshe before it wen marshe yf it be worne
	awaye it wilbe impossible to mayntayne the banke wth
	earthe
comon	Item next that of comon banke at Gygges Thorough
	that have noe marshe before it in utter ruyne, and was
	made the last sommer wth earth strawe and some wood,
	cost five or sixe pownds a roode and is nowe all washed
	awaye and ther fore fitt to be made wth bricke 33 roode
severall	Item next that of severall bankes in utter ruyne that
	have noe marshe before them wherof most of them have
	bene made wth earth strawe and wood and yett all is
	washed awaye and therfore must be made wth stone as
	the banke next aforesaid 61 roode
severall	Item next of severall bankes that have a little marshe
	before them wherof parte is worne awaye, and the rest is
	likelye to weare verye fast vjxx and xvj roode
severall	Item next of severall banke in utter ruyne that have
	noe marshe before it, and must be all made wth stone wall 60 roode
comon	Item next at Hurnegate of stone wall some standing
severall	and the rest in utter ruyne 73 rood wherof sixe roode is
	severall the rest is comon charge 67 comon charge 6 severall
comon	Item next that of comon banke, wen is in greate
	daunger bycause ther is but little marshe before it and
	that weares awaye verye faste and must be made wth
	stone wall or els some provision must be made to save the
	mershe 32 roode
	¹ Son and heir of Sir Nicholas, Lord Keeper of Privy Seal (temp. Eliz.).

Of the stone wall w^{ch} is comon charge onlye 39 roodes is made w^{th} a slope wall w^{ch} aske reparacons at the foote and must be joynted thoroughout, seaven roode of this cost cc^{11} soe ther remayneth 62 roode of comon charge to be made w^{th} a slope stone wall. Ther is some bricke remayninge of the walles fallen downe, and ther is some right up wall standing w^{ch} eyther must be taken downe and new buylte or otherwyse repaired w^{th} a slope apron of bricke before it, w^{ch} 62 roode will cost after the rate of xv^{11} the roode notwthstanding the bricke and right uppe wall towards it.

The reparacon of the rest of the Comon wall and bankes will cost

Of severall charge that must be made wth a slope bricke wall sixscore and seaven roode of wch sixe roode is verye sufficientlye made and is the best slope bricke wall in Terington and sixe or seaven roode more is made wth a slope bricke wall, but it wanteth a toppe and other reparacons, and five roode and an halfe more is made of fre stone but it is to be repaired, and one roode and an halfe more of rightup bricke wall yett standing, and thre roode more of rightup bricke wall yet standing but is in great ruyne, all the rest is utterlye downe and ther is neyther stone nor earth lefte to repaire it. Soe fivescore and five roode of severall charge must be all newe made, wch will cost betwixt sixtene and twentye hondred pownds at the least.

The greatest parte of this have bene hertofore, before the marshes wer worne awaye mayntayned wth a banke of earth strawe and wood, wch when it was new made the last yeare, cost five or sixe pownds a roode, and yett now all is downe, and to be made newe agayne, and therfore is necessarye to be made wth a slope bricke wall.

The quantitye of the comon banke that have a little marshe before it, wch weareth daylye, and is likelye to be as greate a charge as the bricke wall, yf the marshe be not preserved wth Jettyes pyles and other defenses fivescore and fower roode: The quantitye of the severall charge wch have little or noe marshe before it, and will be as chargeable as anye of the rest yf the marshe be worne into the seaeight score & sixtene roode.

Yf these marshes should be suffered to be worne awaye wth the sea in tyme the next mershes will wear alsoe, and soe it will be impossible wthout infinite charge to defend the towne.

The charge of Jettyes and pyles and other defenses to defend theis mershes and bankes from wearing awaye by the rage of the sea will cost above twoe thowsand pownds as it is thought.

severall

16 or 20 hondred pownds

severall

mershes

Jettyes 2000¹¹ Alsoe yf theis marshes should be suffered to weare awaye the sea will growe soe deepe neare to the foote of the bankes and stone walles that the charge will growe infinite, for wthin this yeare and little more the sea is growne deeper at the foote of the slope bricke wall by a yard right downe then it was before; and will growe dayly deeper and deeper yf some provision be not made wth Jetties pyles and other defenses to breake the sea before it come at the foote of the said walles. 1

Directions for Repairs.

Directons by S^r John Popham Knight Justice of England upon the vewe of Terrington Seabankes in Marshlande the xvjth of Julye 1602.

Whereas in Lent Assizes laste by the mediacon of his Lppe. the gent. dwellinge out of Terrington in Marshlande together wth some of the Inhabitantes of Terrington did condiscend that 500¹¹ should be levied wthin the towne of Terrington, and other 500¹¹ should all be levied wthin foure other townes in Marshlande as appeareth by a writinge subscribed wth his lordships hande. And for as much as the 500¹¹ gathered wthin Terrington was allreadie spent in repairinge and buildinge parte of the walles. It was this daie directed that the other 500¹¹ should be paid into the handes of the expenditors and should be laid out or so much therof as should be needefull in finishinge the Brickwalles upon the Comon bankes in Terrington, And in makinge such other defences at the foote of the said bankes for the safety of them as should be needefull. And between Candlemas and Easter terme his lordship shoulde be certefied in what state thes bankes thus made should then be. And if anie money were then remayninge his lordship should direct for the bestowinge therof, and likewise for the further procedinge in those or the like workes for the defence of the sea.

It was allso directed if anie refused to paie towardes the taxacon, that then a lawe should be sett downe by the Comissioners of Sewers for the levyenge therof. And in the same lawe it should be conteyned that this should be no prejudice to their former customes, and that the same should be repaid againe by Terrington men, unles eyther lawe or reason did warrant the levyinge therof upon the other townes.

It was promised by the gent. of Marshlande that his Lordship shoulde be shewed the writinge w^{ch} M^r Repps hath wherin mencon

¹ As Terrington stands charged for 1100 rods, the above seems to include the whole of their responsibility.

is made of a coadjoystment hertofore, and that done by force of the Comission of Sewers.

The examinacon of Riches abuse and an other in Terringeton for the defrawdinge the reste of the towne was committed to the gentlemens examinacon in Marslande and to certefie his lordship therof the next terme.

Na Bacon.

Our humble duties unto yor L. remembred. According to yor ho: letters to us directed concerning ve levyeng of 5,000 wthin the Countie of Norff and the Cittie of Norwch for the repairing of the decayed sea banckes in the towne of Terrington wthin the Isle of Marshland, wee have called unto us divers gent. in those partes wen have landes in that towne & nere adjoyning wch are in like danger, And do fynde upon examinacon that the gent. & others of the wholle levell do beare their severall charges for their particuler landes. And that the ruynes of the Common banck there that are at this daie maie be repaired & set in good state for lesse then 700^{ll} w^{ch} the principal follower of the cause being present cannot much gaynsaie. w^{ch} some, wee are credibly informed maie be easily borne by the land occupiers of the said towne Yet as well in respect of or dutifull regard to yor Hoble letters as also for or better & more certayn instruccon of the truth herof wee have appoynted certayn Justices of or company to travell to the place and to take ye best workmen wth them thei can fynde to view ye decayes and to estimate what the charge wilbe wen if wee shall funde to amounte to a greater proporcon then the towne of Terrington & the rest of Marshland can beare wee will do or best indeavor to move ye Contrey & Cittie that the rest shalbe borne by a charitable contribucon out of the same. And so wee humbly take or leaves This 15 July from Norch 1601.

Aves This 15 July from Norch 1601.
Signed by the L Bishop¹
Mr Sheriff, 2 Sr Ar. Hevingham,
Sr W. Paston & most of the Justices.

Gent appoynted to view the decayes—

Sr Clement Heigham Sr Bass: Gawdy

Sr Phi. Woodhouse

Cha. Cornwallys & Hen. Spilman³

¹ Wm Redman, D.D.

² Ric. Jenkinson of Tunstall.

³ 1562-1641. The antiquary. Sheriff 1604-5. Blom. VI, 132, Norff. Visit. I, 256.

A general attempt to shift the Burden to Terrington.

Terrington to bear one half and the other Towns of Marshland the other half of the cost of Repairs.

After or verie hartie Comendacons. Wheras wee are credibly informed, that the Towne of Terrington in the Countie of Norff, is in verie great danger to be overflowed & drowned, by reason that in October last the sea brake into the said Towne, and brake downe the walles & banckes therof, wch towne, being by scituacon placed higher, then divers other townes neere adjoyning, yt must of necessitie fall out, that if the said towne be overflowed wth the sea, that then the force of the waters will also prevaile, over the Townes of Walpoole, Walton, Walsoken & Emneth next adjoyning, and also over the wholle Country of Marshland & some good parte of the Isle, being by scituacon lower then the said Towne of Terrington, to the insupportable losse detryment & undoing of great nombers of her Mates good & loving subjectes. And wheras wee do also understande, that the repairing of the said banckes & walles & other needfull defences for the repelling of the sea from the said Towne of Terrington doth growe so chargable as the Inhabitauntes of the said Towne are no waies able to beare & sustayne the same. And for that also it is informed, that in the tyme of the Raigne of Kinge Henry ve 8 the said Townes of Walpole Walton Walsoken & Emneth were adjosted togither wth the said Towne of Terrington towardes the mayntenaunce of their banckes against the sea. And that the same ought by lawe so to be. Wee have therefore thought it verie fitt, for avoiding aswell of the present as of future dangers to will & require you to sett downe & ordayne some present orders & lawes to coadjost all the landes wthin the said townes of Terrington. Walpole. Walton, Walsoken & Emneth by acreshott to the charge of the Common banckes & walles of the said towne of Terrington, & of lettyes & other necessary defences to be made, to breake the force of the sea before the banckes & walles of the said towne of Terrington. And bicause the mayntenaunce of the particular banckes wthin ye said towne over & above ye charge of their Common banckes & walles there, are much more chargable to the landholders, wthin the said towne, then the mayntenaunce of all the banckes wthin the said Townes of Walpole & the other townes aforsaid are to the Landholders there, weh are still intended to be mayntayned, as of late thei have ben. Therefore wee thinke it fitt, that the coadjostm^t to be made of the lande wthin v^e said Towne of Terrington, & the rest afore named, for the mayntenaunce of the comon banckes & walles wthin the said towne of Terrington shalbe equall; but if upon consideracon therof you shall thinke fitt that all the landes wthin the said townes of Terrington & the rest shalbe coadjosted by

acreshott to the mayntenaunce of all the banckes & walles wthin the said 5 townes as by lawe thei ought to be then wee thinke it convenient that the landes wthin ve towne of Terrington being neerest to the present daunger shalbe ceassed at some greater rate & proportion, towardes the mayntenaunce of all the said banckes & walles, Jetties & other necessary defences, then the landes wthin the said other 4 townes. And although some of you (whome if it be not prevented it maie deeply concerne) have not ben sensible of the hurt, wen maie growe to yorselves & others & have ben so froward to joyne in anie good corse for preventing of that weh now hath happened, Yet wee now requier you that according to the importaunce of the matter you do presently take some good & speedie corse for the preventing of the said mischiefes, as by yor Comission & by the lawes of the Realme you ought to do. And lastly, wee will & commaund all such of you, as shalbe wilfull & refuse to joyne wth vor fellowe Commissioners in theis or directors (all excuses sett aparte) to make yor repaier to the Court & personally to appeare before us, to aunswr yor contempt in that behalf. And so wee bidde you hartelie farewell. From the Cort at Whitehall the last of Yor verie loving fryndes Noveb. 1601.

Tho. Egerton
E. Worcester
Jo. Fortescue
T. Buckhurst
W. Knollys
Jo. Popham
Nottingham
J. Stanhope
Ro. Cecyll
J. Herbert

To or loving fryndes Fraunces Gawdie Esqr one of hir Ma^{tes} Justices of the Pleas Sr John Tounshend Sr Myles Corbett Sr Robt Mannsfeld Knightes Edward Coke Hir Ma^{tes} Attorney General Nathanael Bacon Henry Jerningham Thomas Knyvett Edm. Monford Wymond Cary Clement Spilman Henry Spilman Thoms. Athowe Hen. Holdech Thoms. Thorisby Esqrs the Mayor of Lynne for the tyme being Thomas Gibson Richard Hovell Phillip Russell Esqrs.

Comissioners for Sewars in the Countie of Norff.

¹ To the kinges most excellent Ma^{tie} The humble Peticion of your Ma^{tie} poore distressed Tenauntes of Terrington in the County of Norff.

¹ Compare this with the presentment given in Dugdale: 1876 sheep (£58), 120 great beasts (£322), 480 acres corn at 30s. (£720), hay (£200), corn in barns (£700), grass in fields (£500), dwelling houses, 13 destroyed and 142 damaged (£1,000), bedding and household stuff (£40). Terrington's loss was then estimated at £10,416. Dugdale Hist. Embanking, ed. 1772, pp. 277-280.

The Petition of the Inhabitants of Terrington to be assisted in the Repairing of the Banks.

Humbly shewinge to your Highnes that the towne of Terrington contayning fyve thowsand fyve hundred acres of Upland and twentie fyve hundred acres of marish growndes besides great and lardge Common beinge the cheyffe mannor yor Matie hath in the Countie of Marshland, And ve key of the whole Contry by wch itt is defended from the sea; And owt of wch towne yor Matie hath a yerelye revenue of one hundred and threskore powndes besides the perquisites of Courtes and service of two hundred copihold tenantes: is att this present in most wofull distresse overflowed wth ye sea, which hath broken downe all thear bankes, wasted thirtie howses spoyled all the corne that grew the last sommer, upon syxtene hundred acres of grounde, besides fyve hundred acres of wynter corne that was newlye put into the earth, drowned verie many of thear great cattle, and almost all thear sheepe, and had not the mayor of Kynges Lynne in Norff. sent boates and victualls to succour them, the most of the people had perished in the waters, and the rest had been famished in thear howses: The losses of wch one towne may be shewed in particulers to be more then twentie thowsand powndes, neither is thear any hope of preservinge the rest of the contry, if the towne of Terrington be left to the furie of the sea wen cannot now be kept owt, but with great chardge and present supplyes of money, went the Inhabitantes, and Landowners, havinge all thear meanes taken from them, and for many yeares passed, wasted thear estates in defending the sayd towne against the sea, are noe wayes able longer to endure.1

Maye yt therfore please yor most Excellent Ma^{tle} in comiseration of the destressed estates of your poore Tenantes, and for the preservation of the Cuntrie of Marshlande, w^{ch} is so profitable and helpfull a member of the whole kingdome, to write your gratious Letters to the Lieu Tennantes, and Justices of peace wthin the Countries of Norff. Suffolke, Cambridgshere, Huntingtonsheire, Northamptonsheire and Bedfordsheire, All w^{ch} places reaceave benefitt from the said Cuntrie, and have passadge for their fresh waters to the sea, by the Towne of Lynne and the said Cuntrie of Marshland, That they cause a present contribution as well out of their Common Treasures as otherwise to be made and gathered wthin everie hundred of their severall Cuntries for the reileife of the said Towne of Terrington and salvation of the Cuntrie of Marshland. And that the monies soe Collected maie be sent and paid over to the

 $^{^{1}}$ This is evidently the inundation of 1613.

Maior of Kinges Lynne to be imployed for the defence of the said towne of Terrington. And that Certificates be sent to yor Ma^{tle}, what monies are collected in everie of these Countries.

Endorsed: Terrington Petition.

After or very harty Comendacons. Having received Letters from the LL: of his Maties most Hoble Pryvy Counsell (to you as well as to us and some others directed) touching some speedy courses to be undertaken in the behalfe of Marshlande and those partes surrounded: we doe here enclosed send you the copy of the same Letters. And in execution therof have appoynted (god wylling) to meete upon Tuesday being the xxiijrd of this instant at Stowebridge, by viij of the Clocke in ye morninge and from thence to passe by water or otherwise (as we shall see cause) over all the partes of Mrshland wher nede requyreth, to take a personall vieu of the decayes and breaches ther. And upon the same to proceede to such particular courses for repayre therof, as by the tenor of those Letters and Comission of Sewers we are directed to doe. We pray you therfore not to fayle to give us meetinge at the tyme and place aforesayde, that assisted wth your presence and advice we may joyntly accomplyshe our dutyes herein, to the generall good of that lamentable Countrie: And for furtherance hereof, we have also dyrected warrantes to the dikereves and others experienced in the nature of that place and service to give their attendaunce upon us accordingly. And thus recomendinge the care hereof unto you, we comytte you to god: London this xvth of Novemb. 1613.

The Commissioners are to enquire into the grounds for the above Petition.

Yr very Loving frendes
Ralph Cave, Henry Spelman. Henry Bedingfeild. Tho: Athors.

Thoms. Oxburgh.²

Endorsed: To the right worll their very loving frend Sr Nathanaell Bacon Knight at Stifkey.

¹ Not mentioned in either Blomefield or Norff. Visitations. ² Of King's Lynn, ob. ante Oct. 20, 1625 (Norff. Visit.)

Benefit derived in the past from having a Pier at Cromer.

PAPERS RELATING TO CROMER PIER.

What benefitt in tymes past was by havyng a peare at Cromer.

Fyrst it dyd save the towne from wastynge by the seas whiche nowe for wante thereof is a great hinderaunce to Kinges majestye his subjects and tenants there beinge lord therof.

That the pore mariners belonginge to the towne beinge at seas in small botes, and others comynge from all partes bothe within the Realme and from beyonde the seas fyshynge for hearynge beinge the chefe place in the begenynge of fyshynge have in sudyn distresses put in there to the saftye of ther leyves & goods. And synce the decaye therof manye hunderds have perished besydes the loss of ther goods. And not only fyshers but all other passengers comynge therby as of nesesite they must.

That in tyme of ware many pasengers which have bene laden wyth all kinde of comodities and beinge persued wythe ther enimye have

bene ther rescued to the saftye of ther goods.

That the countrye nere adjoynynge had then all ther provision brought to that place, and ther comodities conveyed from thence wythe fare smaler chergis than nowe thaye have beinge noe other

haven or port wythin tene myles therof.

That King Edward the Forth in the evill warres betwixt hyme and Henrie the Sixt, beinge forced to flee, dyd take a small shippe at Lyne and beinge at seae and the easterlyngs at ware wythe this Realme a shipe of that countrye havynge the shipe in chase wherin the kinge was by puttynge in to that place was defended from his enemies as the Croumcles report. And after werds he became a good benefactor to the towne, and there caused hymselfe to be sett in monument whiche doe yett remayne.*

Proposed Character of Pier to be erected. Our duties remembred unto yo^r Lpe. It appeareth by the peticon inclosed weth hath bene exhibited by the Inhabitantes of the towne of Cromer in Norff to the kinges Ma^{tle}, and by directon referred to yo^r Lordships consideracon that yo^r desire is to be informed by us of the trewe estate of the cause, and accordingly wee doe now significe what wee doe finde therein.

Wee made or repaire to the towne of Cromer, and by the examinacon of witnesses, and by sight of ye Cliftes, it is manifest, that the

^{*} Not endorsed.

sea hath brought to ruine manie howses ther, and hath utterly decaied a peere, weh was built not long since of tymber wth great chardge. And that in fewe yeares, much more of the towne, together wth the church wch is faire and very large, wth a high Steeple, is like to be overthrowne, if some help in tyme be not had. For wthin thes twelve yeares, the furie of the sea hath worn upon the lande, wher manie howses did stande betwene the decayed peere and ye towne; neare the bredth of six acres, and the Church is now wthin twelve score of ye cliffe, upon wch the sea doth continually more and lesse worke: So as the decaie of this populous towne, wch is the kinges inheritaunce in parte, and the inheritaunce of manie private persons beside, wherof manie have bene men tradinge to the seas is so well knowne to all the Countrye over as no gaine saying therin can be made. But the matter of difficultie, wherin men of more skyll then orselves were fitt to be used is to set downe, how the towne maie be preserved from ye furie of ye sea, and what the chardge therof will arise unto, and herein though wee have no speciall directon to meddle, yet beinge so pertinent to the state of the cause, wee thinke it not a misse to certifie or opinions.

The helpe must be eyther in making a great peere, wch maie be the safety both of the towne and small ships, or in making severall smalle peers or jetties wch can only succour ye towne. But the chardge of a great peere will be such, in regarde to the largenes of ye tymber, and the quantyty therof to be used, together wth the workemanship, and maintenaunce therof after the finishinge, as we dare not advise that to be attempted, leaste the chardge exceede the benefitt.

Therefore ye smalle peeres or jetties, though they be the more will yet be the lesse chardge, and must as wee thinke be the waie for helpe. What the chardge will be to make thes smalle peeres, and to mainetaine them, when they be made, wee leave to the judgmt of men experienced in busines of this kinde. And yet we can thus far furth certifie yr Lpe. that ther is one olde peere standinge, and lowe built, the length wherof is about one hundred yardes, And two men of ye towne affirmed unto us, that they did worke ye same, and did estimate the chardge to be two hundred poundes. And this lowe peere doth now preserve the cliffes, whereupon a little parte of ye towne doth stand, so as if two or thre at ye moste, of ye like scantlinge were built and maineteyned the whole towne might be preserved. The peeres must be made of tymber, because the cliftes yeeldeth no stone or rockes wherof to make them, And this timber

cut as scantlinges for that purpose maie be provided wth lesse losse to the kingdome out of Norwaie and wth lesse chardge, then in Englande. The towne hath much buildinge in it, and is a market

towne and maie justely move compassion.

Moreover wee holde it meete to make knowen unto yor L. that most of the townes men of Cromer be poore and thei weh be of ye best ability amongst them are needy & wanting, whereby wee feare that thei of the Towne, who preferre the peticon do rather seeke their private lucre than the publick good, and wee have cause to suspect this, because the Towne had a Gifte from or late Soveraign Elizabeth towardes the building of pers by the transportacon of muche corne for weh grate somes of money were due, wherof (as wee be informed) much is unimployed & converted to private uses. So as wee assure or selves, that yor Lo: knowing thus much from us, will have a care to foresee that if the Kes Matte give them anie gifte yt may so be governed as the former abuse may not agayne be suffered.

Thus being loath to serve anie private turne, and yet willing to give or best furtherence to the upholding of the Towne, wen is like to perishe wthout some provision be had, more than ye Towne can yealde wee referre the consideracon herof to yor L. better wisdome. And so take or leaves. From Stifkey this 22nd of Octob. 1607.

Yor L. at comandem^t

Na. Bacon Ja. Calthorp Jo. Kemp.¹

Endorsed: I. Coppie of a lre. to ye L. Coke conc. Cromer. 2. Md this lre. was sent to Mr Kempe to be conveyed etc., and that some of Cromer, viz., Mr Blofeld and Baxter might attend my L. Cokes aunswr.

Matters relating to the License secured by Mr Tho. Sidney to build a Pier at Cromer.

Remembrances touching ye charge of Sr Henry Sydney for the license of Cromer pere set downe this 9th of January 1609. First to consider that Sr Hen. Sydneys father who is said to be indebted for this license money was the onely procurer by the helpe of Sr Fra. Walsingham his brother then Secretary of this license, and was obteyned by his following & charge wthout anie other mans charge that is knowen.

2. It appeareth that Sr Chrofer. Heidon deceased did set Mr Tho.

1 2nd son of Sir Robt Kemp of Gissing. Married dau. of Robert Themilthorpe of Foulsham, circa 1590.

Sydney a worke to obteyne the sed license and when it was obteyned the townesmen of Cromer did put Sr Chro. Heidon in trust wth the said license who assigned one Tho. Armger his servant to passe such

grauntes of license as Sr Chro. did allow of.

3. It appereth that there was assegned to Mr Tho. Sydney iiijm qrs of come upon that license for the which the sed Tho. Sydney did disburse severall somes of mony as appereth by a writing under his owne hand left at his death. And though the somes disbursed do not arise to a full consideracon of the said license yet it is affirmed & so probable that Mr Sydney did expect for ye recompence of his travell & charge in obteyning ye same license to have some parte therof allowed unto himselfe because he was at the charge in following it & used his friend to obteyne it.

4. It is to be considered that M^r Tho. Sydney did onely contract wth S^r Chro. Heidon and never wth the Towne who had put S^r Chro. in trust. And during S^r Chro. life there was never question made therof nor during the lives of many then Inhabitantes & chief of the

towne who knew how the busynes was governed.

5. In the dettes of Mr Tho. Sydney set downe by him (weh were 488911) there is no mencon of this dett for Cromer license, And yet

there is mencon of Sheringham license dett.

6. It appereth under Mr Sydneys hand that upon the obteyning of the license he brought letters to Sr Chro. Heidon from Sr Fra: Walsingham in his favor for 4000 qrs of the said license. And Sr Chro. did then tell him that he would acquaynt the Towne of Cromer therwth & after give him aunswer. After wch there passed an agreemt betwen them for the assegnment of so much license. And that wch Sr Chro. receved was 16811 promising that the Towne should not demaund anie thing of him.

19 Jan. 609.

It appereth this day upon hearing Sr Hen. Sydney Mr Baxter & Blofeld speake togither that the 4000 qrs of license taken by Sr

¹ Sir Hen. Sydney was a Justice of the Peace (Stow, B.M. 150, fol. 200, Feb. 17, 1604), but in 1606 Tho. Fayrfaxe proceeded against him for assault (id., fol. 208). About the same time he wrote to Sir Nathaniel: "I confess that I did rather gave hym a frendly correction then a violent beatyng & had that care of hym that I would not suffer a man to stryke hym but my self." He objected to Fairfax being entered as "gent"—"I am sorry your clark hath made hym a gentleman . . . his grandfather kept an alehouse in Berry . . . and (was) afterwarde so pore a vickar that he was dryven to mak a dublet for this yong gentleman of the covrynges of 2 bybles" (id., fol. 210-12).

Hen. Sydneys father was of the first license & none of the last. And that the 320¹¹ laid to the charge of S^r Hen. Sydney doth arise upon the customers setting it upon his heade for more corne passed upon the first license then was graunted by the license w^{ch} in all right seemeth to have ben laid upon others as well as upon S^r Hen. Sydneys father.

Blofeld also acknowledgeth that S^r Hen. Sydneys father is wronged to be thus charged if he did pay to old S^r Chro. Heidon consideracon

for the 4000 grs.

Blofeld promiseth to bringe Tho. Armgers accompt before my going up to the parl^{‡,1}

Godfrey clears - himself of Liability incurred in exporting Corn.

Right Wrshipll, I have yor letter wch do importe that informacon hathe ben gyvn yow by Cromr men that I shold be indebted to them one hundred poundes. For my defence & yor better satisfaction therein, thes are to advertise yow yt I had lycence for some fyftie or thre score quarters of wheate, and I entred into bonde to certen of the townesmen, but in what some I knowe not, of weh lycense I made profit to the some of twentie and five pownds wen I had of Mr Robt Clarke late of Lynne who (if he were lyving) cold wytnes the same. Sithens weh time Robt Cottrell who became agent for ve towne of Cromer procured a warrant from Sir Frances Walsingham & directed to one Coltsall a persevante, who served the same upon me, and I appeared before the said Sr Frances who referred me over to Mr Wade wthout any farder examinacon aboute that busynes, willed me to take order wth Cottrell who was then present and thonlie man that procured my molestacon. Whereupon I entred him my bonde in xl^{II} to whom sythens that tyme I paid x^{II} in present money, and also he rec^d of me one Jewell sett wth smale diamondes & rewbyes w^{ch} cost me xxv^{li} and told me that I should never here more of that cause. And sithens Sir Frances Walshams deathe Mr Calliard and one other of Cromer procured a warrante from my L. Admyrall & Sr Thos Henage directed to one Davus a persevante and by vertu thereof I was called before there hors. And I satisfied them in the presence of the said Calliard and they allowed of my composycon with Cottrell and was discharged by them. At wen tyme there was order given that a composition shold be taken owt of the Duchie Corte & directed to yor selfe & Sir Wm Heydon to inquire what debt was growing from Tho. Baxter who was in lyke sorte

 1 This document and the one above are not endorsed but were pinned together.

called before ther hors at that tyme & charged wth great somes of money taken by him for Cromer lycensses: but what became thereof I know not. Neither cold I (if there demand were just) undergoe any parte of so great a burden, in that I am acompanied with too soche forcible companions, thone (Necessitie) and thother (Impossibilytie) whereby I neither have, nor can make satisfaction of more honest debt wth do more importe me, soche is my feble & ruinate estate throwghe so many luckles fortunes wth have befallen me by sewertieshippe casualtie of fier and tempestes of wether. This is the some of my defence wth I referre to yor W: good consyderacon: and you to God his good protection: wishing you bothe present & future happines.

Guntonhall this 22nd of October 1610.

Y' Wo: at comand^t Ri. Godfrey.

Endorsed: Too the Right W^rshipp¹¹ Sr Nathanyell Bacon Knight give thes at Stifkey.¹

¹The accounts of George England, taken before Sir Nathaniel Bacon, Jan. 19, 1609, are omitted as they are muddled and incomplete. There is also a letter from John Blofield to Sir Nathaniel and a reckoning of the money due to Cromer from Margaret Calliard executrix to Robt. Underwood.

PAPERS RELATING TO NATHANIEL BACON AS COMMISSIONER FOR THE RESTRAINT OF CORN EXPORTATION.

Petition that power may be given to the Justices to allow Transportation. To the R. Honorable the Lles: and others of her Ma^{tes} most honorable Councell.

In humble maner shew unto yor honors the Knightes and Burgesses of this present parliament chosen for the marityme countyes of this Realme of England & Wales for and in the name of the said countyes, That wheras the said countyes are at this present possessed of great quantityes of corne w^{ch} beareth no such price as were nedefull & convenient to furnish her Mates subjectes wth money for the supplie of ther necessityes and namely towardes the defence of the Realme in respect of some restraynt formerly made and by reason of the Statute of Forestallers made in the fifth yeare of Kinge Edward the Sixt for avoiding of ingressing of corne. At wentyme the tilladge of this lande was not so great nor come so comon a merchandize to be transported to foreign partes nor the custome so advaunced by transporting of corne as now it is, and would increase to a very great benefitt to her highnes by the frequent transporting of grayne (wherof there are manie thowsand quarters to be spared wthin the Realme vf both the owner & merchant were freed from the danger of the said Statute or other restraynt paying only her Maties custome for the same. Yt maie please yor ho: according to yor accustomed honorable care of the Common wealth to preserve the most humble suite of the said Knightes & Burgesses for and in the name of the inhabitantes aforsaid, That yt maie be lawfull for her Mates subjects of this land to transport their come into the partes beyond the seas paying her Ma^{tes} ordinary custome as also to sell or carrye the same from port to port wthin the Realme, And further that yor ho: will vouchsave yor honorable meanes unto her most excellent Maty, that according unto former orders observed in the marityme Contyes the Justices of peace maie contynue their power in open Sessions to graunt lycense unto the merchants of the ports and marityme Townes to buye corne wthout impeachment of anie promoter or informer whatsoever. The said lycense to contynue during her Ma^{tes} pleasure. And the said Knightes & Burgesses for and in the behalf of the said Inhabitantes shall yeald & present their humble

& most bounden thanks to yor honors, wth their daily prayers to the Almighty for her Mates most happie longe and flourishing Raigne over us.2

In most humble wise do shew unto yor gracious Matie wee yor obedient subjectes whose names be herunder written in the behalf of or contrey ve county of Norff. That wheras the Shire is verie large and ye whole being devided into partes more then three therof is esteemed to be imployed for tilledge, and the onely markett for their corne in the tyme of plentye hath ben the vent therof into foreign partes. And upon ye transportation there hath ben taken hertofore for lycense & custome of wheate ¹ ye qr & for barley & malt

And ye favor of the officers then was suche as thei did passe for 100 grs 200 grs sometymes 300 grs. There is at this present so great care and diligence used by the overseers of the Portes as the merchantes hath no allowaunce to passe more then he paieth for and the custome & lycense of every qr of wheat transported is increased Wherby the charge ¹ and of every q^r of Barley & Malt is become so great as few or none do transport. And thus through the want of or markett, wen is the vent, the prices of all come be utterly overthrowen, And this hath contynued this yeare & more. And these inconveniences following do apparently arise.

I. First a great number of fermors who have in thes late yeares hyrid landes both of noblemen, gentil, & others shalbe utterly undon seing yel shall not be able to paie ther rentes & defraie ther

other charges yf ye prices of come be overthrowen.

2. Secondly as the high prices of corne are known to have ben a great occasion of increase of tilledge, so the pluckinge downe of the price cannot but worke a decaye of tilledge. And herby manie mischiefes will ensue, for a multitude of yor highnes subjectes will therbie be unsett on worke and being idle will fall to comytt many evil partes and offences against yor Lawes, for wen many of them

are like to be brought to their ende.

3. Thirdly a great impoverishing of yor Mates subjectes will herbie followe for corne is one of the principall comodityes wthin you Highnes Realme, by the vent wherof in tyme of plenty treasure is brought in and so dispersed amongst yor subjectes, and it is well knowen that torreign commoditives parte wherof yo' Subjectes must use, are sold at high prices. And if or owne commodities shall therwth be kept at lowe prices yor Highnes subjectes must therbie Grievances arising from Restraint of Exportation.

¹ These gaps are in the original. ² Not endorsed.

become poore, and so be unable to aunswer their subsidies, and to defraye other necessary charges, wen are laid upon them for the defence of yor Realme. for yor highnes Subsidies will not be aunswered by the wealthes of particler persons, wherof there be manye like to be rich win yor Realme, but the same must be gathered out of the wealthes of the multitude.

4. Forthly this want of vent of come will worke a great hinderaunce to yor Highnes navigacon in these northern partes especially, wen frontereth upon the lowe contryes, bicause a nomber of shippes togither with their marryners be unsett on worke, so as the Skottes come & buy up many of or best shippes, and therbie growe stronge by sea, and yor Realme ye weaker. And this thei are able to do, seing thei have great trade, and (as themselves do affirme) do passe away wheat out of Scotland into forreign Realmes at xijs the qr. for all maner custome & lycense.

5. Fiftly yor highnes Subjectes in this corner of yor Realme are much grieved wth this want of vent for their corne, yea so farre forth, as the payment of ten subsidies & taskes to be paid yearly one after another would not worke a more discontentment in them and it is or duties to make this knowen unto yor highnes, that yor gracious

wisdome maie in tyme consider for the redresse of it.

Objections 1.*

Her Ma^{tie} by her prerogative may impose what shee & her Counsell holdeth fitt, for the sufferaunce of anie commodity of her Realme to be passed out of the same, and it is not the dutie of subjectes to comptroll her therin, or to fynde fault wth it.

Aunswer

It is to be confessed, that her Ma^{tle} de jure may do this: But it is also to be considered that the actions of this lief are not onely to be ruled de jure, seing there is anoth lawe, wen yealdeth this rule, quid licet, non expedit. And how expedient it is to have these things on & gon forward wth, in regard either of hono to her Ma^{tle} or benefytt to the Comon wealth ys to be considered upon. And it standeth wth the dutie of subjectes either by peticon to her Ma^{tle} or openly in Parliam to declare their grievances herin.

Objection 2.

Her Ma^{ties} purpose herbie is not to drawe this losse to her Subjectes, but hopeth in tyme to have it sen, That whatsoever is herin taken of her Subject, shalbe drawen from the Stranger, and herin shee followeth the example of other princes, who do the like, and in or owne experience, as of wyne & other commodityes, wee, to whome

^{*} The following was pinned to the above.

the same is brought from beyonde the seas, do paie for it in the reckoning.

What tyme will worke is uncertayne: But it is apparaunt in ye meane tyme a nomber of persons will herby be undon, and how fitt it is wthout provision for their safetye, to enterprise & put forward this upon the former expectacon, may well be doubted of, seing good thinges are not to be brought to passe wthout good meanes and the meschiefes are so apparaunt, as the good, wth otherwise may ensue therof is more like to drawe a curse then a blessing.

Aunswer

The necessity, weh her Matte hath to maynteyne her charge both by sea and also in aiding forreign princes her neighbors, doth inforce her to use the same meanes weh other princes do for the mayntenaunce of their warres, & seing yel are approved in ye corse, whie shold her Matte be found fault wth.

Objeccon 3.

Herunto it may be said that according to this rule lege vivimus non exemplis, the accons of other princes is not a sufficient grownd to prove what ought to be don wth us. Also this difference is betwen them & us. Ther governors do it for the upholding of their owne estate, wee for ye aide & relieving of other estates & not or owne. Further the compassion wen wee ought to have of the distressed estates of others doth not tye us to yeald them relief further then or owne ability doth reache unto, and if her Matte be not able to give that aide weh is demaunded or looked for wthout the undoing of her owne Subjectes there is no bonde to tye her to the same and some other meanes of the same may be devised must be found out. And it is the pleasure & good will of God to bringe good thinges to passe by good & lawfull meanes, neither ought anie person herbie to inferre that the aide w^{ch} is geven to forreign States were repyned at seing it is a most ho: & just action and yet ought alwaies to be performed by just meanes.

Aunswer

In consideracon of the former reasons wee humbly upon or knees beseech yor Highnes favor that directon maie be given for the abatement of the charge of lycense Wherbie yor Subjectes maie have a more free liberty to transport this their commodity of corne And there cannot be performed a thinge more generally to their contentacon. Wherin yor Matle shall greatly wynne the love of yor people And their rest contynually bounde to commende in their prayers to God the longe contynaunce of yor Maty governmt over them.

Petition for Home Transportation. To the Ryght Worshyppfulls her Majestes Justices wthin the Countye of Norff.

Whearas it hathe pleased the Ryeght honorable the Lorde Treasurer of Ingland by his Lordshypes letters directed to the Costomer of Yarmoethe and other offycers wthin the countye of Norff. for the stayinge and restrayninge of all mannore of grayne eyther to be transported out of the lande or so mutche as from porte to porte by reasone off weh last words from portte to porte a greate number of poore seamen wythe in the sayd porttes are infforced to laye up ther shyppyng for wantt of moonye to stocke them selves onlye for Newcastell to ther and manye other marryners utter overthrowe and undoinge. For wheras in all tymes paste uppor ther poor creadytts they were able off ther nevghbors to tacke up some tenn or twentve combs of come for some convenyent tyme and so sett them selves to sea, nowe that helpe being taken aweye ther meanes to lyve by is greatly shaken and overthrowne. In consyderacyon whear of we have thought yt good humblye to intreatt yor good worshypps by yor favorable letters to acquaynt hys Lordshype wythe thys or humble petycion as is mencyoned, butt onlye to carrye from portt to portte and wythe small somes for baer meyntenance, in which doinge we shall praye dayelye for yor longe lyeves wth increass of mutch woorshypp.

Robt. Camp. Wyllm. Godskyrke. Willm. Wilche. Thomas Allen. Andrewe Page, John Peerson, Willem. Madone, Edmond Grave. Thomas Well. Rychard Browne. Willm. Wyghte, Petter Maden. Thomas Dobb. James Powdiche, John Hearne. John Powdich.

Endorsed: A petition of the coast men to passe come from port to port.

Certain known Bodgers to appear at the "Shirehowse" at Norwich. Wheras amonge other thinges conteyned in the Counselles late Letters directed to us ytt is required that we sholde take order for restrayninge the unnecessarye number of Badgers Brogers & buyers of corne by whome itt is supposed that the chiefest cause of inhanneinge the pryce of grayne doe growe wthin this shiere. And understandinge that those persons whose names be here under written or the most parte of them beinge furnished wth sufficient corne of their owne grothe, and some of them wthout lawfull aucthoritie and not beinge qualified accordinge to the lawes & statutes of this Realme have notwthstandinge bought upp great quantitie uppon hope to sell

itt ageyne att great pryce; Theis be therfore to requier you that in the Quenes Ma^{ties} name you gyve notice & chardge to them that they & every of them be before us in the Shirehowse att Norw^{ch} one the ixth daie of January next comynge by ix or x of the clocke in the forenoone then & there to answere to such articles and abide suche direction as shalbe thought convenient by vertue of the Counselles Letters in this behalfe. And thus we bide you fare well this xiijth of December 1576.

Yor lovinge frendes Xpofer Heydon Willm. Buttes¹

Richard Peercye gent.
Thomas Bussell gent.
Thomas Wacye of Bagthorpe
Edwarde Growle
Richard Boothe
Terry Walpole gent of Houlton
Nicholas Fermor gent.

Endorsed: To or lovinge frendes the Cheife Constables of the Hundred of Gallowe and to eyther of them.

TO ALL Justices of Peace Mayors Sheriefes Bayliefes Constables Customers Comptrollers and Serchers and all other offycers mynisters and Subjectes of or sovereigne Ladye the Quenes Maty to whome it shall appertayne and to every of them WEE the Peerriefes and Inhabitantes of the towne of Cromer alias Shipden in the countie of Norff. send greetinge in or Lord god everlastinge WHERAS our said sovereigne Lady Elizabeth the Quenes Maty by her highnes letters patentes bearinge date undr the greate Seale of England the second daye of January in the xxjth yere of the Reigne of said sovereigne Ladye Elizabeth by the grace of god of England Fraunce and Ireland Quene Defendor of the Faythe HATHE geven and graunted unto us the Peerriefes and Inhabitantes aforesaid, That we by or deputies factors and assignees to be speciallye named and aucthorized by wrightinge sealed wth consent of us the said Peerriefes & Inhabitantes shall and maye buye and provyde wthin the said countie of Norff. onelye the quantitie of eight thowsand quarters of malt barlye beanes and peaze and twoe thowsand quarters of wheate, and the same so provyded or boughte, after suche her Mates customes and

¹ Sir William, of Thornage. High Sheriff 1563, ob. 1583. His niece Anne married Sir Nicholas Bacon of Redgrave, brother of Sir Nathaniel.

Cromer transfers its License for Transportation to Richard Peerereson. other duties for the same payed and fully aunswered as was accustomably payed in the tenthe yere of her highnes Reigne: to shippe and lade in the portes of Lynne & greate Yarmouthe or their membres in the said countie of Norff: and from thence to carrie and transporte the same in any shippe or shippes bottomes or vessels and into anye place or places beyonde the seas being in league & amytye wth her Maty as by the said Letters patentes amonge other thinges therin conteyned more at large appereth. KNOWE YE NOW therfore that we the said Peerriefes and Inhabitantes of Cromer alias Shipden aforesaid wth one full consent and agreement by vertue of the said letters patentes to us graunted doe by their presentes name depute, assigne and aucthorize or wellbeloved frend Rychard Peerereson marchaunte and his assygnes or lawfull depute & assignes to receive take and enjoye the whole and full benefyte of the said letters patentes and free lycense for the buyenge and providinge shippinge and transportinge of one hundred quarters of wheate in suche good and benefyciall manner and fourme as is conteyned in the said letters patentes, so that the same one hundred greers of wheate be boughte or provided shipped and transported wthin five yeres next after the date of the said letters patentes or wthin two everes then next and ymedyatelye ensuyinge after the said fyve yeres. IN WYTNES wherof we the said Peeriefes and Inhabitantes of Cromer alias Shipden aforesaid have unto theis or letters of deputacon caused the common Seale of our consent to be annexed

This last daye of January 1578.

Request for Liberty of Transportation and that Bodgers may be free from Penalty. Sr There be two thinges, wch at this present do concerne the state of or contrey verie much, And wee have thought good to comend to yor consideracon, and do desire, either yor helpe for compassing or contreys benefit in them, or otherwise yor advise to us what meanes we shall use as you in yor wisdome shall thinke best to direct. The first is, that a liberty of Transportacon of corne to forreign places in amity wth her Matte might be granted freely for every man, payeng the Quenes custome, accordinge to the Statute in that behalf made. The second is, That or contreymen might be tollerated in this tyme of plentie of corne, to buy for transportacon as in former tymes thei have [been] accustomed, wthout being put to ye punishmt of ye lawe for ingrossing This latter request maie seeme hard to you but ye necessity of yt part of or contrey wch aboundeth most wth corne & from Linne & Yermouth betwene I & lx miles bordereth upon the sea and hath no other markett to be reconed of for the vent of or

come then by shipping of the same, is sutch as wee do judge, that the one cannot be well wthout the tolleracon of the other, for, if transportacon be permitted and there be not permission also for men to buy to transport, then will come litle of it. When bying of corne was formerly used, ther was not buyer, but he was in fee wth some promoter or other, who wrougth his peace in ye Excheker, but our contrymen be so feared by the late punishm^t laid upon men for buyeng in the tyme of scarsity as thei dare not now upon any promoters favor buy in this tyme of plenty.2 If it were knowen unto the Lls of the Councell, what a generall want of money there is in the contrey, by occasion of charges weh ye contrey hath borne in ye service of her Matte, thei would have a respect herunto. And wee knowe not a better way for the helpe hereof, then a tolleracon in thes thinges for a tyme. If license besides the Qnes custome be demaunded yt maie compasse private gayne but will neither be so profitable for her Matie nor worke that publick good weh were to be wished in this cause. Wee have this somer written to the Lls. of the Councell for transportacon but there is hitherto no generall allowance, and that wch is granted, is wth so great a charg of license, as the merchant affirmeth, that he can make no benefitt by adventing. If wee shall be advised by you to wryte againe unto the Lls. of the Councell, in both thes poyntes or either of them, wee will followe yor directon in asmuch as wee knowe that you are able to shew us the best waie, wherby wee may do or contrey most good. Thus disiring that it will please you to signify unto us yor mynd herin, wee comend you verie hartely to the keping of Almighty God.

Endorsed: draught of a Ire. to Mr Attorney about liberty of trans-

portacon Sept. 99.

Our duties in humble wise remembred unto yor L., yt pleased yor L. at the earnest suite of the Justices of peace of this countie that the store of corne here was such & the price so small as unles a vent were graunted by transportacon the contrey should be much distressed wth want of money, upon yor informacon of the state of the county to send yor warrant to the officers of the custome to permitt free transportacon of wheate & barly according to the Statute wch hath ben openly published and verie thankfully is accepted as ther

The recent
Wet Season is
no ground for
Restraint of
Transportation.

1 (In margin) sone after the offence comytted.

² (In margin) There are very fewe places wthin ye realme wher ther only market for ther corne is ye sea as it is wth us.

is good cause. Now sithence wee do understand by the officers that yor L. conceaving some doubt of scarcity by the late unseasonable rayne have commanded a staie of the former liberty, wee assure yor L. that the wettnes of the season doth nothing abate or hope of increase in this contrey, for the wynter cornes be growen up and are past danger that way, and or contrey though later in ye springe then other shires yet is in least danger by wett being champion & drye where ye tilledge is. Wee cannot but contynue & renewe or humble suite unto yor L. that transportacon maie be at liberty in regarde to the want of money won is such as wthout a present vent of or corne ye contrey will be much distressed. Further wee are informed that the merchantes upon the publishing of yor L. license for free transport hath bought much wth intent to transport it, and if he [be] letted therof yt will be the spoile & great hinderance of many. So craving ye continuance of yor L. favor to or poore husbandry, wee humbly takeor leave.

Otherwise the contrey by the want of money will be much distressed & will be moved much to their great discontentment.

Endorsed: Cop. lres for transport to ye L. Trer & Mr Attorney.

To the Kinges most excell^t Ma^{tle}.

Request for Liberty as Prices are low.

Humblie shew unto yor highnes yor Suppts & Subets undernamed Justices of Peace in yor Mates countie of Norff. in the name of the poore husbandmen there. That wheras upon grave & necessary consideracons & chiefly for ye increase & mayntenance of husbandry & tilledge, by sondrie Actes in Parliament, Transportacon of corne in tyme of plentie hath ben allowed to places in amity wth the Realme, And lastly in the 35th years of the raigne of or soveragn La. Oueene Eliz, the said Transportacon was permitted when as wheate should not exceed ye rate of xx⁸ ye q^r: rye peas & beanes xiij⁸ iiij^d the qr & barly & mault xijs the qr. This notwth standing of late yeares, & now especially corne being at much lower rates then the Statute lymiteth and the plenty (by Gods blessing) verie greate at this tyme, the Libertie of Transportacon hath ben & is at this present restrayned and the Subject denyed to passe (saving except some small quantities) by license. Wherby or contry & especially ye husbandmen are sore weakened & impoverished. Our contry (gracious Soveraign) being large dependeth principally upon tilledge & husbandry and hath no other vent or markett for their corne in tyme of plentie but ye parts beyond ye seas, so as Transportacons being denyed & restrayned tilledge must necessarily decaye. Wee have presumed in love & compassion of or conteys grievaunce (bound also in dutie so to do) to present this cause to yor Ma^{tle} consideracons humbly craving relief herin, that yor Ma^{tles} poore Sub^{tes} maie have the benefitt of this lawe by the libertie of Transportacons and the same being permitted in such sort as the Statute provideth yor Ma^{tes} custome wilbe much advanced therby & yor Sub^{tes} in this county receive singular good and the Realme in no other parts indamaged.¹

Right Honorable We understand by this bearer of yor Ho: furtherance in or suite at the councell board for a generall lycense to transport come according to or peticon lately sent unto ye Kinges Matie by this bearer, wch peticon (he enformeth us) is left wth yor ho: wth very good acceptance therof in this countreys behalf. And foresmuch as we doe lykewyse understand that there is an order set downe in ye councell booke uppon the mocon of my L: Trer for a generall libertie to transport corne in paying iijs for ye custome of every quarter of wheate & xiiijd for ye custome of every qter of Barley and Mault over and above the rates sett downe by statute. We have presumed to sett downe or opinions therin wen is that a generall libertie according to ye statute would be more beneficiall to his Matte in his customes by transportacon of ye greater quantyties and that by meanes of soe great an ymposicon eyther ye husbandman shall be dryvne to abate the same in the price of his corne, wch he selleth to ve merchant or els the merchant will seeke to defraud his Matte of soe much of his custome as he is overchardged wth all, for that in payeing ye full due according to the same order the king in fower voyages shall reap the whole stock of the merchantes adventure, wen chardge ye marketts in Holland (wheare ye most parte of ye corne is adventured from these ptes) will not beare as we are creadiblie geven to understand, and yf the merchant fayle in the former meanes then he shalbe dryvne agayne to seake for particuler lycenses, as heretofore hath been usuall. Wee have thought meete (by yor Hors good favor) to sett downe such mattr of substance as we find to be omytted in the same order, wen are these: viz: there is noe exception of transportation of come in strangers vessels, notwthstanding ye same statut is especially made, and provvded for ve mayntenance of the navie of this land, but an Alien hath therby free lybertie to transport come in paying no more custome then his Mates subjectes doth wch is contrary to dyverse lawes and statutes of this land, nether is there any excepcon or barring of transportacon ¹ Not endorsed.

The Additional Duties on Transport will not be to the Advantage either of King or Subject.

of come uppon particular lycenses obteyned at a lower rate, nor any exprese order by whome the same order shalbe altered or revoked. This great ymposicon uppon come will neither make plenty nor skersety therof, but yf yt standyeth wth his Mates good pleasure, transportacon therof may be offered aswell in payeing according to the statut as in posing soe great a chardge thereuppon, and the subjectes generally receyve a great contentmt and satysfaccon when they shall enjoye the benifitt of the lawes and statutes of this Realme.

Sett downe ye prises of come at this present and yt yf any occasion serve they wyll become sutors for a restraynt and soe beeseeching ye contynuance of yor Hors fartherance in this our sute for ye good of

ye contrey, We humbly take or leves.

The Council proceeds against Bodgers.

After our hartie commendacons: wee understande that upon the late dearth of all kynde of grayne & of butter and cheese & other victuell in the most partes of this Realme, although almighty God hath mercifully & favorably wth drawen his heavie hande wherwth wee deserved or late punishment by an universall scarsity through unseasonable weather: And hath now yealded us wth his blessed hande a chaunge therof in this latter ende of somer to the great comfort of all sorts of people, yet there are seen & founde a nomber of wicked people in condicons more like to wolves or Cormorants then to natural men that do most covetously seeke to hold up the late great prizes to corne, & all other victuall by ingressing the same into their private handes: barganyeng before hand for corne, & in some parte for grayne growing, and for mault before it be made, and for butter & cheese before it be redy to be brought to ordinary markett for to be bought by the poorer nomber. Against wen foule corrupt fraud & malicious greedynes there are both many good lawes & sondrie orders of late yeares given to all Justices & other publique officers to reforme such notable abuses, and therfore wee cannot but in the name of that mercifull God that hath thus given to us his blessing by seasonable weather to receive abundance of the fruites of the earth charge & comaunde you to cause diligent inquisicon to be made in all partes of yor Contrey as well in places of liberties & Townes Corporate as in all other places of such as do directly or indirectly thus buye or bargayne for anie quantity of corne or victuall other then in marketts & that for their private uses. And that you apprehende such Ingressers and take from them sech as thei shall unlawfully buy & compell them to revoke their unlawfull bargaynes and to sende up to us some of the most notable offendors to be ordered

by us using also all other good meanes that you maie devise to restrayne thes lamentable abuses and give all the furtherance you can to bringe all manner of victuall to such reasonable prizes as the good season maie afforde and so that the poore maie not be longer oppressed wth this unnessary dearth. And for that in some Contryes wee have hearde that men weh are of good lyvelihoode & in estimacon of worship do use to inriche themselves by this kynde of engressing: wee do warne you all to have a special care not onely wth sharpe reprehenced to seeke to reform them, but also to certefye us of their names and therby to avoide the just offence of the inferior sort w^{ch} cannot be but grieved to see such corrupcon in the better sort suffered wthout restraynt. And of yor proceedings therin wee require you to certefye us in particler who they are by name that shall bestowe their labours in thes so necessary services, so as wee may knowe of whome wee maie have good opynion for their zeale towardes the relief of the poore sort and have a gesse who are negligent in this service if thei shalbe resident in the Contrey. And this or lie intended for all the Justices of peace wthin that County wee will you the Shrief to [instruct] all the Justices in every devision of that Shire for the more speedie execucon herof.

So recomending the care therof earnistly to you wee bide you hartely farewell. From the Cort at Havring the 25th of August 1597.

Yor loving fryndes
Tho. Egerton R. North

W. Burghley R. Cecyll
C. Howard J. Fortescue
G. Hunsdon

To the high Sherif¹ of the Countie of Norf. & the rest of the Justices of peace of the said Countie.

Our duties in verie humble wise remembred. It pleased yor ho. about the end of the last sommer to commannd that no corne should be shipped out of this Countie of Norff from port to port wthin the Realme, and this hath ben observed accordingly, and still is unles by some that have speciall lycense for the same upon a peticon delivered unto us by sondrie dwelling upon the coast side. Wee have thought it a part of or duties to make knowen unto yor ho: that at this tyme of the yeare manie shippes & hoyes have accustomed to saile out of the havens of this Countrey to Newcastell for coales wherby manie marryners by making severall voyages thither are set on worke the

¹ Hen. Guybon, Esq., of Thursford

Petition to Transport to Newcastle.

most part of the sommer, And the stock of the shippes wherwth thei have brought their coales, hath ordinarily ben some portion of malt or other corne, And wthout giving them the like allowaunce, manie of them being poore men, & wthout stock of money, shalbe forced to be idle & laie up their shippes: And besides that divers within ye Countie of Suff. & Essex do seeke to passe corne from thence thither, And manie owners & fermore alongst the coast are desired to have their corne shipped awaie wherby thei mai have mony for the same. In consideracon of thes reasons wee are humble suitors unto yor ho; that libertie of carrage of come from port to port by shipping maie be permitted, as it hath ben alwaies in former tymes when as the scarsity of grayne was farre greater then now (God be thanked) it is, wee knowe that a great porcon of corne maie from or Coast side be spared to serve the wantes of other partes of the Realme. So as wee hope yor ho: will hold this or request to be no waies hurtfull to the state of the Comonwealth. Thus Comending the Cause to yor ho: better wisdome wee take or leave. This [?] of Aprill 1601.

Yor ho. at Comaundm^t

Abuses attending the granting of Licenses by Dr Burman, Judge of the local Court of Admiralty.

The examinacon of George Hutchenson of Welles taken ye 6th of Noveb 1601 before Nathanael Bacon Esqr.

The said George Hutchenson saith that about the beginning of the last Lent there was a commandement given by the L. Treaseur (as it was said) that no corne should be suffered to passe in anie shippe upon this coast from port to port wthout speciall license. And divers offering to passe corne to Newcastell were troubled for it in the Admirall Courtes by Mr Doctor Burman. And this examinate taking knowledge that D. Burman had licensed one John Grove of Welles to carrie corne to Newcastell, this examinate togither wth one Jo. Howsago partener made suite also to the sd. Dr B. to grante them license also to passe certayn corne to Newcastell (being about xl qr wheat & other grayne) and being passed over as a stock of ther to provide his frayt of coales with. And D. Burman granted the & tooke a . . . bond of them in xl1 & retorn(ing) a certificat to him and ye Register of the Cort tooke ijs for the bond and vjd more.

John Hutchensons marke.

And he saith that D. Burman did threaten him there at that cort that if thei came wthout license he would cause.....

The examinacon of John Grove of Welles taken the same daie.

He saith that at ye Sessions holden at Norwch in Jan. last he being at Norwich did understand that D. Burman did give license to passe corne from port to port (there being a restraynte on the Contrey at that tyme for ye passing of anie): this exte went to D. Burmans lodging in N[orwich]& prayed license of him to passe (about xvten qrs of malt) to N[ewcastle] And D. B. granted ye same upon bond dutue set the certificate. And then this exate repaired to one Mr Sharpe D. Burmans Register to enter an act of his license wch being done he pd ijs vjd to the sd Sharp for the fee of his bonde but spared from entring into any reconing at all. And he saith that at the same tyme D. Burman granted likyt license to one Gazeley of Burnham to passe certayn barley to Ipswch & pd in his presence ijsijd for his bondes.

Our humble duties remembred. The Transportacon beyond ye Seas to places in Amity wth her Matie, being the onely markett for or sommer corne in this tyme of plentie, doth so much import the state of or Contrey here in Norff, as wee are bold to crave yor ho: favors, that it would please you to give direcon, wherby warrantes maie be sent to the officers of or portes for libertie to shippe awaye, barley, malt, peas & beanes & also beere, paying her Mates custome, according to the statute. The reasons went move us to be suitors herin, be especially these. First or experience letteth us see that or Contrey is so emptied of money, as a nomber of persons wthin ve same, when thei are demanded to make payment towardes sundrie charges of her Ma^{tes} service & the Realme, are to seeke and do praie a stave, untill thei maie sell that, wherwth thei maie gett money. Now the sale of Corne by vent of the same over sea, hath ben alwaies allowed, when plentie hath ben, as an ordinary meanes in this pt of the Realme, wherby their wantes have ben supplyed wth money: And many marryners, men worthie the Cherishing, are also put a worke by crossing the seas to & fro. Besides the prises of Barley is all along the coast at x8 the qr, wch price being so farre under the Statute, the subject humbly desireth the benefitt therof. Further her Mates custome wilbe increased therby, because the greater quantity will be carved out, when as every person shalbe at liberty to passe according to the Statute. And the poore fermors & husbondmen, having the more choice of buyers, shall reape good therby, for private men, dealing by particuler license, make open therby the way (when none buyeth besides themselves) to contrive their owne gayne, by buyeng at such prises, as is to the great hindraunce of the fermors & occupiers, and this is apparently seen,

Liberty of Transport sought on account of scarcity of Money.

and the subject therwthall not a litle grieved. Thus beseching yor ho: good allowance of this or suite in or Contryes behalf, wee humbly take or leave. March 1602.

Endorsed: Lres trans. from the Justices.

The Council allows partial Transportation.

After our hartie comendacons: Wheras you have signified unto us by yor late Letters that there is so good store of graine in that County of Norff, and especially of sommer corne and that the prices thereof are so lowe as the husbondmen of the Cuntry doe susteyne great inconvenyence for want of meanes to vent and utter the same att any such rate as may be agreable unto their trade of husbondry. And therupon have by yor said Letters made request for license of transportacon of grayne beyond the seas out of that Cuntry and the rather in respect that the prices (as you informe us) of some sortes of the said grayne ar wthin compasse of the rates allowed by the Statute for Transportacon and allso for transportacon of Beare wth paymt of her Mates Custome for itt; Although (notwthstandinge the reasons alledged by you as allso by like Letters of suit from the towne of Lynne) we find itt not convenyent in regard of the comon estate of this Realme that Lycense should be graunted to that Countye in so large and generall manner as is desired. Neverthelesse we would be willinge that some good course were taken for the ventinge and utteringe of some reasonable quantity of beare and grayne from thence by transportacon over the seas for the better relief of the Cuntry and especiallie for the supplie of the husbondmen wth money for their grayne (wch is the greatest want that you make knowne unto us). And therefore yf you will upon good consideracon and advertisem^t (wth the privitie of the Towne of Lynne) certefie to me the L. Treasurer what proporcon of grayne and beare you would design att this tyme to be lycensed, and likewise advertize me the L. Trer. of the merchantes or owners of Shippes that shall transport the same itt shall be considered of and wee will take order that for some competent quantetie Lycense may be graunted. And so we bidd you hartely farewell from the Court att Richemond the xvth of Marche 1602.

> Yor very Lovinge Frendes, L. Keeper Mr Treasorer

L. Treasorer Mr Secrete: Cecyll

L. Admirall E. of Shrewsbrey

E. of Worcester

Endorsed: To or very loveinge freindes Sr Arthur Hevennyngham Knight Highe Shreif of the Cownty of Norff. Sr Phillipp Woodhowse Sr Bassingbourne Gawdy Knight Nathaniell Bacon Esqr and other the Justices of peace of the Cownty and to all and any of them.

Our humble duties remembred. It maie please vor L. to be advertized that the prizes of wheat & barlye in ye Countie of Norff. are at xx8 ye qr for wheat & at xiij8 iiijd ye qr for barley, and in divers parts of the Shire at lower rates. And the blessing of God is also great in expectacon for the renewe of this yeare wherby there is hope conceaved that the plentie will affourde a free transportacon accordinge to the Statute yf it maie stand wth the allowaunce of the LLs & other of his Mates Prvie Councell. Therfore wee have thought it or duties seing this trafick by transportacon is ye most speciall meanes for the benefitt of or contrey to signifye thus much unto yor ho: and to be humble suitors that by yor ho: meanes wee maie obtyne the same, and that a tolleration maie be wthout danger of lawe for the merchant or other to buye in or Contrey & to sell agayne so longe as it shall please their ho: to permitt this libertie of transportacon for the grower is not the transporter but the merchant who will not or dare not buy to transport unles he maie do it wthout feare of danger of the lawe. Wee thinke it convenient (if it may stand wth yr Lo: liking) that transportacon of Beanes & peas be permitted wthin ye port of Lynne by reason of the plenty of those graynes brought thither out of the parties and Shires adjoyning. Thus comending ye consideracon herof to yor ho: wisdome, wee humbly take or leave. Written ye 18t of May 1602

Liberty desired as Prices are low.

Yor ho: at comta

After or hartie comendacons. Wheras by letters sent unto you from me the L. Trer. in Februarie laste, you were then straightly required for divers momentarie reasons and consideracons therin expressed tendinge to the publique good of this Realme, not to permit or suffer anie kinde of Corne or beere to be shipped or transported beyond the seas untill other order and direccon should be geven you in that Forasmuch as we are informed that manie persons as well behalfe. English and Scottes as strangers have since that tyme presently upon the O. late death and before and since the cominge of the Kinges Matie into the his Kingdome wth yor privitie and connivance transported from that porte out of this Realme greate quantities of graine

No Liberty without Special License.

¹ No endorsement.

and beere wthout warrant, wherby the prises of come are allreadie in some partes wthin that Shere and other borderinge Counties theraboutes very much as we heare increased, and likely to increase more and more, unles a spedie strict course be taken to prevent the same— In regarde wherof, thes are specially to require you not to permit or suffer anie sorte of corne or beere to be shipped or transported from that porte, or anie the members therof out of this Realme, beyonde the seas, unles you shall receive speciall & sufficient warrent and direccon for the same, nor are you in yor sufferinge of Corne or beere to passe from porte to porte (wch is not restreyned) to repute or account the Kingdome of Scotland, as in the nature of a porte of this Realme, and looke what duties they hertofore were wont to paie eyther for corne or beere, or any other kind of marchandiz they are still to continue the like paimt therof untill the Kinges Matle shall be pleased to take other order therin. Herof you are not to faile as you will aunswere the contrarie doinge at yor uttermoste perill, gevinge you nevertheles to understand, that or meaninge is not to prejudice or recall such warrantes as are allreadie directed unto you for transportacon of Corne or beere into Scotland or otherwise so as their tyme for the doinge therof be not yet come and expired. From the Courte at Windsor this Fifte of July 1603.

Yor lovinge freindes J. Buckhurst Ghownir

Endorsed: To or lovinge freindes his Ma^{tes} officers of the Porte of Lynne and the members therof.

16 october 1603 present the

General
License
Granted.

L. Chancellor E. of Devon
L. Treasorer E. of Marr
D. of Lennox L. H. howard
L. Admirall L. Cecill
L. Chamberlaine L. Knollis
E. of Northumberland L. Wotton

E. of Worcester Mr Chancellor of Thexchequr Mr of the Rolles

This day in full Councell consultacon was had of ye generall prejudice and inconvenience like to growe to the Fermors, and such others his Ma^{tes} subjectes of this Realme, whose livinges did specially

consist one husbandry and tilladge, and consequentlie to the whole Realme, for that tillage would therby be given over, if the aboundant stoare of Corne and Grayne (continewing nowe at baise & lowe prisses) should not be permitted to be vented by transportacon over seas, as in like case of Godes great blessing in former tymes as well by the advancement of the Kinges Mates Customes, as allso to the great benefitt of the whole Realme, wheruppon it was moved by the Lo: Trer. of England and so after much deliberacon concluded, That all persons whatsoever shalbe suffered to transport the Corne & grayne to foreyne pertes in amity wth the kinges Matte untill by other dyrection the same be altered or revoked, paying to his Matte for every quarter that shalbe so transported the soom of iiis for wheat xiiijd for Barley and Mault over and above the rates sett downe by the Statute, as long as wheat shall continewe at or under the prisse of xx⁸ and so in like manner of all other graynes conteyned in that statute respectively, wen soomes of money so imposed was then declared by his Mates learned Councell then attendant to be lawfull & agreable wth the opinion of all the Judges of the Realme, whoe heretoffore by a generall meting consulted & resolved uppon the same pointe went the LLs: resolution was recomended to the Lo: Trers. care to cause duely to be putt in present execution as a matter properly belonging to the charge of his Loppe office, and Comaunded to be entered into the Register of Councell. Exp. Tho: Smith.1

No. 1603. To the Kinges Most excellent Matte.

Humbly sheweth unto yor Matte yor peticoners the Justices of ye peace & others yor hyghnes subjectes wthin the County of Norff., That wheras at a parlamt houlden in Ao 35 of or late Quene it was enacted for the mayntenance of the navy and increase of tylladg that a generall transportacon of corne should bee made from such places wthin this land where the same was bought at these prysses following vizt, wheat at xxvs ye qr, pease beanes & rey at xiij inj ye qr & barlie and mault at xijs ye qr wch Act standeth styll in force and ye due execucon therof is not only benificiall unto his Matte, but allsoe very necessary for all yor Mates subjectes, wch our experience leadeth us unto, First for the great encrease of yor Mates Customes by transportacon of Corne from ye portes of this County wthin one yeare last past more then in many former yeare, Secondly the great benyfyt we find the husbandmen do recyve by ventyng of there Corne, wthout wch divers of them are dysabled to pay such service-

Reasons for Desired Liberty.

¹ No endorsement.

able dutyes as belong unto yor Matle, Lastly ye navie will therby be encreased and ye marrinners and seafaring men cherished and set on work. And yet we find that the transportacon of Corne uppon particuler lysences (nowe usuall) are very prejudiciall unto yor Matte and yor Subjectes, and the statut is thereby utterly frustrated, and the speciall good thereby intended is turned to ye generall hurt of all, unlesse some fewe persons. Yor Majtie in yor princely care may at yor pleasure restrayne transportacon of Corne as well uppon generall as particular lysences, when neede requireth, and we should showe or selfes very necligent & undutyfull yf we dye not certyfie and become sutors to yor Matie aswell for restraynt as libertie of trensportacon, when occasion serveth. We have presumed at this tyme as well in regard that or former certifycates to ye lyke purpose have taken noe effect, as also for many important causes tending to ye generall good of this County & places in amytic wth yor Matle by yor highnes proclamacon or other directon, and for ye prohibyting of all pertycalor lysences the prises of Corne contyneweing under the rate sett downe in the sd. statut, as nowe they doe. And herein not only we but the whole County of Norff. and dyverse other Shyers thereunto adjoyning shall according to o' bounden dutyes acknowledge yor Mates goodly care over us, and wyll alsoe daylie pray to God for the contynewance of yor Mates most happy and long Raigne over us.

Endorse

2.

Humbly sheweth that in A° xxxv of or late Quene it was enacted for the mayntenance of the navie and encrease of tylladg, that a generall transportacon of corne should be made in Inglyshe vessells from such places where the pryces weare as followeth vizt wheate at xx⁸ ye q^r Rey pease and beanes at xiij⁸ iiij^a ye q^r and barlie or mault at xij⁸ ye q^r reserving to yor Ma^{tie} for ye Custome of every q^r of wheate ij⁸ & for every q^r of ye other kindes of Corne xvj^a.

That the due execution of the sayd Statutes is very benificall to yor Matte & generally good for all yor highnes subjectes for sundry

reasons herein expressed.

That wth very good consyderacon both ye prises of corne & ye Custome thereuppon was establyshed for mayntenance of ye husbandry and that aswell the husbandmen as ye engrossers of corne are barred of all unlawefull meanes to rayse ye pryses above ye sd. statut bycause they shall then have noe vent.

And that almost noe Corne hath ben transported of late tyme but

uppon particular lycenses.

Our duties remembred. The libertie of Transportacon of Corne beyonde the seas to places in amitve wth his Matie according to the Statute, is of so greate importaunce to this or Contrey here in Norff, wen hath in the tyme of plentie no other Markett, as, the same being restrayned, wee cannot (wth due regard of or duties) but use the meanes to have helpe therin: And therefore wee humblie beseeche yor ho: for yor furtherance, That libertie in this behalf maie be freelie given by his Mates proclamacon. The prises of wheate is under xxs the quarter, & Barlie & Malt under xs the qr and Rye peas & Beanes under the prises limitted by the Statute. Wee assure yo Lo. that no private respect hath moved us to importune yor ho: in this cause, but a just regard, both of the kinges profitt by his Custome, & also of the common good of the Contrey upon or knowledge of the wantes & necessities therof, occasioned principally by this Restraynt. Thus craving yor ho: favorable acceptance of this or Suite, wee humblie take or leave. From Wymondham this xviijth of Octob 1603. Yor ho: at comandement¹

Liberty desired as Prices are Low.

After or hartie comendacons. Wheras by a Statute made in the 3 yeare of his Mattes rayne that now is it was ordayned that when barley & mault in anie port in this his kingdome should not exceed the price of 148 ye qr that it should be lawfull for the subjects of this kingdome to transport the same grayne in Englishe shipping payeng his Mates Customes due for such corne so transported. And forasmuch as wee his Mates Justices of peace wthin the County of Norff. whose names are herunder written are credibly informed that now at this present and likewise for the space of 6 monethes now last past bailie & mault wthin the port of Lynne & the members of the same hath stood at the same price of 148 the qr for wch cause we have thought it convenient to desire you his Mates officers of the port of Lynne & the members of the same to take knowledge hereof: hoping that wthall you will labr by yor best endeavrs to be aiding to his Matys subjectes in thes partes for the transporting of their said Barlie or Mault as the law in this case hath provided. Wherin wee think the husbondarey of this Country shall find the better meanes for the sale of this Corne, and the merchantes be encouraged to buy, when there may be hope of transportacon. In the furtheraunce wherof you shall do good service to his Matte in regard of his customes and also much good to the Countie for ye exporting of such corne as the plenty of this yeare maie afford to be spared. And so not ¹ No endorsement.

doubting of yor care & due considiracon of the premises, wee bide you hartely farewell.

Proceedings to be taken against those Ingrossing and Cornering Grain.

Though ... wen wee have in hand shalbe now performed in S..... ffering maner from that it was the last yeare inasmuch as it was then don by Jury, and shall now be don wthout oath, yet there is hope conceaved, that the service will not be the wurse performed, seing men, who knowe what thei have to do, should, as well wthout oath as wth oath, dischardge thes duties wch their owe unto her Matte & ther Contrey. It is the Qnes command, and so signified to the Justices of peace of this Contrey by the LL. of her Mates Privie Councell, that certain orders drawen down & put in printe, weh are devised for staie of the dearth of grayne should as well in this Contrey, as in other parte of the Realme, be put in execution. And this is don upon the great care, weh her Matie hath, that ye porer sort of her Subjectes should not beare too great a burthen, through thes extraordinary great prices of Corne, but that there should be an ease therof, by brideling the overgreedie desires of some, who desire nothing more, then to have ye prices increased. It is thought by her Ma^{tie} & her Councell, that ye cause, whie the prices of come be so great is partly through ye abuse of them weh ingresse Corne, and partly through the greedie desier of others, who having it of their owne grouth, bee not content wth anie moderate gayne, but seeke & devise waies to kepe up the prices to the manifest oppression of the poorer sort. For their [was] a generall hope [conceaved] by the seasonable harvest, wherwth God blessed us the last [sommer] & the good increase in most kyndes of Grayne, that the prices could not have heeld at such a heigth, as now thei do. Yor charges therfore shalbe streightly to put in execution such articles [as in] the booke of orders are prescribed unto you to be inquired of, and wthout all parciality in sparing anie man, to present unto us at such daie, as wee shall appoynt, a true certificat in wrighting, of all persons & matters, wen shall fall out to be wthin ye compasse of yor inquiry.

It shalbe fitt, that every one of you in yor particler parrishes, where you dwell, do by yor selfes & advise unto yor neighbers seeke, that the poorer sort who can worke, may be set on worke, and those, who cannot worke, maie have weekely contribution, as is prescribed by law, & that in some more large & liberall maner, then in former tymes, because the prices of all thinges are at so great a height. And that no extraordinary murmuring in anie undue sort be suffered to come from anie of them. And if anie be faultie therin, [that their]

names be made knowen to the Chiefe Constables, that some punishm^t maie be don upon them according to the quality of their offences.

To the Kinges most excellent Matie.

Humblie showe unto yor Matle yor peticioners the Justices of peace & others vor highnes subjectes wthin the County of Norff. that whearas at a parliament houlden in Anno xxxvo of the Reigne of or late Quene it was enacted for the increasse of tilladge & mayntenance of the Navy that a generall transportacon of Corne should be made from such places wthin this land wheare the same was sould at reasonable prisses weh Act standeth yett in force and is not onely beneficiall to yor Matie, but allso very necessary for yor Mate subjectes, wch or experience leadeth us into first by the great increase of yor Mates Customes by transportacon of Corne from the portes of this Countie, wthin one yeare last past more then in former yeares, secondly the great beneffitt wch we fynd the husbandmen do receyve by venting of ther corne, wthout wch divers of them are disabled to pay such servisable dutyes as belong to yor Matie. And yett we fynd that the transportacon of corne uppon particuller licences (wen is now usuall) is very prejudiciall to yor Matle & yor subjectes and the sayd statute is therby utterly frustrated, and the generall good therby intended is turned to the generall hurt of all unlesse it be of some few persons. Yor Matle in yor princely care may at yor pleasure, aswell restrayne transportacon of corne uppon generall licence as uppon particuller made requireth and we should showe or selves very negligent & undutiful yf we did not certyffie & become sutors therfore to yor Matie as occassion served. We have presumed at this tyme as well in regard that or former certifficates & peticons in this behallffe to the Lord Trer. have taken no effect, as allso for many important causes tending to the generall good of this Countie to become most humble peticoners to yor Matle for a generall lisence to transport all kindes of Corne out of this Countie by yor highnes proclamation or otherwisse and for the prohibiting of all particular lisences, the prisses of Corne continewing under the rates sett downe in ye sayd statute. And herein not onely we but all this whole County of Norff, and dyvers other Shires hereunto adjoyning shall according to or bounden dutyes acknowledi yor Mates godlie care over us, and will allso daylie pray for the continewance of yor Mates most happie & long Reigne over us.

Endorsed: Draught of a peticon to the Kinge for Transporte.

Private Licenses are disastrous. Expenses incurred by Mr Fairfax, in securing Liberty of Transport, to be borne by the Merchants.

Wheras at the last Sessions holden at Norwch the Justices of Peace then mett did write severall Letters to the LLs of the Councell, ye Lo. Trer. & the L. Lieutenant of this County, for the setting at liberty of the late Restraynt of Transportacon of Grayne; Being a matter expedient as well for the Country whome it generally concerned, as also desired by divers merchantes who had bought much Corne; and the care for delivery of the said Letters, and attendance upon their ho: aunsw^r was computed to M^r Tho: Fairfaxe, wth promise, by some merchantes that then followed the busynes wth the Justices, that his expences should be borne. The same being most reasonable I have thought good to write unto you and to pray you, that Mr Fairefaxe, having well effected the busynes comptted to him may by yor good meanes receive satisfacon from the merchantes towardes his charge, not doubting but the officers of Lynne port will persuade the merchantes trading therin to afforde the like. So I bidd you hartely farewell. Stewky 7 Martiis 607.

M^d there were 2 Letters to Lynne & Yarmouth & one to Blakney to this effect written by S^r Natha. Bacon.

Endorsed: Copie of the Lre. to the Customers for Mr Fairfax charges.

General
Transportation allowed
—Rye
excepted.

After my hartie Comendacons. Whereas it was thought expedient by my LL. of the Councell (in respecte the late season of ye yeare threatned a greate dearth and scarsetye) that a generall restrainte should be made for transportacon of come beyond the seas wch upon direcon from theire LL. by my warraunte I performed accordingly: For a smuch as theire LL: have of late receaved credible certificat from the Justices of Peace of ve County of Norff. that this restraynt is more inconvenient to that Country then to many other partes of this kingdome, because theire is such greate plentie and abonndaunce of all kinds of Corne in those partes (Rye excepts) whereof theire hath bine noe vent of late in respecte of the greate froste and contrarietie of wyndes that the garners alonge the sea coaste are soe filled (especiallie wth Barley) that much of yt wilbe in daunger of spoyle if yt be not transported and made awaie, as also great store of wheat being kildryed and made readie by the merchaunte for transportacon little use wilbe made of it heare. For their reasons the said merchauntes and others are humble suitors. That this restraint may be layd open for that Countie and be suffered to transport all kinde of Corne (Rye excepted) as formerly before the restrainte: weh theire LL: thinke requisett to be graunted unto them and therefore doe by theise Letters pray and require me to give patent order that transportacon be permitted unto that countye of Norff. for all kinde of Graine (excepting Rye). Whereby theire LL. shall nott be so often troubled wth private peticons from those partes in that behalfe, as other wise they should be if the restrainte contynue. In regard whereof thes are to will and require you to permitt and suffer any merchanntes or any other persons to transporte from thence unto the partes beyond the seas any kinde of Graine (exceptinge Rye) in such sorte as they did and might before the late restrainte, accordinge to the tenor and effecte of theire LL: letters. And in soe doeing this shalbe yor warrannte, my late restrainte to the contrary not wth standing.

From Dorsett howse this second of Marche 1607.

Yor Lovinge Freind Tho: Dorsett

Officers of the Porte of Lynn.

Endorsed: Copie of ye L. Trers. Lre. for liberty of Transport.

Our humble duties remembred, wee have receaved yor Lps lres. of the 30th of the moneth past, concerning the Restraint of the Transportacon of anie Corne out of Norff, and according to yor direction therin given, Wee, meeting at a Quarter Session of the peace holden for the County, doe certifie, That the prises of wheat are at xxv⁸ the quarter, of Barly at xiij⁸ the quarter, & at some portes lesse, and the prises of other Graynes (saving Rye) be under the prises lymitted by Statute. Wee are now in the behalf of or Contrey humble Suitors unto yor Lp, that by yor meanes this Restraynt (except for Rye) maie wth us for a tyme be released, as a thinge (in or opinions) verie expedient. For the Merchantes have laid up in all the leading places alongst the coast, great quantities of corne, being parte wheate, but chiefly Barlie, the greatest parte whereof had ben shipped away before this tyme, yf the frost & contrary wyndes had not happened; whereby (in effect) there is almost nothing carved away of the last yeares growth. And much of the wheat is kill dryed, not fitt for or Contryes use, so as, if there be not a liberty for or merchantes to shippe away Corne, there will be much therof lost. Beside there is great store yet unthresshed especially, upon the coast side, who have no other markett (as yor Lo. well knoweth) where to sell their Corne, but by sea, either, wthin the Realme, (yf other partes do want) or by Transportacon, and wthin

Much Grain waiting to be shipped which may be lost if Liberty to Transport is withheld the kingdome litle is hitherto caryed from us, neither doth the merchant knowe, whither to carry anie great quantitie, to make Gayne thereof. Thus hoping yor Lp. will have consideracon of thes or reasons, wee humbly take or leave. From Norweh this 23 of Febr. 1607.

Yor Lo. at commaundement

Endorsed: Cop. lre. to the L. Trer.

Winter Corns are safe in spite of Wet and Frost. To the R. Honorable S^r Edw. Coke knight L. Chiefe Justice of the Comon Pleas and to S^r Willm. Danyell knight Justices of Assize for the Countie of Norff.

Whereas yor Lo: have required us to set downe or opynion touching Transportacon of Grayne out of or County, Yt may please yor Lo: to understande that upon Conference, wee hold it verie necessary, that the same be contynued, for there is great plenty of wheat & barlie & other somer come in the garners upon the coast, wen was brought thither to be shipped away, and wen will hardly wthout losse to the merchant be carved to anie partes of ye Realme. And thereby the same Corne will be in hazard of perishing, yf it should not be transported. Also the prise of Corne be under the Rates lymitted by the Statute as wee have verie lately signified unto the LLs. of the Councell, wherupon the late Restraynt of Transportacon was set at liberty. Besides, small feare is conceaved in or Contrey of anie danger to be in the wyntercornes already sowen; bicause the wett was not so much wth us as in other places, and also, for that most of or groundes are not so apt to take hurt by wett as other Contryes. And when the great frost was, or groundes were much covered wth snowe, whereby the wyntercornes had the less hurte by the frost, but if it shall appeare heareafter, that thei have receaved hurt therby, wee intend (as or dutie is) to give advertisement thereof unto the L. Trer, who hath directed us at every Quarter Sessions to advertise him of the prises of corne. So commending the state of or Country to yor Lo. care & favor wee take or leave. Norwich 16 Martii 1607.

Yor L. at Comaundement

Endorsed: Copie of the Cert. to the Justices of Assises from all the Justices of peace touching Transport.

Much Grain lying ready for Export.

Our humble duties remembred. It may please yor Lps to be advertised that by Letters from the L. Trer. of England yor pleasure is signified unto us to have a Restraynt of all Transportacon of

Corne out of the County of Norff as a thinge resolved upon by you to be necessary for the benefitt of the State. And bicause this Restraynt may perhappes more concerne or Contrey then many partes of the kingdome besides, wee have thought it or duties (being moved therunto wthout any private respect) to certefie yor Lps, how it is inconvenient as yet to stay wth us the shipping away of Corne. For the last Sommer yealded in or Country a great plenty of Corne excepting Rye. Whereof hitherto almost nothing is had away, by occasion both of the contynued frost & of contrary wyndes. Wherby the granaries along the Coast are greatly fraighted cheifly wth barley, and yet a great portion of that kinde of grayne is not thresshed: So as much corne will be in daunger of Corruption yf it be not vented by shipping, And wthin the kingdome the merchant knoweth not, whither to carry anie great quantity therby to make gayn. Further much wheat is kill dryed, made so ready by the merchant for Transportacon, wherof litle use will be made wthin the Realme. Besides all the shipping of the Coast wth their Marryners have lyen idle thes 10 weekes or more by meanes of ye frost & Contrary wyndes and if thei be now debarred of Transportacon vt will be a great hindraunce unto them. Lastly ve prises of all graines (excepting Rye) be at or portes under ye prises limited by ye statut. In regard of thes reasons we be humble suitors unto yor Lo: yt wthin or Country this restraint maie be set at libertie. Thus we humbly take or leaves From Norwch.

. . . by some a feare conceaved that or wynter comes have received some hurte by the wett weather wen happened in seid tyme and by the exceeding frosts some after where litle Snowe fell.

Endorsed: Cop. of the lre to the LLs. of the Councell from all the Justices of the Sess. 16 Feb. 607.

Wth remembraunce of or humble duties unto yor Lp. Yt may please you to be advertised, that by Lres. from ye Lo. Trer. of England to the Justices of Peace in Norff. yt is signified, to be the LLs. of the Councell their pleasure, that a generall Restraynt be wthin or County for the Transportacon of all Grayne, as a thing thought necessary for the benefitt of the kingdome. And bicause wee in or opynions do thinke this to be verie inconvenient for or contrey, howsoever it may be in other partes of the Realme allowed of, wee have thought good to imparte unto yor Lp. (as a patron of or Contrey) what reasons move us to seeke, that this Restraynt (except for Rye),

As above.

may wth us be set at liberty. The last Sommers groweth did wthin Norff. bringe fourthe a great increase of all graynes (except Rye) And thereof litle hath ben already shipped away by occasion of the greate frostes, & of Contrary wyndes, whereby the Chambers for Corne alonge the Coast are greatly filled wth Corne (especially wth Barlie) brought thither of purpose to be transported. There is also a great portion of Corne upon the Coast side yet unthresshed; All w^{ch} must find a markett by sea (for no other markett thei have) either wthin the kingdome (yf other partes do want) or, by transportacon over Sea, And wthin the kingdome the merchant knoweth not whither to shippe anie great quantity therof to make gayne. Further, in some of or portes, much wheat is kyll dryed (made so ready by the merchant for Transportacon), And of this litle use will be made wthin the Realme. Besides, all the shipping of or Coast, wth their Marryners, have lyen idle some, to weekes togither, some more, by meanes of the Contrary wyndes & frostes, And, if thei be now put by from Transportacon, yt will be a greate hindiraunce & disconvaymt unto them. Lastly the prises of all Graynes (except Rye) be at or portes, under the prises lymitted by ye Statute. Wee have made suite both to the LLs of the Councell, & the L. Trer. also, that this Restraynt may be opened, and have certefyed the like reasons to those wee have now set downe. The w^{ch} if thei may move yor Lp. as thei doe us, then wee are humble Suitors unto you, in or Contryes behalf, for yor furtheraunce, That this stay of Transportacon may not hold wth us, for the Kinge having to receive severall Taskes & Subsidies from us, yf this one of or best meanes of bringing money into or Contrey should be taken from us, wth so much the more difficulty will those Sommes to his Ma^{tes} use be gathered. Thus leaving thes or reasons to yor L. more wise Censure, wee wishe you much increase of honor to the Glory of God. Norwch. Endorsed: Cop. Lre to ye L. Northt

The Inhabitants of Lynn request the Transport

Intervention of Nath.

Bacon.

Right Worship¹¹, we have latelie receyved Letters to Restrayne all Transportacion of Grayne within this porte. And I understand that the like Lres. ar also sent to the Justices of Peace within the Countie: but not knowing whether they were yet come to yo^r handes (for the Pursuyuant towld me he left them wth Sir William Paston att Norwich) I have sent you inclosed a coppye of the lres. directed to this Porte; And withall I am moved by diverse Marchantes to intreat [yo^r w^p] to vouchsafe them a certificat, under yo^r hand of the present estate of the Contry and the prices of Corne att this tyme,

wherin they are perswaded that Sir Raphe Hare and Sr Hamond Le Strange (wch are the next Justices adjoyning to the porte) will most willinglie joyne wth you. For I thinke it may truly be affirmed that thear is not as yet any great quantitie of this last yeares growth transported owt of the Realme, And yf the merchantes had not gathered up some store in hope of transportacion, I knowe not what the Contry should have doone wth a great deale of their refuse Corne, which is now kill dryed and fitted to serve other Contryes and would have bene of small or noe use att home; neyther ar the prices here with us soe highe as the Statute doth allow, for thear is Barly offered every day to be sowld for 68 6d & 68 4d the combe, And as for wheate ther is none intended to be shipped except yt be some graye wheat, wch cost not above II or I28 att the most.

Thear ar some ships w^{ch} have bene laden ever sithence the middle of November and yt would be a great hinderance both to the owners of the ships and to the Merchantes, yf they showld not proceede on thear voyadges for w^{ch} they have soe longe sithence made provision. They are purposed to send one up presently to my L. Tresorer to sue for libertie; but they know thear is no hope of prevayling unlesse they may first obtayne a Certificat, from the Justices of Peace in the County, And therfore have sent this bearer to attend [yo^r w^p] And to pray yo^r furtherance therin for w^{ch} yo^r w^{ps} kyndnes they will acknowledg them selves much bounden unto you.

So wth humble remembrance of my dutie I rest

Yor wps to be comaunded
Nat. Clarck.

Lyn 10 Febr. 1607

I marvayl yt yr Bayliff came not uppon Monday according to appointment

I would gladly be dischardged of the wyne.

Endorsed: To the Right Worhsip¹¹ Sr Nathaniell Bacon.

Sr in regard of yor forwardnes for the generall good of the cuntry I have thought mete to lett yor wor understand of my procedinges. First I delyvered the peticon to the Kinges Matie whoe referred me for answeare & redresse therin to the Councell Table and afterwardes the same peticon coming agayne to my handes I thought it very fytt to use the meanes of Sr George Howme to preferre the cause & to forward the same, whom I found very redy and willing to accept thereof as a man much inclyning himselfe to do good to the Cuntry, & he promissed to further the sute at the Councell board & that I should

Report of an Attempt to secure a General License for the County.

be called therunto. But after long stay I found the Councell dispersed uppon the remove of the Court & not likely to sett in Councell untill a settled Court. I toke my leave of Sr George Howme and at my departure promissed to returne so sone as convenientlie I could to knowe his ho: pleasure therein wen he liked well of and kept the peticon promising to deale therein in the meanetyme yf occasion served. I allso tooke a coppie of the order sett downe in the Councells booke for transportacon uppon the last letter sent from the Justices to the lls: of the Councell by Sr Clement Spelman his man wishing that letter had bene sent by some other whoe could have sayd something in the behallffe of the cuntry, the coppie whearof I send yor wor hereinclossed, but by whose occasion the same great imposition is layd uppon come & the purpose thereof may easily be discerned. The imperfections weh I fynd in that warrant is, first there is no exception of shipping come in Strangers vessells for the mayntenance of the Navy according to the same statute of transportacon, then ther is libertie gyvne to the stranger to transport come paying no more custome then his Mates subjectes weh is contrary to dyvers lawes & statutes of the realme, lastlie ther is no exception of particuller licences formerly granted or hereafter to be granted, neyther is it declared by whom other dyrection shalbe given & the same warrant revoked. I acquaynted Mr Atturney generall wth the same warrant whoe utterly disclaymeth that ever he consented therunto, and I was earnestly moved by Mr Sucklyn to goe & speake wth my Lo: Trer, but I am to well acquaynted wth those baytes that I refrayned. Sr you shall understand yt Sr George Howme is the onely man in favor wth his Matie at this day and yf you please to drawe some peticon or letter to his honor signiffying therby that I have made knowen unto the Justices aswell of the leaving of the peticon wth him, as all so of his forwardnes to further yor sute, wth some other groundes wen yor wor canne better sett downe then I canne certiffie, ther is no question but such a letter or peticon from the Justices would compasse the sute & cause me the rather to prevayle wch I will bestowe my traveyle to effect & therffore yf you please to send me word by this bearer when the next meeting wilbe of the Justices, I will resort thether, & will attend yor pleasures. For newes at the Court ther is none; the King is removed from Willton to Hampton Court and ther is thought will continewe wth the Quenes Matie and the prince he kepeth at Oatlandes. The Lo: Cobham, Lo: Grey and Sr Griffen Marham being severally brought to the skaffold at Wvnchester on Fryday was a sevenight last & ther redy to be executed,

weare one after another stayed & caryed a part by ye Sheriffe & then by the Kinges warrant weare reprived, & ye Monday following Sr Walter Rawleigh had warning to be in a redynes for his execution. What is become of him I cannot learne for I came from Wynchester ymediately after the first three weare so reprived. Ther hath suffered Sr George Brooke, Watson & Clarke; what shalbe done wth the rest I knowe not but of all others it is thought Sr Walter Rawleigh shall not escape. Ther be very many Embassadors at this present at the court & in London the French & Spanishe Embassadors, the Venetian & Florentyne Embassadors, the Savoy Embassador & the Poolishe Embassador. My brother hath subscribed this letter wth me to yor wor as thinking well & liking of the proceding for the ease of the cuntry and of the towne. I will God willing at my coming to yor wor bring a coppie of the peticon wth me according to yor request, And so we leave you to god, From Kinges Lynne this xviiith of December 1603

Yor wor assured to ther powers Thomas Baker John Baker

Endorsed: To the worshipfull Nathaniell Bacon Esquier at his house at Stukey.

PAPERS RELATING TO NATHANIEL BACON AS COM-MISSIONER FOR THE RESTRAINT OF THE EXPORTA-TION OF WOOL AND LEATHER.

The Councils Instructions as to Bodgers of Wool.

After or hartie comendacons. The Quenes Matie beinge geven to understande by sondrie complaintes maid aswell by the Clothyers as other hir highnes Subjectes lyvinge upon the workinge of wolle of this Realme that partelie by the covetousenes of such as have contrarye to the meaninge of hir Matte abused some lycenses graunted upon Reasonable consideracons to certen persons for byenge and sellinge of the same wthin the Realme and partelie by the tolleratinge in divers shires of a greate nomber of persons who comonlie broge and engrosse great quantyties of wolle and afterwardes resell the same againe to the Clothyers at what price they list. Hir highnes for redresse of the said disorders haith first by open proclamacon of the xxviii of Novembre last thought convenient for a tyme to restraine all such licensses as haith appered unto you by the tennor therof w^{ch} hir highnes pleasure is you and the rest of the Justices of peace in that shire showld deligentlie se observed in all respectes as ye tender hir Mattes pleasure and will for anie yor remissnes or partialytie to be used therein towardes anie answere for the contraire. For thother point towchinge ingressers and Brogers of wolle who (as it is credyablie enformed) ar cause that the Clothyers byenge it of them at the second hande ar not able but eyther wth great losse or emparinge ther workes to contynue ther accostomed trade. And nevertheles the Staple and hir Maties costomes dalie ar decreased. Hir highnes upon consideracon hereof havinge caused inquirye to be maid in sondrie Shires of this Realme for the names of some Speciall persons w^{ch} privertlie or els of late have bene suche Brogers and Engrossers of wolle haith willed us to impart the same to you and others and to comaunde you that upon the receyte hereof (as so especyallie directed from hence) ye should send for such persons wthin that countie beinge resident eyther wthin anie libertie or wthout whose names are here written in a sedule enclosed, And to take of them bondes to hir Ma^{ties} use in the some of one C¹¹ that they shall not bie or bargaine anie mannor of Wolles that shall growe in the said shire or in anie other, but onelie suche quantyties as they by them selves and ther Apprentices shall verelie make or do to be maid and wrought in ther [?] howses in thinges used to be maid of wolle and mixed wth wolle wthin this Realme. And further they shall not buye anie to sell the same backe in whole againe to anie other. And incase you shall understand of anie other persone usinge that buyenge and Broginge of wolles wthin that shire besides those whos names be here specyfied or other wise be not persons quallified accordinge to the Statute, you shall in like case take bondes of them to theffect aforesaid in such sorte as if they hadd bene here expresslie named, wherto if anie shall refuse to condissende then shall you take bondes of him for his apperance here to answere before us what cause he may have to the contrary, all weh said bondes for the buyenge of wolle hir highnes pleasure is you should se kept in saif costodie and upon anie forfature of the partie to cause them to be extracted into the Exchequer. And so desiringe you that therof ther maie be no defalt and to send us a particular certificate of yor doinges at this tyme, Wee bydd you hartelie farewell Frome Grenwch the last of Maie 1577.1

Yor lovinge ffreindes

W^m Burghley E. Lincoln T. Sussex R. Leycester Fr. Knolles Jamys Croftes Fr. Walsingham

We praie you alloo deligentlie to enquire whether the late proclamacon haith bene dulie observed or noe and to certefie unto us particulerlie the names of such as shalbe found to have broken the same.

Norff

Coke of Barnington
Thoms Coke his Sonne
Thoms Wattes of Hockhold
Formyn Eave

² Hale of Norff

2 Ereswell

2 Bowde of Norwch

Endorsed: To or verie good L. the Lord Bushoppe of Norwen Sr Robte. Bell Knight L. cheif Baron of theschequer Drue Drury Frances Windham and Nathaniell Bacon Esquires.

After my verie harty comⁿ. Sr I send you herwth a Comission out of the Exchequo^r for ye service of his Ma^{tle} as will appeare by yo^r view of it; Advertising wth all, that Sr Ra. Hare Mr Pear Mr Oxburgh Mr Athow & my selfe have mett therupon at Lyn ye 10th of this

¹ No mention of this in P.C. Register.

² Gaps in original.

Proceedings of the Commissioners for Restraint of Wool and Leather. instant moneth; Where, having called before us the customers & other officers of that port, wth the members belonging to it, as also of ye port of Blakeney, wee caused them to set downe upon oath their particuler knowledge, severally, as well touching the articles annexed unto the Comission, as also touching the value of those debtors in the Schedules who were abiding at Lynne Welles Blakeny Wyveton Cley & the Townes nere thes portes. And further wee called before us & examined upon oath divers of Lynne whome wee thought able to informe touching the transporting of leather & wooll. And this being don the Comission was comitted unto me to be sent unto you in regard of yor apt dwellinge in that parte of the shire, Referring unto you to proceede therupon for Yarmouth side, Praying you when you have you will take order, that the Comission may be reterned unto Mr Oxburgh or Mr Athow to Lynne, before the Sessions there, weh are to be holden about a sevenight before Michas. All wch tyme thei have appointed to perfect the busynes & make reterne of the Comn. And att ye generall Sessions after Michas. the Comission may be reterned for the wholle shere from Norw^{ch}. So I hartely comend you to Gods protecon From Stewky this 12th of Aug. 1608.

Yor verie loving frynd Endorsed: To Sr Hen. Spelman Kt, D. Burman & Jo. Harbourne.

R. of the proceedings upon ye Comission out of the Exchequor directed to S^r Na. Bacon S^r Raph Hare S^r Hen. Spelman K^{tes} D. F. Burman Legum Docteri Jo. Harbroune Jo. Reppes Tho. Athow & Tho. Oxborough Ar. to inquier of Leather wooll & other goodes transported contra leges. And of divers persons values being debtors to his Ma^{tie}.

The Comission was first delivered by a messenger to S^r Na. Bacon unto whome he gave x^s: being in no sort due: as was judged by S^r

Ra. Hare & the Comrs at Lyn upon the meeting.

Athow mett at Lyn: having before that comanded the officers of the Custome to come before them by a warrant inserting in their warr^t the art. to be aunswered by them, & the names of the persons residant at Lyn when the bondes were entred wherupon the debtes did growe: to Certefie their value, w^{ch} officers accordingly delivered in their Cort in writing upon oath.

Also some others were called in who were thought able to informe concerning the trnspn. of Leather, & examined upon oath, for there

1608.

knowledge upn the Articles annexed to the Comission. In setting downe the state of the detters, a distinction was made of the persons of no value & thother of value, entring them severally.

And the officers handes taken to them.

A further day given to inquier of the values & set them downe wth some certainty where the parties were of ability; yet no more to be set downe then the debt amounted unto.

The officers were these: Mr White Cust[odian], Mr Ashfeld Mr Clerk Mr Pratt & Mr Jo. Bradlock for Black[n]ey Welles & the

members of Lynne port.

This don the certificates were left wth Sr Ra. Hare. And the Commn. back to Sr Na Bacon to be sent to Sr H. Spelman for him & D. B. & Mr Horb, to procede in Yrmouth sides unto whome Sr Na. is to Certefie the proceedinges about Lynne, And to appt. the Commn. shall be sent back to Lyn before Michas. And at Norwch Sess. at Michaelmas all the Comrs to retorne & certefie the Commn, wth their wholle &c.

Where some were charged in the Schedules upon bondes entred in the Custome house weh appeared upon profe to have ben clerely discharged: The Comissioners although thei inquired of & certefied their values: yet thei thought it fitt to write in favor of them to Mr Attorney generall advertising the equity of the Cause & praying his favor & relief.

Jacobus dei gratia Anglie Scotie Francie Hibernie Rex fidei defensor &c dilectis & fidelibus nostris Nathanieli Bacon militi Radulpho Hare militi Henrico Spelman militi Johanni Burman Legum doctori necnon dilectis nobis Johanni Harbourne Armigero & Thome Oxborough Armigero Gregorio Pratt Armigero Thome Athowe Armigero & Johanni Reppes Armigero Salutem. Sciatis quod nos de fidelitate industria & providis circumspectionibus vestris in negotiis nostris agendis plurimum confidentes assignavimus vos Ac vobis novem octo septem sex quinque quatuor sive tribus vestrum plenam potestatem et auctoritatem damus per presentes ad omnia et singula que in quadam scedula articulorum sive instructionum presentibus annexa exprimuntur continentur & specificantur tam per examinaciones & depositiones quorumcunque fidedignorum quam omnibus aliis viis mediis & modis quibus melius sciveritis aut poteritis aut viii vii vi viiiijor sive tres vestrum sciverint aut poterint inquirenda examinanda perscrutanda facienda & exequenda juxta tenorem formam & effectum eorundum articulorum et eorum

Commission out of the Exchequer for the Restraint of the Exportation of Wool and Leather. cujuslibet Et ideo vobis ix viij vij vj viiijor sive tribus vestrum mandamus quod hujusmodi diem & locum sive dies & loca quos vel que ad hoc provideritis aut viij vij vi viiijor sive tres vestrum providerint diligenter intendatis aut viij vij vi viiijor sive tres vestrum intendant Eaque omnia & singula faciatis & exequamini aut viii vii vi v iiijor sive tres vestrum faciant & exequantur cum effectu in forma predicta. Ita quod tam examinaciones et depositiones testium in predictis quam totum residuum factum vestrum aut viij vij vi viiijor sive trium vestrum in premissis habeatis aut viij vij v iiij or sive tres vestrum habeant coram Baronibus de Scaccario nostro apud Westmonasterium quam citius poteritis aut viij vij v jiijor sive tres vestrum poterint. Et tandem in crastino Sti Martini proxime futuro Curie nostre tunc ibidem sub sigillis vestris aut viij vij vi v iiijor sive trium vestrum unacum hac commissione nostra liberandum. Damus enim vobis novem octo septem sex v iiijor sive tribus vestrum plenam potestatem & auctoritatem per presentes ad quascunque personas quas ad hoc maxime idoneas pro testificatione veritatis in premissis videritis ad hujusmodi tempus &locum sive tempora & loca per vos aut viij vij v iiijor sive tres vestrum assignanda coram vobis aut viij vij v iiijor sive tribus vestrum evocandum & apparere procurandum. Examinacionesque suas superinde recipiendum et in scriptis in pargameno rediendum ne hoc presens mandatum nostrum remaneat ulterius exequendum Damus insuper universis et singulis Majoribus Vicecomitibus Ballivis Constabularibus & aliis officiariis ministeriis nostris quibuscunque tenore presentium firmiter in mandatis quod vobis & cuilibet vestrum in executione premissorum pareant obediant & intendant prout decet periculo incumbente In cujus rei testimonium has litteras nostras fieri fecimus patentes Teste Laurentio Tanfeld milite apud Westmonasterium xvº die Junij Anno regni nostre Anglie Francie & Hibernie xv & Scotie xlio

per warrantum domini Thesaurarii & per Barones.

Articles to be enquired of.

Articles to be inquired of & executed on the Kinges Mates behalf.

r. Imprimis what quantity of raw hides, tanned leather, woolles, ordinance or other prohibited goodes have ben shipped and transported out of the portes of Yarmouth & Lynne Regis, or the Creekes & members of the same, wthin the space of seaven yeares last past: what quantity of the said prohibited goodes were so shipped & transported: of what price or value the same were: And what were

the names of the Sheppes or vessells wherin the said goodes were laden and transported: And who were Mrs of the said shippes: who were owners of the Shippes or vessells wherin the said prohibited goodes were so transported: And who were the true owners of the said goodes at the tyme of the shipping & transporting of the said goodes: And where, and at what place or places and about what tyme the said goodes were so shipped & transported: And for what Contrey: And how & for what prices thei were sould when thei arived beyond the Seas.

2. Item yf anie such prohibited goodes were shipped & transported as in the former Interrogatorie is menconed, then what person or persons were privie or assisting to the shipping and lading of the said prohibited goodes: what were the names of the said persons so present; aiding, privie or assisting: who were the marryners that conducted the said shippes or vesselles from the said port or place of lading & shipping: And what were the names of the passingers that were shipped & transported beyond the Seas in the said Shippes or vesselles.

3. Item to enquier of such men as appeare to be indetted to the kinge in Scedules annexed, what ability thei are of, And what goodes landes or Tenementes thei have, And whither thei be alive or dead And if dead, who be their heires or executors, And where thei dwell, And what goodes thei had, And what landes & Tenementes thei dyed seised of, And to whose handes ther landes or goodes are since comen.

4. Item at every siting of anie of the Comissioners to inquier of anie ye Articles abovesaid thei are to call to them the deputie & deputies of the ffermors of the Custome in every port & Creeke, and to take informacon of them concerning the said Articles, And to examyne upon oath touching the same articles anie persons by the said ffermors deputies to be produced or desired to be examyned other then anie person accused to be proprietor of anie the transported goodes or obligees in anie the Bondes aforsaid or the heires executors administrators or terretenantes to anie of the said Obligees.

5. Item to inquier of all other matters & circumstances concerning

the premisses for the better finding out of the truth thereof.

6. Item to inquier of these Articles by all good waies & meanes and by the oathes of anie person, or persons, other then by the oath of persons who themselves are accused & charged wth transporting the prohibited Comodities above specified, as being themselves proprietaryes or owners of the said Comodityes or anie obligees in the Bondes aforsaid or heires executors administrators or terretenantes to anie of the Obligees.

Endorsed: Commission for inquiery of goodes prohibited transported Ao dni 1608.

PAPERS RELATING TO NATHANIEL BACON AS COM-MISSIONER FOR THE SEARCHING OUT OF RECUSANTS

To the right honorable of the Quenes mattles most honorable

prevye counsell.

Complaint by Hen. Stutfield against Downes a recusant.

Most lamentable complaying sheweth & humble beshechethe yr good honors ye Suppliant Henr Stutfild gent. suitor to her most excellent matie yt wheras ye said suppliant is by a good & lawfull Indenture of lease lawfully possessed for diverse yeres yet induring of & in divers landes & tenementes in Great Melton in the countye of Norff. of the demise of one Robt. Downes an obstinat recusant & at this instant in the county of Norff. remaynethe prisoner for the same & beinge by virtue of a Statut made in the three & twenty yere of her highnes raigne indeghted found gilty and condempned for recusansye & therby compellable to paye xx¹¹ a monethe to her mattes use according to the tenor of the same statute, hathe ever sythence (being frinded wth diverse of welth & credit of his owen ungodlye opinion) undevered by the most meanes he might or could devise ye uttr spoyle & undoeing of ye said Suppliant (detesting ye horible opinions of those unordered papistes)2 And nowe of late a wryt out of her highnes court of excheker being awarded unto the highe Shreve of the county of Norff. to extent ye landes & levy the goodes of these recusantes & therof to make to her matte of her highnes debt dewe satisfacon ye said Downes for his owne safyty & ye said Suppliantes undoing hath practised wth one Robert Barnye (somwhat favering his opinion) late under Shreve of ye said county of Norff. first to extend these landes & tenementes yt ye said Suppliant houlden in lease from ye said Downes at ye yerely valewe of xl11 wheras Fouer tymes so muche in valewe of ye land of ye said Downes is by him also extended at ye only yerely valewe of lli and after ye said

²Crossed out "as first in taking from ye said suppliant a stocke of shepe demised wth ye said landes, all his said stock of cattell to ye utt² spoyle of his

said warren."

 $^{^1}$ From 1578, for at least 20 years, he was in Norwich Castle being, at intervals, allowed to see his family: Jessopp, *One Generation*, p. 180. He built the hall at Gt. Melton in 1578 and died 1610. Dr Jessopp gives an account of his great hardships, id. 178-9. Melton Hall is one mile from Cossey and he would, therefore, be in close touch with the Jerninghams. The date of this document is most probably circa 1575, and the handwriting is of the same period.

Barnye having sued out of her highnes court of excheker a wrytt of assistance to the nowe Shreve of the said county of Norff. for the levieing of the said mony dewe to her matte whereof by ye confederacy aforesaid advyce was geven unto ye said Downes so as he avoyded all his goodes & chattels from of ve same landes & tenementes (till ve said extent was served & presently aft brought them agayne) By force wherof all the plowe horses shepe & all other ye goodes & chattels of ye said Suppliant to the valewe Cxx¹¹ ware then levied for ye only debt of ye . . . Downes (ye said Suppliant not then owing unto him anye thing at all) & ware by ye said Barnye & his baylifes transported con(trary) to a statut in yt case made & provided (wheras they ought by a statut therin provided have byn kep(t) . . . space of xv dayes) ... & sundry places unto ye said Suppliant unknowne & before two dayes then next ensuinge in a most secret sorte to a great under valewe (as shepe for xxd a pece well worthe iiij & horses at xxd a pece worth iiij \(\frac{1}{2}\) & other thinges after ye same rate) made sale of ye same at places & to persons unto ye said Suppliant unknown nevther permitting ye said Suppliant to redeme his said goodes & cattell nor bye them agayne althoughe he offered to paye in present monye not only ye hole sum dewe to her Matte but also such costes & charges as they had byn at contrary to her Maties clemencye & most gracious governement & ve quiet & tranquillyte of this her highnes realme & subjectes & to the untire spoyle impoverishment & undoing of this ye said Suppliant for ever (having not only before this tyme diverse others of ve said Downes his inderect dealing (for ve suppliantes undoing) lest ye valewe of above CC11 by him not to be recompenced is he nowe wortherly is in durance remayning But also by this his devise hathe lost in effect all his goodes having all his landes to ye sum CC acres lye nowe untilled neyther having horses nor being now able to bye any to doe the same exc(ept) . . . most gracious goodnes & laudable clemencye be to ye said in the behalf most faverable extended. Maye it therfor please y' good L. to grant ve faverable ... Mr Justice Wyndham Sr Nichas. Bacon knight Sr Drewe Drury knight Nathaniell Bacon & Wm Blenerhassett esquiers three or two of them to call as well ye said partyes as witnesses before them & here & examyn ye said caus(e) . . . wth ye losses detrimentes damages & hinderances of ve said Suppliant & according therunto make unto you ... thereof certificat ... yt eyther they by $y^r H$: apoint m^t or $y^r h$: therin maye take such order & directon as ye goodes . . . shall seme agreable wth truthe equity & consience And ye said Suppliant shall & [doth] dayly praye to god for ye good H: wth increse of muche honor [long] to continewe.

Information concerning Dorothy Thornton and her relation with certain recusants.

This ix day of Jenevary 15–3¹ at nyght one Robart le Koke strangr beyng at my howse ded tell me that one Dorythe Thornton wch some tym was his servant & now dwelleth in Sprowston as he thynk wth one Mr Knowles cam this after none to loke howe he & his wyff ded & in talke this Dorythe towld the sayd Koke that she had ben at messe latlye & sayd that a yong man ded say the messe & browght his trynkytes in a walet & after mese he lyftyd up his handes & sayd ther synns war forgyven them & ded cast thre tymes holly water a bowght & ther was at the messe one of my L. bushopps srvantes & one of my lady Jarnynghams servants & some of Norwych & also sayd at a gentylmans howse in that townee ther ys Sr Johns head in a platter & ther ys great prayeing & knelyng to yt every daye.

Th. L.

Instructions to the Justices by the sea coast for watching the Iesuits.

After our verie hartie comendacons to you. For somuch as it is understoode that sundrie wicked persons in sundrie parts on the other sides of the seas have intented to contynue their divelishe malice against her Matle & this Realme and meane to come secretly into this Realme in covert sorte wth some purpose to attempte some greate mischiefe weh nevertheles we hope God will of his goodnes wth stande. We have for this purpose thought it verie necessarie y^r good regarde be had in everie porte and other creeke of the sea aswell in that contry as in other, what persons either Strangers or Englishe shall seeke to lande and of what condicon their are, so as none be suffered to come or lande in anie porte or creeke that be not notorious merchantes and those of honest & sounde condicons or otherwise persons exercising fisshing. For w^{ch} purpose we have made choice of you as dwelling nere to the sea coasts praieng you to whome it shall first come to impart to such of the others as are next unto you, And therupon according to yor dwellinges to joyne twoe or three togither and wth that speede yt you can to make choice of some speciall honest persons that dwell wthin anie the porte Townes or upon anie creekes, wher landing maie be, or nere to the same and to direct them daily to see what persons shall come in anie vessell either into anie porte or creeke nere to the same, And to suffer none to come on lande untill thei be searched and duly examyned of what condicon thei are and for what purpose anie of them do come. And if anie shall appeare worthy of suspicon as

¹ Probably 1573, as Lady Jerningham was buried at Cossey Dec. 23, 1583. One Generation of a Norfolk House—Jessopp, p. 196.

being not knowen honest marchaunt or trading fishing or that shall not shew a just cause of comyng hither voide of suspicon the same to be staied & kept either on shipbourde or in some house of safetie untill you or some of you maie be certifyed from such as you have deputed of the condicons of the partie so staied. And therupon we also desire you to advertise us yt upon further consideracon of the matter we maie direct or opinions what shalbe don wth such persons. We wishe yt you would make choice of such persons to looke to this charge in everie porte or creeke as are knowen to be well affected in matter of religion. And for that serchers and all officers of the custome house and their deputyes in all the portes wthin the countie shall also do their duties herin & thither do sende my severall lres. to all the officers in everie such porte to charge them to use themselves in the service as you shall direct them upon payne of losse of ther offices, and to be streightly punished according to their defecte. We do further consider that such kinds of lewde persons as we meane to have apprehended & staied, hearing of this order taking for searche of all vesselles coming to anie portes or usuall creekes, will to avoide their apprehension procure the passage boates wherin thei shalbe to set them on lande in some places upon the coaste not being portes or creekes and so the same persons will secretly repaire by night further in the lande and so seeke to escape from searche. Wherfore we require yor Lo. and the rest to consider amongest yor selves how this maie be remedyed wen in or opynions cannot be better mett wthall then yt in such places where it maie be thought likelie or probable that anie such persons maie be sett on lande distant from anie porte or creeke or from anie Towne that ther be a watche sett to be made of some honest people of the Townes next adjoyning whom we would have appoynted to watche those partes of the sea coastes now these soomer nightes directing them how to use themselves in their watches secretly to apprehende anie persons y^t shalbe so sett in lande in y^t suspicious sorte and to bringe the same to such places as you shall direct them untill thei maie be searched & examyned and yor selves therof advertised as in the other cases above menconed we have prescribed. And so we bidde you hartelie fare-From the courte this xxviiith of May 1585.

Endorsed: for ye [Justices] by ye sea coastes for examinacn. of all passengers upon suspicn. of the Jesuites sending over.

I have Licensed Edward Walpoole¹ gent comytted to my custodye

¹ This Edward Walpole left England and was received into the English
College, Oct. 20, 1590. Jessopp's One Generation, p. 152, 273.

License for a recusant to leave his limit.

by Mr Yonge Justice of peace in Middlesex to continewe at London, duringe Michaelmas tearme for the better followinge and attendinge his causes wch he hath in suite at the comon lawe and the saide Edward to repare, and resorte to Mr Bacon her howse in Blacke Friers in London, that upon convenyent warninge geven at hir howse, the saide Edward maye resorte to Mr Yonge aforesaide. Geven under my hande, the xviijth daye of September 1589

Ro: Redmayne.¹

Nath. Bacon's copy of the Comission for the apprension and examination of Recusants.

Wheras of late wee have by proclamacon published or determinacon to appoynt certayn comissioners in every Shire to enquire. Wee minnding the execucon of such or determination and of sondrie othr poyntes meete to be executed (as more at large are conteyned in or said declaracon), Giving to you or anie three of you authority by all good meanes as well according to ye Articles herunto annexed as otherwise to enquire What persons have come from beyonde ye seas into this or Realme since the feast of St Michaell Tharchangell Ao xxxijo and such persons so justly to be suspected to apprehend & examyne and upon more apparaunt proofe to comytt them to prison and according to ye law to cause them to be proceeded wthall, To inquier of such as shall give succor dyet lodginge &c to such persons, And where such favorers maie be charged wth mayntenance by ve lawes that three of ve comissrs shall proceede agst them accordingly. And for speedy execution herin all Justices of the benches all othr Justice of lawe ye Sergeant & Attorney & Sollictor generall and all other learned in the lawes of the Realme all Justices of peace & officers of Justice are charged to give there advise and assistaunce upon occasion & request for the inquisicon examinacon and orderly prosecucon by lawe agt such suspected persons both Acc. & princepalles Given 23 Nov. 34 R.

Articles annexed to the comission for a further instruccon to the comissioners how to proceede in the execution therof.

First, you to whome the comission shalbe brought shall wthout delaie notefye to the rest of the comissioners that shalbe in the conteye or that maie shortly repaier thither the receipt of ye said commission wth some significacon of the contentes therof and shall require them to meete at some convenient tyme and place to consider of the contentes therof, And therupon to accorde upon sondrie

¹ J.P. in 1579.

daies & places in everie quarter of the Shire ordinarily to meete about the same, So as now at the beginning the oftener that thei shall meete the same shalbe the better. And after yor first meeting you maie according to the quantity of the Shire make some particons amongst yor selves to execute the comission wth more ease and yet you shall once every fortie daies for this print yeare assemble togither to conferre upon yor severall proceedings so as you maie once every qrter give knowledge to her Mates counsell of yor accons.

Item you shall sende to ye Bi. or ordynary of the dyocesse and to his Chauncelo & officiall and to ye Archdeacon in the same to certefye you of all persons wth their dwelling places whome thei shall know to have ben presented to them as recusantes & that do so contynue in their recusancy. And the like certifict you shall require from ye Custos Rotulorum or the clerk of ye Peace and from ye clerk of ye Assise of that county to know such as have ben presented and indyted as Recusantes as well women as men and what proces hath ben sent forth agt them. And likewise ye shall by anie other meanes informe yor selfes of all such as wthin that county are comonly noted to be receivors or comforters of persons that are suspected to have come from beyonde ye seas as seminaryes priestes Jesuytes or fugitives. And after that you shalbe duely informed by thes or anie other meanes of such persons so to be suspected as principall offendors or accessories you shall reteyne to yor selfes secretly ye names of ye same wthout anie publicacon therof untill you shall afterward fynde probable and good cause to warne anie of them to come before you or other wise to apprehend and to examyne them accordinge to ye contentes of yor commission.

It. in yor examinacons of anie persons by vertew of this commission you shall not presse anie persons to answr to any questions of their conscience for matters of religion otherwise then to cause them aunswer whither thei do usually come to church and whie thei do not. And yf you shall perceive that thei are wilfull recusantes then you shall examyne them upon anie matters concerning their allegiaunce to her Matte and of their devoccon for the Pope or to ye K. of Spayne or upon their mayntenance of anie Jesuyte Seminnarie priest or other person sent from Rome or from anie partes beyond ye seas to disuade anie subject from their obedience to ye Ques Matte.

And to give you some particler instruccon in what sort you may conceave convenient questions wherupon to examyne persons y^t

are to be suspected to adhere to ye Pope or to ye K. of Spayne contrarye to their dutye of allegians you maie observe ye forme of thes questions herafter following.

The question ensuing to be aunswered by oath by such as shalbe verily suspected to have ben moved to give assistaunce to ye forces of the Pope or K. of Spayne when thei shall happen to invade this Realme wherby such wicked seducers may be discovered.

Whither have you ben moved by anie & by whome And when and by what persuacon to give aide or relieve or to adhere to ye forces of ye Pope or K. of Spayne when thei should happen to invade this Realme for anie cause whatsoever.

The questions following to be ministered wthout oath to discover such as shalbe suspected to be Priestes Seminaryes or fugutives dangerous to ye State.

Whither have you ben at Rome Rhemes or in Spayne at anie tyme wthin thes five yeares When retorned you last into this Realme And to what purpose And where have you ben ever synce yo^r coming from thence.

Bee you a Jesuit or a priest made after ye Romishe order Where and when were you so made priest and by whome Have you ben at ye Seminaryes or Colledges for ye Inglishe Welche or Irishe nation at Rome Rhemes in Spayne or elles where How longe were you in anie of them And when were you last sent from anie of them into England or Wales And to what ende.

Item where by her Ma^{tes} last proclamacon (wherof you shall take knowledge) yt is ordeyned that all maner of persons of what degree soever thei be wthout anie exception spirituall or temporall & so forth shall make particler inquisicon of all maner of persons that have ben admitted or suffered to have resort diet lodging &c wthin ye space of one yeare past &c. yf you shalbe informed of anie such person to have ben so lodged or comforted &c. as in the proclamacon is at large expressed. In such case you shall require ye partie y^t is appoynted to make such Inquisicon to deliver the same his inquisicon to you in wrightinge, and therupon you shall do yo^r best to trye out of there have ben anie suspected person so lodged or comforted by

ye said partye appoynted to make inquisicons and him you shall demande to be delivered to you to be commytted and further used according to his desert.

Item because ye like commission is sent out unto all other shires of the Realme & like instruccons annexed therunto as these are and that in case you maie be informed of some persons meete to be apprehended or examined wch are gon out of that Shire into some other partes or do remayne in place out of ye jurisdiccon of yor commission, In such cases wee require you to sende secretly knowledge therof to ye comissioners of the contryes where you shall thinke such suspected persons do remayne requiringe them in Her Mates name to use all diligence for the apprehencon of such and by such informacon as you shall give them to examyne ye parties and to proceede against them according to their commission.

Item you shall do well to make choice of some persons of honest behavior & loyall in religion in every quarter of the Shire especially in every Port Towne Markett Towne or great large parrishe. And where the Parsons and Vickars are faithfull & carefull over their cures to joyne them togither wth charge to observe all such as refuse obstinatly to resort to ye Churche. And such persons you shall call before you and wthout dealing wth them for their recusancy for wthei are to be otherwise by lawe punished, You shall (as you shall in yoth discretion thinke meete respectinge the quallity of their persons) require them to aunswer to ye two former questions or to either of them for that by their recusancy thei do give cause of suspicon to be disloyall in their dutyes to ye Qnes. Matte and the state or to favor the common enemyes.

Endorsed: Nov. 23, 1591.

Remembrancs of Alteracon of comission of Recusants.

First.

That the chauncelor, and comissioners be removed and made certefiers instead of comissioners.

Otherwyse the service shall be from tyme discovered to the offendors yf not in secreat bought and sould and the faythfull dealors therin bewrayed to ye enimies.

¹ In Bacon's hand. The character of the document implies that these are Bacon's suggestions rather than Council injunctions.

Bacon's (?)¹ suggestions for perfecting the Machinery for hunting Recusants.

That the nowe Jaylor in Norwch and his officers be removed or ells a newe Jayle wth a faythfull keeper be appoynted at Aylsham Deerham or some other convenient place for the purpose. 1

That ther be added to the comission in everye Limitte such faythfull gents as wherby the suspected places of the Jesuits and their confederats entertaynment maye be best knowen and diligentlye looked.

As for example about Thetforde and those partes.

About Yarmouth and those partes.

About Norwch in lewe of those to be removed.

For the towne of Yarmouth a porte of great moment in those respectes for passage of those people to and fro in this countye.

Otherwyse the offendors and their associates and Freindes shall have contynuall comfort together and agree in their questions and answeres to send letters and messuages one to another wherby all dangerouse enterprises shalbe covered and the substance of the service overthrowen.

Otherwyse the countye being verye lardge and great and the comissioners fewe and not dispersed accordynglye manye by Ignorance shall escape and be convayed and the service neyther well nor easylie performed.

B. Gawdye.

Bartram Calthroppe.

H. Hobarte and so of other Ric. Catlyne Lymitts.

The balyes of the towne for the tyme beinge H. Hobarte hye steward ther Bartram Calthrope resyant wthin three myles therof. And they to have a comission by themselves whereby they maye at all tymes search staye apprehend as occasions ther maye be both dyverse and more suddayne then they can joyne wth others of farr distance from them.

¹ There are many illustrations of the need of gaol reform. See Sir Francis Wyndham's letter of Dec. 2, 1576, and Popham's letter of July 2, 1600. See also charges against the keeper of Wisbech Castle, P. Council Register, vol. XXIII, 302-8.

The like would doe well for the towne of Lynn for those porte townes must needes be of great moment in this service.

Also to the comission of Norwch would be added

Christopher Layer Symon Bowd Thomas Gleane¹ Henry Hobart²

the elected hye Steward therof rather for that Mr Cooke [is] lykelye to leave his place ther wherby the citie shall want his aydin that and manie other services.

Allwayes provided that Tho: F. doe Freind alle such as have need of the B. his help &c. as much as he can &c. and lose nothing by it.

Endorsed: Rs. touching the alteracon of the comis. for Jesuitts. No. 91.

³Est Rudham xvj^o Martij 1591. Coram { Hen. Dno. Crumwell Jo. Peyton Natha. Bacon

Raphael Willoughby of Magdalen repaireth often to Mr Howes of

Helgaie and cometh not to church.

Martyn Mondford of Wereham and his wief are noted for recusancy. Also yt is learned that about Michas. last a childe of the said Martyns is said to be christianed by a mydwief named mother Man alias West dwelling [in] Tametonye. And the childes name is John. Also ytis learned that anothr childe of the said Mondfordes was christianed at same in the same maner.

Gyles Tounshend gen. & Martha his wief and one Steele his servant of Wereham are noted for recusancy.

¹ Sheriff 1570. Mayor'83, '92, 1602; ob. 1602. Father of Sir Peter. ² Of Hales Hall. His mother was daughter of Sir Wm. Drury.

3 There are similar lists of noted or suspected recusants January 17, 1591, January 31, '91, October 2, 1610, the hundreds and recusants reported as follows:—Smithdon 1, 1, 2; Einsforth 6, —, 5; Laundich 7, 4, 5; S. Erp. 4, 2, 25; Br. Crosse 1, —, 0; Holt 4, —, 9; N. Erp. 2, 2, 1; Gallow 2, —, 4; N. Grenhoe 18, --, 5.

Recusants indicted at Rudham Assize.



The wief of Roger Hubberd¹ gen. of Wereham is noted for a recusant. That the same gent hath had two children borne in the same Towne and where thei were baptised is not knowen and the oldest was borne not above a yeare & a halfe past.²

The wief of Frances Lovell esqr of West Derhm is noted for a recusant. And the said Frances had a childe about three yeares past christianed by a midwief sent thither by the La. Lovell. And the

midwiefes name cannot be learned.

Richard Brampton gen. of West Dereham is noted for a resolute recusant.

Rob^t Lovell ³Esq^r of Bechamwell who remayneth in the prison at Norw^{ch} for recusanncy & Henry Lawes his servant are noted Recusants. And the said Lovell had a childe about three yeares past, but it is unknowen to be baptised.

Richard Atkyns of Grotwell cometh not to Church. Agnes Wright of Bowton noted for recusauncy.

Fra. Mondforth & his wief Giles Tounshend & his wief Steele
Roger Hubberdes wief
Frances Lovelles wief
Richard Brampton gn.
Hen. Lawes
Rich. Atkyns
Agnes Wright

Commanded by the C. Con. to be at Thetf Assis upon Monday in the afternoone.

Freebridge cite Lynne

Mres Cobbes⁴ & Mres Yelverton¹ of Sandringham are noted for recusanncye and Mres Yelverton had a childe about xmas was twelvemoneth w^{ch} is yet unbaptised.

Bridget the wief of Thoms Forde of Babingley cometh not to church and is suspected for Brownism⁵ but repaireth to the hearing of sermons.

¹ See search at Breccles for the priest Upton. There was a Hubbard of Hailes Hall, Norfolk. See also Norff. Arch. XII, p. 158 et seq.

² In margin "The widdow Lynsted of Lopham midwief is one of his children."

³ Jessopp, One Generation, p. 75. ⁴ The Cobbes and Yelvertons were very close friends. The men were at at College together and one of them joined the Jesuit order. *id.* p.44.

⁵ See Fuller Bk. 1x, cent xvi, § 2. First settlement made in Norwich. By this time, however, Brown had returned to the Church, and was settled at Achurch in Northamptonshire.

Robt Tompson servant to Mr Yelverton of Greimston a recusant.

Jo Downes no. & his wief of Massingham Ma are noted recusantes and some of their servantes. This Mr Downes is noted to frequent Wisbich Castell verie often and carieth them reliefe. And it is witnessed by one John Poolye that Mr Downes should saie that he loved not these maryed Priestes. And that he would not come at Church for he paid well for it. And yf anie thinge should fall out otherwise then well to her Matle he should see what would followe them.

Mr Sole minister of Massingham doth offer to witnesse that the wief of one Salter did declare unto him how Mr Downes his wief did seeke to persuade her from coming to heare service in the churche established by the lawes of the Realme, & to heare service in her house persuading her that to come to ye Church is an offence and to be absent from thence is not an offence. And yf shee would come to her house shee should heare prayers such as her Matte hath not in her Realme. And he s ith that one Willis Ashwell Downes his man hath reported to divers that his Mr hath often caried reliefe to the Recusantes at Wisbich.

The wief of Mr Tho. Baker of Estwalton is a noted Recusant.

Mres Cobbes & Mres Yelverton Rob^t Tompson Mr Downes & his wief Mres Baker

Commaunded to be at Thetf. Assis.

M^d a warraunt directing the C. Con. to demaunde of M^r Cobbes M^r Downes & M^r Baker a certific^t of their familyes and such as rep^r thither at the same tyme.

Freebridge in partibus Marshland Henry Kervile² of Wigenhall Esq^r & his wief Recusantes Goorge Willoughby³ esq^r & his wief of the same Recus^{ts} Raphael Willoughby of the same Recusant

¹ See note in Hen. Stutfield's petition.

² Another neighbour of the Cobbes and Yelvertons. Jessopp, id. 127. The tomb of Kervile and his wife is in Wiggenhall St. Marys. He died June 26, 1624, and his wife the following March. The Kerviles were lords of this place from Richard I to 1624—Norff. & Norwich Notes and Queries, No. 1303.

³ On June 19, 1589, bonds were taken of him during the time he was

³ On June 19, 1589, bonds were taken of him during the time he was engaged on repairing of sea banks, drains and draining of marshes. He had been committed to the custody of Robert Bozun, Esq., for recusancy in the previous year and was confined to a sixteen mile radius. Jessopp, id., p. 138.

Mr Kervile
Goorge Willoughby & his wife
and Raphaell Willoughby

Commanded to be at Thetford
Assis.

Endorsed: Crt. c. proceedinges at Est Rudh^m concerning Jesuites Martij 91
Clacklos
Freebridg Lyn
Marshland
Crt.

Letter of Council as to improper bailing of a Recusant.

After or hartie comendacons. There was of late apprehended by the honest and dutefull endevor of Mr Willm. Stafford one Richard Norton said to be a Jhesuite or Seminary priest and so notefyed to you as we are informed, whom at the poursuite of Richard Godfrey Esquier of Henringham, his brother in lawe, you have bayled contrary to the lawe as we take yt, (the case of a Jhesuite or Seminary Priest coming into the Realme wthout licence being no better then treason). Theise are therefore to requier you to call the suerties forthewth before you, and to requier them as they will avoyd the danger they maie incurre besides the forfeyture of their bandes to foresee and be carefull for the presente forthcoming of the said Norton that he maie be committed to abide the trial of the lawe, wherof we cannot but advise you on yor parte to have spetiall care and consideracon sithe the same maie concearne yor self, weh we will leave unto you and so bidd you farewell. From Greenwiche the xxiiiith of September 1594.

Yor loving freindes
Jo: Puckering. Howard. W. Cobham. T. Heneage. Ro. Cecyll.
J. Wolley.

Nathaniell Bacon Esquier.

Popham suggests that the Castle at Norwich should be used for Recusants. Wth my very herty comendacyns, seing what Inconvenyes do growe from tyme to tyme in that the Sheriff hath no power off the house used by the Jayler of Norwch for hys better sort of prysoners I have thought good ernestly to putt you in mynd to deal effectually wth the Justices of the peace in the contey of Norffolke that som convenyent place may be made in the castle of Norwch to serve for these prysoners and to be so made as that the prysoners myght upon occasyon be more pryvatly and convenyently kept ther, then in the other place wch I beleve myght be effected wthout eny great charg yf mor wold putt their myndes and helpyng handes unto yt. And for the

matter touchyng the apprehencyon off the partye wch you have severall warrants for, for that ar nere unto you; ys of the said name, (sic) yf he for eny respect shall wych to be foreborne in that servys I hold yt so fytt and for the partyes apprehencon I hold thys the best corse; when the howse ys besett that the Justices of peace fyrst goe to the howse and make knowen to hym that yt wylbe best for hym to render hym selff wthout further Troble for that otherwyse the Sheriff as he ys commanded must be delivered wth the power of the contrey to breake into the house and apprehend hym wch yf he shuld refuse to do yt must be told hym, yt wylbe farre more dangerus unto hym and the howse wold be serched for those Instrumentes and places wch he hath to Torture or Imprison men hin and even so I betake you to the proteccon of the almyghty at Bedford the second of July 1600.

Yor lovyng and assured ffrend Jo. Popham.

Endorsed: To the right w¹¹ Nathaniell Bacon Esq^r highe sheriff of the countie of Norff.

¹ My dutie in verie humble wise remembred unto yo^r L.ps. Yo^r lre. touching my searching ye house of Fr. Woodhouse at Breckles in Norff, for a Seminary priest sometyme named Upton was delivered me the first of this moneth. And the next daie I made repaier nere unto the place being 28 myles from my dwelling that I might wth ye more opportunity ve daie following undertake ve service. And so early the morning after I came unto his house where I did sone understande that he had removed his dwelling from thence half a yeare before to another house of his a myle & a half of called Caston. Wherupon I left some of my servantes at Breckles willing them to staie every person that either made offer to go in to the house or to come out and did presently myself ride wth some other company to Caston. And there I finding Mr Woodhouse himself absent in hawking caused him presently to be sent for and in the meane tyme I both searched that house and did severally example his wief² & servantes and did upon ye searche fynde two paier of beades a few popishe

Narrative of Search at Breccles for seminary priest.

¹This letter falls about 1597, as Wilkinson is before the Commissioners March 23, 1597, and says he had been at the house of Mr Francis Woodhouse. This letter implies that had not yet appeared and yet Woodhouse left sometime in '97 for Caston.

² Evidently Eleanor, his 2nd wife, who was living at Caston in 1606. She is described as having been "presented frequently." Jessopp, id., p. 193.

Bookes and certeyn popishe pictures wth some other toyes of popery, all weh I left wth her after shee had given me aunswr where shee had them. About noone Mr Woodhouse himself came and after examinacon taken of him I caused him to take ye kyes of his other house and so made my retorne to Breckles where I founde one Nichas. Wilkenson a gent of Lincolnshire who upon former searches had ben founde in the same house and did affirme his coming into ve contrey to be about some money matter betwen Mr Woodhouse & him, and for want of lodging at Caston came unto Breckles and should have ben gon towardes London yf the weather had not been so ill. This Wilkenson hath his abode most at a lodging wthin Temple barre nere Clementes Inne at one Somerfildes house and though he repaier unto ye church (as I am credibly informed) yet I do suspect much what to judge of him by his travelling wthout anie Servant and by his often repairing thither. There was also staide by my servantes one Roger Hubberd a gent of this contrey as he was coming out of Breckles house. And ye man is specially addicted to popery and so noted in this contrey. And he did saie ye occasion of his coming to Breckles towne was about busynes wth one Fludde a recusant being his father in lawe who hath his house wthin a furlonge of Breckles house and is there confyned. And this house of Fluddes I also searched. And his wief could not or would not tell me where her husband was, And this Hubberd being there went unto Breckles house as he said about a Sparhawke. There was also in this house at Breckles one Joan Clifton an auncient woman but verie popishe and succored then by Mres Woodhouse, And besides these, 2 yonger wemen servantes; I examined these severally, But neither by ye perusing of anie lres.or papers nor by anie of the examinacus weh I tooke could I discover anie matter weh did leade me to suspect the harboring there of the said Upton or anie other of that kynde. I have not thought good to send up this Wilkinson & Hubberd because I founde no more matter to object against them then before is sett downe. And thei be both easily to be had the one at London & the other here in the contrey yf yt please yor Ho. so to direct it. If the said Upton or anie other of that sort were in the house at Breckles when I made this searche (as yt maie be by conveying & hiding him in the outhouses weh are many & filled wth corne besides the great house and this might be don whiles I searched the other house), then assuredly the said Wilkenson & Hubberd be privie & acquaynted therwth for the said 1 See entry re wife and children, Claclosse, 1591, p. 176.

Wilkenson had contynued in the same house from ye Tuesday in ye afternone till Frydaie nere towardes night when I came away & left him there, And did confesse that he had not ben out of the house but once at the said Fluddes house ye recusant. Thus wishing that this my Service had proved to the better satisfaccon of yor ho. expectacon

I humbly take my leave.

Yor Ho. at comm^t. Endorsed: Cop of the Ire to the LLs touching Breckles.

Instructions for the comissioners that are appoynted to examyne such persons as shall go beyonde the Seas wthout license, or repaier hither from the partes beyonde the Seas.

For asmuch as it falleth out by daily experience that divers lewde & base persons weh are staied by the diligent care of her Mates officers of her Sea portes & other places are sent up hither under garde to be examyned & further tried, the manner of weh sending riseth to no small proportion of expense, where it might be more easie for her Majtes service to have them examyned & comitted there to such places in the contrye as are assigned for offendors: It hath pleased her Matte to make choice of you to proceede according to the instruccons following.

First upon receipt of these Instruccons you shall all of you meete together and then agree of a certayn place where 4. 3. or 2. of you at the least shall meete to attende the service there, And take order that Bandes wth suerties be taken wth the privity of the Vicadmirall, that no Maisters of Shippes hoyes crayers or other vesselles shall sett over lande anie passinger or take into their shippes in any creeke or other harborough or over the coast but in the open porte townes. And if anie offende therin thei to be imprisoned for the space of one moneth. And untill thei put in Suerties for their good behavior and receive for the same such further punishment as by the Lordes of her Ma^{tles} most ho: privie councell shall be thought meete.

He shall also before thei be set on lande or taken in signifye to the Searchers or other officers of the portes the number of the passingers that are to go or come wth him, And what knowledge he hath of them or other the officers of the port or such comissioners as shall be appoynted to examyne them.

The Mayor or comissioners shall (as thei shall have cause) examyn the Maister marryners or passingers of the nomber of those that Council's Instructions for the examination of Suspected Persons. came in that passadge, that such as are not known merchantes factors for merchantes, marryners, sailors, or shalbe holden to be suspected maie be presented before some of the comissioners to be by them examyned.

The comissioners shall examyne the foresaid passingers as well outward as inward, what thei are, of what parentes, whither thei do pretend to go, for what occasion, what license thei have, or if thei come into the Realme how long thei have ben absent, in what parte beyonde the Seas thei have ben, whither thei pretend to goe, and to what ende. And if there be occasion of suspicon thei shall offer unto them the oath of Alledgiaunce set downe in ye first yeare of her Mates raigne wen if thei shall refuse to take, or cannot give good account of themselves, then thei shalbe comytted to prison, and shalbe examyned whether thei are priestes or Jesuittes or in what Seminary thei have ben, and also searched what letters thei do carrie wth or about them.

If thei be yonge men thei shalbe examyned by whose privity thei went, or do go beyonde the Seas, by what condicon, & from whome, what allowances have ben given them at anie tyme at their going or during their abode there, what intertaynemente rewarde or viaticum their have received of the K. of Spayne, his ministers or the pope, or other forreign prince.

Thei shalbe examyned what other came in their company and where thei meant to take shipping, and what port thei intende to lande, in what vessell thei are to passe, wherin speciall care is to be had to discover the M^{rs} of Shippes that make a secrett traffick to convey anie fourth of the Realme or over hither or such persons as are the meanes & instrumentes to convey & direct them for their passadge, who are to be apprehended if thei be wthin yor power & comytted to prison that some good corse maie be taken to punishe them severely. And if thei be in anie other countie adjoyning unto you you shall direct yor letters unto the comissioners of those counties to take order for their apprehension, but if thei be farre of, then you shall certefye unto us their names & places of aboade that wee maie take order for their apprehension.

And if their parentes or frendes be in that countie, or not farre of, you shall by vertue herof sende for them, and if they be to be chardged win the sendinge over of their children, or frendes, or to

have geven them maintenaunce, or had any letters from them or bene privie to their beinge there, and have not revealed the same, you shall if they be of abilitie take bondes of them to appeare before us, or if they be of meaner sorte, commit them to prison at yor discrecon, to be proceded wth accordinge to the lawe. And certefie unto us once every moneth the examinacons taken by you. To wch ende you shall kepe a booke of all the names of those suspected persons that shall be brought before you, or shalbe discovered by them, and of their examinacons taken of them.

Jo. Cant. Tho: Egerton, C.G. Tho: Buckhurst. G. Hunsdon. Ro. North. W. Knowles. Ro. Cecill. Jo: Popham. Jo. Fortescue. Endorsed: Instruccons for ye Comissioners for passingers.

An Indenture of the goodes of John Dike of Kellinge Willm. Reve of Wickmore and Thomas Seppins of Westrudham Recusantes founde by the oath of Christofer Parre Robert Miller Edmond Sheringham John Worttes Willm. Rice Thoms. Gilbert Roger Warner gen. Nicholas Skey John Cooper Willm Baynyard Willm. Newarke John Thurlowe John Gaseley Mathew Bensley Thomas Gilberte Edmonde Dike James Beckham Robrt. Bucke Phillip Browne John Framingham Leonard Constable Richard Doe Richard Thurroll and Edmond West gen. Jur. As appeareth by Inquisicon taken at Walsingham the ffive and twenteth daie of September in the yeare of the Reigne of or Sovereigne Lorde James by the grace of God kinge of England Fraunce & Ireland defender of the faith &c the third and of Scotland the nyne & Thirteth, before Sr Nathanael Bacon knight John Pagrave and Rice Gwynne Esqrs by vertue of his Mates writt of commission to them the said Sr Nathanael Bacon John Pagrave and Rice Gwynne amongst others directed to inquire of the goodes landes and tenementes of divers Recusantes menconed in certaine scedule to the said comission annexed.

John Dike, possessed of one shodd carte, One milch cowe, Two worke horses, Thre combes of Rye, Thre combes of Barley, One Table, Forretene peces of pewter, Seaven peces of Brasse, Thre speetes, One firepan & tonges, One bedsteede and a stockbedd. One coverlet Three chestes and two paire of sheetes. Et valent in tot.—viii¹¹.

Willm Reve possessed of Tenn combes of wheate. Tenn combes of Rye Twenty combes of Barley and five combes of Bucke. One

Confiscated Property of a Recusant.

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olde geldinge. Two Mares. Five milch neate and two yearlinge calves. Et valent in tot. xvi¹¹.

Thoms Seppins, possessed of Twenty combes of wheate. Twenty combes of Rye Forty combes of Barley. Thre worke horses. Five milch neate and divers Implemtes of household. Et valent in tot. xxxvj¹¹.

The Examination of John Rose of Fakenham taken before Sr Nathanael Bacon knight the 26th of March 1614.

He sayth that about sixe weekes past he sawe Xpofer Thimblethorpe at ffakenham, and knew him not when he saw him, and after had a messuage sent from Thymblethorpe by Richard Parker of Ryborough, and by him he knew what he was, and not before.

He sayth that the said Thimblethorpe came to ffakenham about the shutting up of the eveninge, and staied himselfe at one Thoms. Southwelles at the signe of the George, and came on foote wth a woman wth him, whome he called cosen, and the woman was about two or thre and twenty yeares and his apparell was an olde blacke cloake, and a blewish jerkin, and a black paire of hose, wth a black hatt wthout a band.

He sayth that the said Thimblethorpe staide at the said South-welles house the same night and all the next daie, and went his waie the night following and the woman wth him, and this examinate keepinge in the same house fell into his companie by occacon of his being there, having had no acquaintance wth him before.

He sayth that the said Thimblethorpe came to Hilles house at Riborough and ther discovered to Richard Parker what he was.

He sayth that he never sawe Thimblethorpe since he was at ffakenham and knoweth not now wher he is, and he hath heard that before his coming to ffakenham he had lien one or two nightes at John Wrigler's house, at Bawdeswell, at the signe of the Crowne.

He sayth that Thimblethorpe tould Parker that he came lately out of the lowe countries and would goe from Riborough towardes Yarmouth.

John Rose.

Armour in the house of a Recusant.

Evidence concerning a

Recusant.

A note of the Armoure in the house of M^r Owen Godferie of Hindringham Esq^r and received into the Custodie of S^r Nathanael Bacon knight the xth of Aprill 1613.

Imprimis a Musket wth Flaske & touch boxe, and a headpece Itm. a black Corslet, wth a headpece, sword & dagger Itm. a black Curet for a horseman wthout a headpece

Na: Bacon

CHURCH MATTERS.

Broth^r I thanke you for your Lett^{rs}. My wyfe I thanke God ys somwhat recovered & ys able to walke in her Chamber but yet she neyther resteth well in the night nor yet hath any appetite to meate. I am moch bownd to my Syst^r Wodhowse for she never left my wyfe aft^r she came to her (w^{ch} was before her delyverve) untill I came home, weh was to her a great comforte. It ys not lyke as you wryte that this can be kept secrett for yt was here in Norweh very comonly knowen before any of my men servantes in the howse understoode of yt & I am moch beholdyng to many wyves of the Aldermen & others that came & gave great ayde in the mattr. The newes of my broth W. I hard erst I cam from London. I am sory for yt and do wyshe yt were the ende of his Trobles in those cases: he departed sodenly owt of London unknowen at his goving to dynner of his Jorney taken immedyatly aft^r dynner. I feare yt was some soch lyke peryll that cawsed his soden departr. I have seene hym once or twyse synce my comyng home but he kepeth yt to hym selfe but so do not his men for by them yt was declared at London to one weh shewed me of yt. Towchyng that you desy to understand of the byshops¹ procedynges, I do fynd that M^r More one of the last was sequestred from his exercyse & I comyng home on Weddynsdaye dyd on Thursday in the forenone receyve a message from my L. byshop that Mr Holland beyng by hym appoynted & by the consent & pryvytve of the mayor & oth^r the aldermen of that paryshe to serve in Mr Moores Place in the exercyse in that Thursday morning was aftr his readyng & comyng owt of the Pulpitt by certen persons spetyally reprehended in the Churche namely by one Cornewall a mynist^r & one Morley a baker & one Bruer w^{ch} dyd calle Holland Turnecote & sayed that he preched false doctryne & had betrayed the worde & that the byshop who had commanded hym thith had no more authorytye then a comon mynist^r & dyd aske hym why he served not at his owne cure & wheth^r he was an apostle, besydes the paryshe Clerke of St Andrew beyng commanded over night to rynge in the mornyng to the exercyse as he had wont to do neyth^r wold so do nor yet begyn to synge the Psalme beyng thereto moved by Mr Hollande as he had wont to do. My Lordes Byshop message to me

An account of Prophesyings and of lax Prison Discipline.

¹ Edmund Freake succeeded John Parkhurst on the latter's death in Feb. 1574.

was that he had found the mayor & the Aldermen very cold in Reformation and that they awnsw always was that they wold conferr with theyr Learned cownsaill erst they could do any thynge; whereupon he sent to me as to one of them shewing me that he wold advertyse the Ldes the cownsaill of this mysdemeanour onles I thought I could otherwise cause vt to be reformed. Whereupon I desyred his staye of sendyng & dyd wryte to the mayor & wyshed to examyn how farr this was true & to see the partyes that thus disorderly delt in the churche to be commytted & to be bound to theyr good behavyour, weh was done accordyngly but this scarsely satysfyeth the byshop for he wold have them bound to appere at the assises. I have not yet spoken wth the byshop but do meane to draw hym from that vayne. But these fellowes in dede are the pryncypall leaders in this thynge & yt ys to be marveled at how many came to them to pryson & how they were banqueted, wyne brought to them & on Fryday at night even feastes made them in pryson both of fleshe & fyshe & Mr Drake hym selfe & his wyfe feastyng there wth them. Suerly this will brede som furth^r consequet in tyme I feare yf nothing be done to yt. And this ys all the dyscourse I can yet make you of these mattrs: fare you well: commend me your wyfe this ijde of Decemb. 1576

> my wyfe commendeth her to you $w^{th} ext{...}$ Y^r very assured broth^r

Fr. Wyndam.¹

Endorsed: To my very good broth Natha. Bacon Esquier At Cocthorpe.

Concerning the Martinists and certain charges against S^r Francis Wyndham. I am sory I have not suffycyent tyme to wryte so largely unto you as the circumstances of matt^r do requyre, for fyrst you shall understande that wthin these iij or 4 dayes my L. of Canterburye in the presens of the Cownsell do (except my L. Treasor^r who was sicke) delyver to her Majestie that her Governem^t by her ecclesiasticall courtes were lyke cleane to be over throwen by reason of a charge geven by me & M^r Cooke at Sessions vidz that the ordynarye cowld not cyte men to appere per salute anime to awnsw^r upon oathe. The rumour whereof hath bred a scruple to all the byshops in Englande that they dowbt how to procede in theyr cowrses for that they have ever synce the conquest used no other course. Wth this her Ma^{tle} was greatly gryeved wth me & sayd that she wold have all the cownsell calle all the Judges togeth^r before theyr cyrcuyte to comand them

¹ Jane dau. Sir Nicholas Bacon = Sir Francis Wyndham.

not to geve yt any more in Chardge. And then dyd my L. Chamberlayne take opportunytie to exasperat the Quenes Matie furthr agaynst me sayeng also that I did impugne her Matles Comissions & other her prerogatives & procedynges in her service in Norff. w^{ch} complaynt the cownsell was lykewyse commanded to call me to awnswr. So as this daye my L. of Canterburye, my L. Chancelor, my L. Admyrall, my L Chamberlayne, my L. Cobbham & my L. of Buckherst were assembled at my L. Chancelors howse where all the judges were appoynted to here her Mattes pleas before we went in cyrcuyt. So at our beying there my L. shewed her Ma^{ties} myslyke that the judges as she harde were not all of one mynde towchinge thoffence of the Martynists & some favored them wen yf she knewe she wold remove from theyr places & then as to the charge geven towchinge the oathes in spyrytuall courtes we were commanded from her Matie to forbeare to geve yt any furthr till more consultation were had thereof. Then my L. shewed furthr her Maties pleasr towchinge soch as were convicted of the martynistes That yf they wold not submytt them selves according to a draft made thereof that they shuld be executed So the judges departed but myselfe. And then my L. Chamberl. (wthowt callynge Sr Arthrin) dyd hymselfe informe agaynst me, that I sought to dyscontenans hys Lordsh. in his liefetenancy in that shyre, that I impugned her Matte comission & all oth her service there for levyeng of money & then he fell to partycularities of baylyng of wad (sic) wch I Justyfyed & so to oth thynges as well to wchinge your selfe & Drerve whom he will send for presently & chardged me he shuld be forthcomynge & I sayd his servantes had made hym forthcomyng. He sayd he deserved yt well & how yt was but that one of his men dyd mete hym asked hym wheth he dyd not speke certen wordes of my L Chamberl. wch he confessed he dyd & thereupon he brake his heade wth his daggr so then I shewed the whole facte wch he denyed & sayd furth that I bare hym & all his mallyce for that he was ernest agaynst my broth for the Scottes & that I sought occasion to bynde all his men to the pece & good behavyour. I sayd divers lewd dysposed persons of them have had the good aberyng grant^d agaynst them often tymes but never by me, but at the benche I have hard theyr mysdemeanours—so have proceded as there was cause. I omytt many thynges because I send them enclosed in Lettrs to my wyfe wch concerne you in some part w^{ch} my wyfe may shew you. Then towchinge the grant of the waye he shewed fyrst that all the gentlemen in Suff. had granted yt how a great sort of gentlemen of Norff. had agreed to yt & had wrytten to

hym that yt was very necessarye & that no man was agaynst yt but you & I in all the countye. I sayd that then there wold never have bene soch complayntes made to the Justices of Assise nor then there neded not so many to have bene sent for up by preschantes. He sayd those were but a few lewd persons: he shewed furth that 13 Justices of peace of Norff. had rated the contrye at 1600li weh I sayd was assented to so as yt myght be levyed wth good will wth owt constraynt. And furth he objected I impugned the grant & dyd in my chardge expressed yt to be extorcyon to levye money by yt & so all othr levyeng of money by letters were. I sayd that all unlawfull levveng of money by color of any office or by any patent was so but for Lettrs I sayd nothynge of them. And tooching the grant I sayd vt was no lawfull warrant to levye money by yt wch the lordes marvelled that I shuld so farre impech the great Seale. I savd that yt was a very frequent thynge in all the Quenes Courtes to decyde of the vallydytye of her patentes as yt was of the subjectes evydens. When all these thygnes were done then for want of other mattrs he shewed that divers compleyned of me as one Stephen Sprynge; one Nicho Wright ye promoter & Harward his servantes. I savd that I dvd here that I perceyve by two Lynes wrytten to me from you synce . . . that there ys a daye appoynted on Monday next for my L. mattr . . . And yesternight I receyved also a Lettr from Redgrave wrytten by my . . . Bacon that George Nunne shuld that daye be there & my brothr . . . also & Required me to meete them for that purpose at Sr . . . Buttes I shall therfor Godwillyng repayre thith from hence so early that day . . . morning that I hope to be there by x of the clocke in the fore . . . I wold have wyshed that some Sight might have bene had of . . . for my L. before we had mett. But I can not appoynt yt . . . know where the vydents ys nor yet who hath yt to Shew nor . . . to conferr in ye cawse. There ys very certen speche at . . . of my L Kepers Change of his offyce to the kepership of the Pryvy . . . Seale & the Solycytor vs Lykewyse sayd to succede hym. Rookeby is dyspatched of his Fryshe vyadge & so ys Sr Willm. . . . And yt ys sayd that Sr Peter Caro ys there deade & the . . . deputye there to have his composytyon for his allowans revoke . . . Mr Hatton hath of late of the Gyft of the Quene 40011 . . . by yere payed hym out of the Excheq^r. I am suer yo . . . heare how the Frenche Truce ys broken agayne . . . so hopyng Shortly to see you at our daye of metyng . . . byd yow farewell wth my wyves & my commendacyons to . . . & to your wyfe Scrybled this xxxth of Decemb^r A 1575

Your broth^r Assured

Fraunces Wyndam

Endorsed: To my lovyng broth^r Natha. Bacon Esq^rat Cockthorpe.

Our duties remembred unto yor L. Yt maie please you to be advertised that some few yeares past there was an exercise of preachinge contynued in the church of Wyveton a cost towne wthin yor diocese upon the Tuesday by the space of xv yeares togither And the same was mayntayned by severall ministers dwelling theraboutes to the comfort of the hearers And was not put downe by anie comaundement but did cease by occasion of the plague w^{ch} increased in Cley a port Towne adjoyninge to the church where the preaching was. Our suite unto yor L. is that you will graunte yor allowance for the like exercise to be erected upon the Tuesday as before at Bynham or Langham as wee shall thinke good who do mynde to frequent the same And to be performed by the prechers undernamed divers of wch did bestowe ther labors in former exercise & whom wth ye rest we minde to entreat herunto againe: Ech one taking his turne when his weak cam and preaching upon some of the Evangelistes or prophettes or some other parte of the Scripture as thei shall agree of, and where one endeth the text, the next to make his beginning, wthout leaving to ech man to make choice of his Text himself.

Wee do both purpose (God willing) to frequent the meeting, and will have care that good maie growe therby & as litle inconvenience otherwise as wee can. For besides the blessing from God wch wee hope will growe by their labors in teaching & instructing the people, wee or selves shall, as occasion shalbe offered dispatche manie busynesses of the contrey and ende perhapps many a contencon amongst or neighbors.

Thus resting upon yor L. direccon herin, wee comende you to the Grace of Almighty God from

Mr Jo. Percyvall of Stifkey.
Mr Sa. Stallon of Walsingham
Mr Ra. Furneshe of Merson²
Mr Geor. Ledys of Holt³

Request that the Bishop may allow the Prophesy ings to continue at Bynham or Langham.

¹ B.D.

² B.D.

³ M.A.

Mr Vincent Goodwyn of Cley¹
Mr Armsted of Studby²
Mr Forster of Melton³
Mr Ra. Sayme of Bynham⁴
Mr Burlingham of Thornedge⁵

Endorsed: lre. to the Bi. de exercise.

The inhabitants of Lynn recommend an incumbent for Wiggenhall St Mary.

Right W^rshipfull our humble Commendacons to you remembred etc. This beror⁶ a neighbo^rs childe heare have bene brought upp in Lernynge and procedide M^r of Arte in Cambridge beinge verie well stayde and of honest behavio^r have Requestede us to desyre yo^r Lawfull favo^r in helpynge Hym with yo^r ffavorable Letter in his behalff to my Lorde Keper, for a benyfyce called Wigynhall S^t Marie. His Longe Contynuaunce at Stwdye hathe bene greate chargis so that it hath Impoverigide hym & his ffrendes. And if by yo^r good healpe he maye obtayne this his Swyte whiche may be herafter his Mayntenance, he and his ffrendes shalbe boundene to praye for yow and we to thynk o^r Selvis greatlye Indettede as knowthe the Allmightie god who increase yo^r yeares withe woorshipp to his Pleasure from Lenne the xixth of Januarie 1577

Yor Loevinge ffrendis
John Dychfyld mayor
John Pell
H. Harthulyor
Toms. Greve
George Baker

Fraunces Shaxton

Case of Simony.

Mr Linaker's Case.

The parishioners of Ditchingham in Norfolke consent to give fowre score powndes to procure the Incumbent to resigne his Benefice & to obteine a presentacion from her Ma^{tle} to such a person as they should afterwards nominate. They pay forty powndes downe and twoe of the parishners enter bonde for payment of forty more w^{ch} they purpose to raise out of the fruites of the living the

- 1 " noe grad."
- 2 " noe grad" but four years in Cambridge University.
- ³ M.A.
- 4 M.A.
- ⁶ M.A. (Norff. Arch. Trans., vol. x, pp. 1, 166, et seq., and vol. xVIII, 78-104).
 - 6 Possibly Willm. Rooke, M.A., who was the incumbent, 1592.

Somer following. The compact thus made, diverse persons are named, but Mr Linaker is presented by her Ma^{tle} and according to lawe fully possessed one weeke after S^t Michaell. But before possession, the fruites weare gathered to satisfy forty powndes. Mr Linaker being greived at the wrong offred him threatned to sue, and since hath commensed suite against the collectors of those fruites. Many yeares after Jacob Wadesworth by undue suggestions of some of the parishners obteins a Presentacion of Linakers Benefice, who is called into question for Simony or Ratificacion. And wheareas the wholl accusacion was principally grounded upon the deposicion of one John Wright, it is to be noted especially, that he hath before sufficient witnesses revoked & disclaymed his said deposicion.

Řichard Walker John Tye

March 12th 1599.

Whereas it is deduced in the 8 Article of the deposicions contra Magistrum Linaker, that John Wright of Ditchingham hath deposed that he & Richard Walker did gather the profits of the Benefice with Mr Linakers consent for the payment of forty powndes to procure the resignacion & presentacion to himselfe: The said John Wright saith that Mr Linaker never gave consent that the fruites should be gathered by them to any such ende. And saith further that he never deposed any such consent, and if it be so set downe in his deposicion, that he is ill delt wthall & contrarie to his meaning.

Subscrybed wth his owne hande theis being witnesses²

Thomas Daynes Preacher Thomas Wade gent Richard Walker John Tye

After remembrance of or humble duties. We acknowledge great thankfullnes Right wor¹¹ for that worthie respect and Care w^{ch} you have ever showed towardes us and nowe especiallie that yor worp is pleased to appoint unto us soe worthie and learned a man for or minister and teacher, wishinge or poore towne were fitt to afford him such intertainem^t as would answer his deserte. But entringe into a Consideracon of or unfittnes for him in regard of the poverty of or Towne and or want of howseromth for his intertainem^t, and

¹ Robert Linacre Bach. of Arts, Preacher.

Petition of inhabitants of Whissonsett that Mr Swallow may be appointed in place of Sir Nathaniel's choise.

² This is a duplicate copy. The signature of Linacre does not appear.

ffyndinge not onely or Towne but alsoe the Cuntry nere about greatly affectioned to a brother of or late minister Mr Swallow¹, a man approved unto us to be noe lesse qualified wth good giftes, & furnished wth the like faculties, then his said Brother was, whoe in regard he is a single man and is suer to retaine the same Schollers weh his brother had (for that he alsoe teacheth singinge and musike) shall by that meanes purchase a greater benefitt for his yearely intertainem^t then a stranger shall, And by helpe thereof wth yor worps accustomed allowance, may attaine to some resonable yearly liveinge for a single man wthout or further Chardge. We be all therefore humble sutors unto yor good worp and or worll: Lady that ye wilbe pleased to vouchsafe to grant unto us this or likinge and Choise of Mr Swallow wherein yor worp may afford not onelie Comfort and ease unto or poore towne but alsoe much Contentm^t to or selves and or neighbours Cuntry gentlemen nere about And soe Craveinge pardon for or bouldnes, desiringe yor worps favourable acceptance and aunswer hereunto: we humbly take or leaves

From Wyssett this 10 of June 1606

Yor worps to comaund in all duety Frances Claxton Ciprian Sallowes Nicholas Harvy Sen^r Valentyne Coppyn Henry Balles Wm. Dawson Nicholas Harvy Jun^r Thomas Dawson

Robte. Wright Roger Michells Wm. Sampson Albte. Kennett George Mowser Willm. Mowser Iames Burrow John Larrance Thomas Michells

Endorsed: To the Right worll: our very good Lord and Lady Sr Nathaniel Bacon Knight and Lady Dorothy his wife at Styfkey.

Council's letter as to observance of Lent.

After or verie hartie comendacons, Although it is true that the many lawes & orders heretofore ordayned & published for the strict & due observannce of Lent (whereof you are not ignorant) are or ought to be sufficient motives to worke in you that care wen is fitting to be had of the putting in execution so necessary a pointe of Government (especially Considering the apparent good that redoundes thereby to the Comon wealth) and also to move in every well affected Subject that due obedience which is requisite. Such not wth standing hath ben observed to be the neglect & contempt of ¹ 1592-3, Nicholas Browne, B.A., was the minister.

those wholesome ordinaunces as his Matte out of his accustomed providence & most gracious care of the Comon good of this Realme Hath ben pleased to Comaund that from hencefourth a more strict accompt be taken of you & others whom it maie concerne touching yor duties in this particuler. And for that it hath ben ever observed that people are with nothing so much moved as by the example of those that governe them, It is required and expected that in yor owne familyes & persons you make such demonstracons of Conformity herin as may serve for examples unto inferior persons. And to the end that all those who are Maisters of housholdes & familyes may with the more Conveniency provide themselves of such necessary provisions for the Lent as shalbe fitting & may serve most convenent His Highnes hath ben pleased to comaund imediate publishing of this his pleasure. And that no man might be ignorant therof hath also caused such rules & orders to be printed & dispersed in all parts of this kingdome as have ben thought most meete especially for yor derectors & Cariage herin (a Copie wherof we sende you herinclosed) and do hereby require you & every of you to cause notice therof to be taken wthin that countye & the severall Cittyes & burroughes therof And so to apply yorselves unto the strict observance of the said orders as may give assuraunce unto his Matte of yor dutifull care & diligence in the due performance & executon of his Comandemts. And so we bidd you hartely farewell.

ffrom whitehall this 10th of Decb 1613

vor verie loving friendes

T. Ellesmere Canc. G. Cant. T. Suffolk. E. Worcester. Lenox. W. Knollys. E. Wootton. Stanhope. Jul. Caesar. Fra. Cottington.

Endorsed: 1. To our verie loving friendes ye Sheriff & Justices of Peace in ye county of Norff.

2. A copie of the Counsells Lres. for the observing of Lente.

After or verie hartie comendacons, the keeping of Lente according to the ancient severitie and strictnes of former tymes, was by his Mattes direction this Last Yeare so seriouslie Comended from this Board unto you the justices of that Countie as we shall not need to laie Downe any other reasons for the Lawdable Continuance therof this Lent insuing then that it is his Mattes expresse pleasure & Comendm^t for the generall good w^{ch} is visiblie observed therbie to redound unto the publike, that the same be now as straightlie & Dulie observed, as at any time it hath bene or ought to have bene

The same.

hertofore. For wch purpose his Matie hath Comanded that the Orders here inclosed, wch were conceyved this Last yere for the observance of Lente, should be renewed & forthwith published, aswell wthin that Countie, as throughout all the other Counties of this Realme. Thexecucon wherof & of everie particuler therin Conteined, we are in his Maties name verie earnestlie to recomend unto yor speciall care, not onlie for the generality of that Countie but also & especiallie in yor owne private families, for example unto the rest, assuring yor selves that his Matie intendeth to take as strict account of this service as of anie one thinge that belongeth to yor chardge, wherin if yor indeavor shall answere his Maties exspectacon, & thexperience we have in all thinges els apperteining to his Maties service, You cannot performe a Dutie that wilbe more gratiouslie accepted. And so we bid you haretelie farewell from the Court at Whitehall this viijth of Januarie 1614

Geo. Cant.
Tho. Ellsmere Canc.
Tho. Suffolke
Fenton
Edw. Cooke
Tho. Ellsmere Canc.
Pembrooke
Pembrooke
Raphe Winwood
Fulkes Grevile
Tho. Lake

To or verie loving freindes the highe Sheriff & justices of peace in the Countie of Norff.

Endorsed: To the right worshipfull the Justices of the peace of the hundreds of Southerpingham, Northerpingham, Northgrenhoe, Eynsford & Holte in the Countie of Norff.

To the right worshipfull & worthie Knight Sr Nathaniell Bacon, the Inhabitants & your wrp⁸ Tenants of the towne of Hemsbie in East Flegge humblie prayeth as followeth.

May it please your good worship to be informed yt we the Inhabitants your humble farmors, & dutifull Tenants of Hemsbie, have latelye and still doe find our minister Mr Greene not altogether soe able to performe his charge, as formerlie he hath donne, or as both himselfe and we his parishoners desire he should doe, by reason of his age, his guifts faylinge him: Insomuch as many times formerlie, and now especiallye latelye, we the parishoners aforesaid, ayming at ye glorye of God, the comfort of our owne soules, and the good of or Christian bretheren, have intreated learned preachers amongest us for the supplying of our want in yt behalfe; Now soe it is, yt we your wrps humble orators, wth the mutuall assent and consent of our minister, are and will be humble petitioners unto your good worship,

Four letters concerning a proposed assistant and successor to the Rev. Greene of Hemsby.

for one Mr John Boulte of Ludham, a grave discreete and learned preacher for ye time of his continuance and yeares, of whose sufficiencye of learning and doctrine we have had good tryall amongest us, besides the report we have had from the Towne of Great Yermouth, how worthily he supplied yt place during the time of their preachers sicknes, weh was nye about 20 weekes, and the neiboure townes round about where he dwell, can sufficientlye testifye the same, by reason of his willingnes in supplying the wantes of any his neighbour ministers, or any other of his neibours uppon request; himselfe being without any pastorall preferment: For his life and conversation, as well where he live, as in all places where he come, it is such yt noe man can justly take exception against him: The good report of all men weh knowe him, his honest parentage, his Father deceased being borne in the Towne where he now dwell, & whilest he lived a zealous protestant, a cheife constable of yt hundred were speciall motives to this man whom it hath pleased God to furnish wth manie exellent indowments. In consideration of all these premises, and forasmuch as we knowe your worship to be a loving Patron to the learned and a zealous favourer of the preachers of the word, Therfore in fine we humblye intreat your worship yt you would be pleased to grant unto the said Mr Boult the advowsion of your Church of Hemsbie soe as after the death of our minister he if he survive may succede him in his place. the wch if your good worship shall be pleased to grant, we your dutifull Tenants shall be bound to pray for your worship: And for this cause is it yt the said Mr Boulte cometh unto you wth these our earnest and humble intreaties himselfe herein humblie craving and beseeching your worship's good will promising for ever to oblige himselfe unto your worship, as the cheife Patron of his future studies: Thus we all hoping of your worships willingnes for the good of Church and commonwealth, we pray the Almightie for your worships happines long to continewe.

Your worships humble suppliants
John Greene, Henry Smythe, Gilbart Crame, Edward Goose,
John Tailor, John Ducke, Symon Smythe, Willyam Manship,
Robart Browne, Willm. Peake¹ his marke, Thom. Haw¹ his
marke, John Narborow¹ his marke, Thom. Peake¹ his marke.
Robte. Tompson¹ his marke, Robte. Fenne¹ his marke,
Edmond Calke, John Merstond, Humphry Croswell, Danyell
Duck, Roger Smythe.

Endorsed: Hemisby Tenants peticon re. Boult.

Their Marks.

Mr Man I praie you be ane earnest suter to my Mr in the behalfe of Mr Boulte for the advouson and desire Mr Parcifall in my name to further his sute in this busines & I will hartilie and kindelie thanke you, ye Tennants & Townsmen will thinke themselves much behoulden unto you and wee hope god shalbe well pleased by your good endeavour & his kingdome increased for if he obtaine, he wilbe a helper to Mr Greene duringe his Life & take the charge as his owne, as if he were incombent himselfe. Thus hopinge you will doe and speake to the buildinge of the Church of god I with my commendacons & my wife both to Mr Pearcivall & to your selfe we committe you to the grace of god Hemsbie this vjth of December 1616.

Your lovinge Fellowe and assured Freinde Henry Smithe

Help forward this good worke, if we cannott requite you, god will. We houlde you can no waie doe us a greater pleasure & I am perswaded he have everie mans good will, Yours to commande, John Ducke.

Wheras you have commended the bearer hereof Mr John Boult¹ After my hearty commendacons. I have receved yor lres. and cert. in the behalf of the bearer Mr J. Boult And upon yor Testimony of him & that profe of his giftes given here I do hold him worthie a better place then the vicaredge of Hemsby. But as I have for some reasons (in my judgmt) warrantable alwaies hitherto refused to passe ye advouson of anie living in my gifte: so I must desire to be excused that I do not condiscend to yor request for this advowson graunting to him. Notwthstanding if you can take such a corse as Mr Greene may be protected for of maintenance whilest he liveth & he be content presently to resigne I shall willingly upon his resignacon present Mr Boult to you and satisfie yor desires. And so I bidd ye hartely farewell From St. 8 Decb. 1616.

To my loving friends & Tennts ye Inhitaunts of Hemsby. Endorsed: Copie of Ire. to the Tenants of Hemsbie. Boult.

My Lord dutye remembred. I understande of the trouble happened latelie to Mr Greene the Minister of Hemsbie, and I am sorrye of it bothe because he was there placed by me, and also for that I have harde not longe sythence of some good hope conceyved of his labore in his ministrie. Though I holde it not so meete or safe for me to write touchinge his cause yet in my judgement the same myght be accompted smale, and so even of it selfe crave yor favoure,

¹ This line is deleted.

and the rather also seeinge the parties who doe complayne, the one is evill disposed as now it appeared and thother (as I fynde) more of Stomake then otherwise, is greeved wth the Minister. I beseeche yor Lord for Mr Greene, that you will authorise him to preache agayne, and that he may not be discoraged in theis his begginninge, but be well accepted of you so if happilie it shall please God to allowe him in some place for a builder of this Churche. I did thinke myselfe tyed in dutye to wright herein unto yor Lo: Wherein if I shall prevayle I shall be glad of it, and will acknowledge myselfe beholdinge to you for the same —if not I shall yet satisfie my selfe in doinge that which I perswaded myself to be bound unto Thus wishing yor Lo. verye well to doe I take my leave.

Endorsed: lre. to ye B. for Mr Greene. 1

Wth remembraunce of my verie hartie Comendacons. I am bolde to be a suitor unto you in the behalf of Mr George Lerdys ye minister of Hoult, That where he is yor fermor Certain groundes in Holt yt will please you to contynue him still to hold the same at such favorable Rent as he now peyeth: the man is of good Cariage & very paynfull in his place; and as hertofore he hath ben (so I doubt not) he will hereafter be carefull of yor Comoditie, by looking to the govenment of thinges aright, as well wthin ye manor as in the schoole. Besides yor favor in this case will afford him some supply for the mayntenance of his great Charg of family. And so acknowledging yor former kind respect of me, praying to be further beholding to you for this favor also to Mr Ledys, I hartely comende you to ye Grace of God ffrom St. this 21th of March 1617.

Yor verie loving friend2

To the Right Worshippfull Sir Rogir Townesend Knight Baronet Lord of the towne, and patron of the church of Wevenhoe.

After our most humble duty remembred, whereas our Parish of Wevenhoe for these two years or there abouts, hath bine distracted wth pernitious contentions, to ye great dishonor of god, ye greefe of good minds, and the blastinge of ye spring of goodnes wth the worde preached amonge us begane to put forth: we ye Inhabitantes

Petition of inhabitants of Wivenhoe that Sir Roger will settle the quarrel among

themselves.

Sir Nathaniel

petitions that

Rev. Lerdys

may be con-

tinued in

ferme.

¹ This would be ante 1592. Norff. and Norwich Arch. Trans., vol. XVIII, p. 96. "John Grene, vic of Hempesbye, bacc. of artes, prechethe in his owne cure."

² Copy letter of Nath. Bacon.

thereof, many of us tenants of your worship for our Coppyholds. haveing much desiered but in vayne, to see them come to an ende of there owne accord, have now at last brought unto your hondes these drops of greefe, and humble desiers towardes the quenching of these flames, most humbly praying you to enterpose your greatnes and vertue to ve curinge of these desperat distempers and confounding these implacable contentions and ye rather we are animated hereunto, because report hath told us of your Wisdome and good affection to religion, & because master Cornewall our most Loveing minester for many years by his godly conversation emonge us, with his diligent payns and ministerial habillites hath contended for god's honor, and our edificacion in the wayes of godlines, god giveing aprobacion unto him by the good successe of his labours emonge us; wch doubtles might have amounted to a greater encrease, had not these unhappie contentions fallen in ye waye; and because of our owne knowledg many of ve witnesses used are of such misdemenor, and base quallitie, and ye course against him taken such as maye expose we most Inocent to perill and reproch; we are of good hope as principallie for your owne honor seing god hath made you able, and for yor owne happines in the reward hereof, so likewise in ve last and least respect for this our firste and Joint supplication that you will not let slipp ye oppertunitie of doeing a deede so full of piety, charity, honor, & happy reward, as this is; namely to arise for the defence and peace of a minester of ye gospell of our Lord Iesus Crist and we shall have cause to praiese and to praye to God for increase of your happines, & rest at your Worshipps service & command. 16th of Aprill 1619.

Willm, Parker Willm. 1 Estewoode John Hughson John Giles Edward locke John Moleynex Robert Duncon John Gyles Moyses¹ Locke Willm, Morrante Martin Sparow Moys Watsone Thomas Wehre Willm. Leneardes Robarte Meridale John Fuller Thomas¹ Growe Henry Wheler John Swift Ambros Gyles Iohn¹ Strut John 1 Carter John¹ Leppinwell Robarte Nordene

Endorsed: To the Right Worll Sr Roger Townesend Knight and Baron at his house in Barbican London.

Request for a living.

Worthie Sir I am bould to enlive & kindle the first sparkes of yowre worshippes affection declared to me by a first interview at Beckles ¹ Their marks.

& since that renued on other occasions: I am thankefull truely to yow that yow were pleased to take contentment in the companie of such a meane one as I am. And herewith I doe desire the still continueing shuiging of that love as occasion may be offered. And although I will not pryjudge any yowre favours to others more deserveing of yow, yet I desire still to have a place in yowre affection and in provision also according to the meanes that god hath putt into yowre My being in Beckles is on the termes of meane stipendarie allowance with to many inconveniences of troublesome standing. My suite is that if god shall give opportunitye of a church place by you to be bestowed you will be pleased to thinke on me or myne for my sake & godes especially. Not doubting but that the flocke over whome god shall set hym or me shall have cause to praise god for yowre christian care. Worthie Sir I am almost spent in my masters service (& that I joy in from my soule) soe as my dayes drawe nere there period. If therefore youre worshipp shall be a meane to give some breathing in this latter end by bestoweing some place on me where I may finish my labours & soe farre favour me that my honest soone in lawe (a carefull & sufficient precher) may succede me, in yowre favour, place & labours: this is that which I desire. To speake for my selfe alone is but to desire to sitt downe almost with the sunnesetting, but to leave hym in ye favour of soe worthie a friend as youre selfe were to raise me up againe after a sort for the churches good & the comfort of my good daughter & her husband who will ever strive to be thankefull to god & yow. what you shall doe I doubt not god will requite it for which I will pray & ever comend you to his good grace. I must aske your worshippes pardon for this bouldness & will leave the buesienes to yowre wisdome & love. Remembring my due service with my wives, my daughter Abigails & her husbands to you, & commending us all to the rich mercie & grace of god in Jesus Christ in whom I shall ever rest.

Yowre worshippes faythfull servent in duties of respect Thomas Daynes.

Beckles. Noveb. 21. 1622.

Endorsed: To the right wor¹¹ my much honoured friend S^r Roger Townsend at Stifkey.

Sir I have had full spech with my sistar Hubart conserning the menestar we'n leves in hir house, and shee saith that hee is a very

Dorothy
Bacon recommends
the Rev. Day
for a vacancy.

well condecovned mane, fry from all wiesses went vt house a fordeth. and so mild a humbell harted mane as can be, and my sistar hath heard him prech at Plumsted to his much commendacyons, more that shee hath heard the Prechar ther and others besides report of him to be a very good scollar. He is a mastar of Artt and did Red to her Eilldest sonne but now beyng gonne shee thinkes him to be at libarty: so as yf yu plese to exsept of this mane my sistar doth beleve yu shall nevr have case to Repent yu. My Sistar did much commend Mr Day to me befor I heard from you, and wised him a place out of that house, for hee is worthy to be wher he maye be Respected and Ewsed as a mecke mane, for shee sayth that yf Inquyry be made a bout Plumsted of him it wold be sonne senne how well beloved hee is, and how glad many ther wold be to hear of his Preferment. I had wrytten this letar I hear send to yu that yu maye send vf v^u plese aftar you have Red it, but my sistar doutted that the Prechar dar not deall in it for fear of Sir Tomas Hubart vt me thinkes yf the mane be at his lebarty what ned hee care for his good will, and this Sire I wish yu had anye greatar matar wherin I might dooe you anye good, and with my sistars and my dew Respects to v^r selfe I so Rest as

> Your very loveng granmothar Dorothe Bacon

Stufky this xxi of June.

There is not anye thing in the letar y^u sent me but that I might fryly send it to the Prechar, else I ment not to have let it gooe out of my owen Possescyon.

¹ Free from all vices.

PAPERS RELATING TO NATHANIEL BACON IN HIS PRIVATE CAPACITY.

Vigesimo primo die mensis Novembris anno regni dne nre Elizabethe etc. quadragesimo tertio. anno dni 1600.

The day and yere above written Robte. Tompson of Hemesbie wente downe unto the seaside appointed by the Lorde of that manor¹ to looke to suche wracke as is caste up & there he founde a Fishe called as they say, a Grampus caste up and lying uppon the shoare.

Papers relating to a Grampus washed up at Hemsby.

The next day being ye xxijth of the same monethe the foresaid Robte. Tompson went unto the house of one Robte. Taylor asking him yf he woulde goe downe wth him to the seaside. He answered that he woulde and whielste they were to gether one Thomas Morrys of Winterton marshall unto the Admyrall Courte cam thether and seid unto them, what will you doe withe the Fishe that is caste up. they answered we will goe downe together & make it sure bothe for the Quene and the Lorde that y^{el} to whome the right therof belongethe maye have it. They goinge downe together caryed wth them a rope and a stake and willed the seid Morrys as marshall to tye the rope unto the fishes tail for the Quene and they woulde dryve downe the stake for the Lorde and soe agreinge they did.

Robte. Tompson ² marke Robt. Taylor.

The same daye Thomas Morrys procured Willm. Bullocke of Winterton wth his carte to fetche away the seid fyshe but when he sawe ytit laye wthin Hemesbie boundes he woulde not medle with it.

Willm. Bullocke

The 23. of November beinge Sunday after evening praire ye foresaid Henry Smyth Baleife to the Lorde of the same manor with Robte. Tompson Robte. Taylor James Smithe Roger Warnes, John Cobb and Robte. Medleton went downe to the seaside and beinge

¹ On the attainder of the Duke of Norfolk, in 1572, Hemsby was secured with other manors by the Crown. It passed to Sir Nicholas Bacon and, on his death, to Nathaniel.

2 His mark.

there together the seid Henry willed the other parties to prise the Fishe as well for the Quene as the Lorde ytthey to whome the righte belonged mighte have the value therof beinge putrified and soe agreing together the prised the same at xx⁸.

Robte. Tompson¹ Robt. Tayler James Smithe¹ Roger Warnes John Cobb Robte, Medleton

The 24. of November beinge Munday the above named Thomas Morrys cominge to the foreseid Henry Smithe beinge at the seaseid chalenged the seid fishe to whome he answerede yf he beinge a poore man woulde lay in bonde with a suretie to answere the value therof either to the Quene or the Lorde of the manor he shoulde have it but the seide Thomas refused in the presence of Robte. Thompson and Robte. Midleton 1

The same daye in the afternone one Richard Skynner of Yearmouthe shomaker cam to see the fishe and he offered for it xxiijs iiijd to be delivered at Yermouth iiij myles distant from the place where it laye. Then the forenamed John Cobb said he woulde give xxs for it where it laye wth this condicon that he mighte paye the monye to the Quene or to the Lorde yf it shold be due unto him and soe agreinge he boughte it in the presence of James Smythe¹ and Robte. Thompson¹

The laste of November beinge Sunday Henry Smithe and John Cobb were arested by the foreseid marshall to appeare at the Admyrall Courte holden at Caster the ij of December and for the areste the marshall had ij^s iiij^d a pece.

The ij of December Henry Smithe and John Cobb appeared and offered unto the Judge of the Courte the foreseid some of xx^8 the price of the fishe, but he woulde not accepte it, but asked the seid Henry whether he woulde travis Lawe againste the Jurye or paye five poundes uppon the 17 of Januarye nexte followinge excepte he coulde shewe cause to the contrary and soe bounde the seid Henry in x^{11} by recognisance to paye the seid some of five poundes at the daye appointed. The Judge alsoe bounde the foreseid John Cobb

¹ Their marks.

to appeare at Norwch the 17. of Januarye to undergo the lawe and he had of them ijs vjd a pece.

Robt. Taylor James Smythe¹

Roger Warnes John Cobb

The 17. of Januarye the foreseid Henry Smithe and John Cobb appeared. The Judge then demanded of the seid Henry the foreseid some of five poundes the w^{ch} monye the seid Henry was unwillinge to pay because he woulde not be satisfied wth lesse. The Judge then presently made a mittimus and delivered it unto the Jaylor takeing for his fee ij^s vj^d. The five poundes at the laste beinge paid the seid Henry was discharged payinge for his discharge the some of viij^s. At this courte also the foreseid John Cobb was bounde againe by recognisance to paye the foreseid some of xx^s the price of ye foreseid fishe uppon the xxj of Februarye nexte followinge.

Robte. Thompson² James Smythe² Robt. Tayler

Robte. Tompson, Robte. Taylor, James Smithe and Roger Warnes were arested by the foreseid marshall takinge for his fee ijs iiijd a pece, to appeare at the Admirall Courte holden at Norwch the 17. of Januarye. They then and there appeareinge were bounde by recognisance to appeare againe the xxj of Februarye to answere to suche Articles as shoulde be objected againste them and they paide for their recognisance ijs xd a pece.

The xxj of Februarye the above named John Cobb wth the reste aboveseid appeared. The Judge then demanded of the seid John the foreseid some of xx⁸ the price of the foreseid fishe the wch beinge paide he was dismissed and paid for his discharge the some of viij⁸. nothinge was objected against the reste but only asked what they had to do to deale wth the fishe. The aboveseid Robte. Taylor in the name of the reste answered that they dealte as well for the Quene as the Lorde and soe the other affirmed the same. The Judge then dismissed them payinge for their dischardge the some of viij⁸ a pece.

³Fees set downe under the Regrs. hand & unjustly extorted of everie man upon his dismission, viz. for the warrant ij⁸ viij^d for Articles iij⁸ iiij^d for the examiners fee xviij^d & for there dismission

¹ His mark.

² Their marks.

³ Remainder of this document is in handwriting of Nath. Bacon.

viij^{d1} No articles were drawen, nor examinacons taken otherwise then by open demaunde made by the Judge in ye cort as before.

Endorsed: For Mr Nathaniel Bacon in causa Admiralitatis.

21 Nov. 1600

The same daie Robt. Tompson went downe to the sea side being appoynted to looke to the sea-wreck, and there founde a fishe called (as they saie) a Grampoys.

The 22th of Noveb. the said Robt. Tompson called one Robt. Tailor a tenant likewise who went downe wth him to the sea side. And being there togither Tho. Morrys the Adlls Marshall came to them and asked what thei meant to do wth the fishe unto whom thei answered That thei would make sure the fishe aswell for the Queene as the Lord. That thei might have it to whome it belonged. And therupon all of them went togither And by agreement made the fishe sure fastening it wth a rope unto a stake w^{ch} thei did drive downe. The marshall fastening the fishes Taile to the rope. And thei drove downe the stake.

Rob. Tompson. Rob. Tailor.

The same daie Thomas Morrys procured Willm. Bullock of Wynterton wth his carte to have fetched awaie the fishe. But he seeing it laid upon Hemisby boundes refused to medle wth it.

W. Bullock.

The 23 Noveb. Henry Smith the Lordes Bailiff caused Robt. Thomson, Robt. Tailor, James Smith, Roger Warnes, John Cobb, & Robert Midleton, Tenants &c to prise the said fishe w^{ch} thei upon view prised at xx⁸ Saying to them, that the value should be aunswerd either to the Queene or the L. to whom it belonged.

Rob. Tompson.
Ro. Tailor.
James Smith
Rob. Midleton.

The 29. Noveb. ye said Morrys came and challidndged the fishe of Henry Smith unto whome Smith aunswerd, that for that he was a poore man if he would put in security to aunsw^r the value to whome

¹ This should be 8s.

it should fall out to belonge ye fishe should be deliverd him. w^{ch} Morrys refused to do.

Rob. Tompson. Rob. Midltton

The same daie in the afternoone one Richard Skynner of Yarmouth came to see the fishe and he offered for it xxiij⁸ iiij^d to be delivered at Yarmouth being 4 miles of. Wherupon John Cobb offering xx⁸ for it, and to take it where it laie. Ye fishe was sold him wth this condicon that he should paie xx⁸ either to ther Queene or the Lord, to whom it should be due.

James Smith. Robt. Tompson.

The last of Noveb. being Sondaie Hen. Smith & Jo. Cobb were arrested by the said Morrys to appere at the Ad¹¹ Cort holden 2. Deceb. And p^d ij^s iiij^d a pece upon tharrest.

The 2. of Deceb. ye said Hen. Smith & Jo. Cobbe appeared & offered unto the Judge of ye Cort the foresaid Some of xx⁸ the price of the fishe but he would not accept it but asked the said Henry whither he would traverse lawe against the Jurye or paie v¹¹ upon the 17. of Jan. following except he could shew cause to the contrary. And so bounde ye said Henry in x¹¹ by recognisance to paie the said Some of v¹¹ at the daie appoynted. The Judge also bounde ye said Cobbe to appeare at the said daie to undergo the lawe. And he had of them ij⁸ vj⁴ a pece.

Rob. Tailor James Smith Roger Warnes Jo. Cobbe

The 17. of Jan. Henry Smith & Jo. Cobbe appeared. The Judge then demaunded of the said Henry ye said v¹¹. And H. Smith making some refusall the Judge comytted him to a marshall. Wherupon he paid the v¹¹ & ij⁸ vj^d to the marshall for his fee. At this cort Cobb was agayne bounde by recognisance to paie the xx⁸ in the next Cort.

Rob. Tomson Rob^t Tailo^r James Smith Rob. Tompson, Rob. Tailor, Ja. Smith & Roger Warnes wer also arrested by the marshall to appere 17. Jan. at Norw^{ch} paying upon tharrest ij^s iiij^d a peece. Upon their apperance thei wer bound agayne to appeare 21 Febr. to aunsw^r to such matters as should be objected &c paying ij^s x^d a peec.

The 21. Febr. Jo. Cobb, Rob. Tomson, Rob. Tailor, Ja. Smith&Rob. Midleton & Roger Warnes appeared. The sd Cobb pd his xxs for the fishe And the rest were onely asked what thei had to do to deale wth the sd fishe. Wherunto Rob. Tomson in the name of the rest aunswered That thei dealt as well for the Queene as the Lord. Wherupon the Judge dismissed them. paying viijs a peece for their fees. And Henry Smith pd also viijs for his discharge.

Endorsed: Remebr. touching Hemisby tennts & d. Burman

Noveb. 1600.

Sr. I have this daye harde the cause betwixte doctor Burman and yor tenauntes, all parties for the moste parte, beinge presente. I fynde some oversyght committed by Smythe in confessinge the indictmente presented by the Jurie againste hym, wen gyvethe in lawe a greate advantage to the other syde, and they take yt accordinglie. Thee man dyd yt in simplicitie and ignorance, and soe toulde doctor Burman and therfor the thinge not to be pressed againste hym, contrarie to truethe and equitie. One other pointe urged by them ys the value of the fishe, wen they affirme to be twentie markes, or at the leaste x11. This matter in deede, ys to be well consydered whearin, I am not nor could not be, by any of thee parties that I have yet harde fullie resolved. I will seeke to be thoroughlie informed hearin and therfor have made staye of takeinge any order hearin, untill the ende of the nexte terme. Doctor Burman goethe presentlie uppe to London, and returneth not, before the terme ended, weh was the cause of this staye. He seemethe to be desyrous of a full peace wth yor worshippe bothe in this and other matters in difference betwixte yor wpps and hym, as for certeine wreckes as he saithe, wen you have taken to the wen he maketh claime, in righte of the Admiraltie, hee offrethe to abide the order of any ij or iij of sufficiente skill & learninge, in all matters whatsoever dependinge in controversie betwixte you, that a purfecte quietnes myghte ensue not onely for this presente, but in future tymes allsoe. I am desyrous to conferre wth yor wpp in theese matters, and yf yor occasions bee not to come to Norwyche before I

will in my nexte jornie to Holte (w^{ch} shalbe the Mondaye or Tuesdaye nexte before mydsomer) take occasion to see yo^r w^{ppe} at Styfkey yf I maye learne that you shalbe then at home. I cesse for thys tyme to be farther troublesom to yo^r wo^rshippe wth theese rude lines scribbled wth myne owne hande for that I would not imparte theese conteentes to any but to yo^r w^{pp} and soe wth the remembrance of my duetifull commendacons to yo^r w^{ppe} I ende.

Norwyche the iiijth of June 1601

Yor worshippes allwaies to be used Walter Hawghr

Endorsed: W. Haughes Ire. Jun. 1601.

To the Right Worshipfull Nathaniel Bacon Esq one of Hir Ma^{tles} Justices of peace wthin this countie of Norff, geve these at Stiffkeye.

Sr I am bolde to offer unto you a complaynt against D. Burman Judge of the Ad^{II} cortes in Norff. And his abuse I will sett downe leaving it to yor wisdome to censure therof either by rebuking him or otherwise as it shall seeme good unto you. There was the last wynter cast up wthin a mano^r of myne in Norff. called Hemisby (In w^{ch} I have alwaies had libertie of wreck) a fishe called a Grampoys w^{ch} is a growen porpoys. And my bailiff & tenantes upon the finding of it (there being some doubt whither the same appertayned to ye Ad¹¹ or to me) togither wth a marshall of thad^{tle} making challendge to the same, made faste the fishe, to be preserved to his use that should have right unto it. And the fishe growing to decaye by putrifaccon my bailiff, to make some profitt of it, after he had caused it to be prised by the tenantes sold the same for the best price that could be gotten, ordring the money to remayne in the parties hands that bought it, untill it were knowen who in right should have the same. D. Burman for this caused my bailiff to be arrested to his cort. and my Bailiff appearing & opening to him the maner of the proceeding by him & the tenantes as before and offering him ye price of the fishe (as myself had directed him) the Judge notwth standing set a fyne of fyve poundes on his heade for medling wth the fishe and bound him by recognisance to be at his next cort & ther to paie the same fyne w^{ch} my bailiff paid at the next cort after he had ben comytted for refusing it. The Judge also caused him that bought the fishe to paie in the xx8 being ye price therof after he had bounde him to appere & attend severall cort daies. And divers of my

¹ Nathaniel's natural history is here at fault. It is of the genus Dolphin, a species of toothed whale.

tenantes he caused to be arrested likewise & to appear before him. for no other cause, but for medling wth the fishe in saving it & prising as above. By wen proceeding besides the trouble & hindraunce to the poore men in travelling & attending my charges by the fyne & fees of the cort grew to above x^{li}. I was advised to have endicted him of extortion: I forbare to do it because he was a Judge of Cort. I dare avowe that he is a man most unmeete to be a Judge both in regard ot his indiscretion & otherwise also. And by this his proceeding wth me yt maie be discerned how he hath dealt wth a nomber of poore men who have been grieved by him. I have thought good to enclosse that w^{ch} ye particler witnesses will justifye if it may please you to peruse it. And if the D. shall alledge as he hath to some that the fishe was of better price, yt is a very untrueth for the same was valewed to the uttermost as hath appeared synce by the profitt made of it. Thus referring the consideracon herof to vor wisedome & comending you to the favor of God, I take my leave.1

Endorsed: Cop. lre. ye 14. Nov. 601 conc. d. Burmans pc. at Hemsby.

Sr. The liberties of the duchie in Norff. in regard of wreck & groundage for goodes cast upon her Ma^{ts} inheritaunce hath ben so often impeached by the Admirall officers as I am forced to desire yor favor & helpe for the redresse therof And have given direccon to this bearer Mr Reeve to enfourme you of some particularityes lately happened And if it shall please you to allowe of it he shall cause a bill to be drawen & exhibited into the Duchie Chamber against thes Breakers of the liberties That it maie be judged upon whither thei have don that thei ought to doe. There are no goodes cast up as wreck wthin her Ma^{ts} Mannors parcell of the duchie but the Admirall officers wilbe medling therwth or otherwise threaten them who preserve the goodes so as men dare hardly either save ye goodes or meddle wth them when thei be saved. Thus comending you to the favor of Almightie God I take my leave. From Stifkey this 26th of January. 160r

Yor verie assured frynde²

Endorsed: Cop of a lre to Mr Attorney of the Duchie Jan. 60r.

¹ N. Bacon's handwriting.

² N. Bacon's handwriting.

Articles exhibited against Doctor Burman.

r. Imprimis wheras in Februari 1599 there was certain course wooles wth the agreement of the oficers of the custom house of Lynn laden into the shipp of John Spence and Thomas Dyson upon hope that license should have bene obtained, and agreed nevertheles that if it might not be obtained the same should be unladen again there in the port. Robart Parker Marshall unto Doctor Burman by the Doctor his instigation did sease the same and the shipp as confiscate and after by color therof did take xx¹¹ for the dischardg and also on Sharp the Register of the said Doctor Burmans court did take xxxj⁸ for the dischardg of the matter. The said Shipp lying in harbour and not offering to remove before order geven.

2. Item The said Doctor caused a small vesell in the haven of Kinges Lynn belonging to on Willm. Plane to be seased for that as he pretended ther was corne and beare caried away in her and arresting the said Plane by his marshall into his court at Lynn made

composition with him himself alone.

3. Item John Grene² a Trader in Lynn havin bartered corne for wine wth a Duchman, paid strangers custome for the same. The said Duchman owing certain money to Greene by accompt, he did send an Inglishman with the stranger to receive the same. For this Doctor Burmane caused Grene to be arrest into his court at Lynn holden by himself pretended that all the said Grenes goods were confiscate and although the said Grene offered to prove her Majesties custom satisfied yet [he] could not be dischardged before he paid xx¹¹ and then he was releas[ed].

4. Item the said Doctor tooke upon him when the restraint was, by the right Honorable the Lord high Treasurer of Ingland to geve license to Grene and Hutchinson of the coast to cary corne to New-

castell and took money for the same.

5. Item the said Doctor draweth into his court actiones of debt and presentments for mariners wages where the retainer and contracte were within the towne, and also possesseth his courte of actiones of accomptes betwen marchant and marchant for goods received upon the Land touching marchandiz.

The 14th of January 1600

John Atkyn³ of Lynne beinge arrested by an Admirall proces to

¹ Wm. Plane, Merchant (P) 1586-7. Sworn a second time as freeman of Lynn 1595-6. Freemen of Lynn, Norff. and Norwich Arch. Soc., 1913.

² John Grene, brewer (P) 1575-6. *Id.* ³ John Atkyn, mercer (P), 1584-5. He was Mayor of Lynn, 1607-8 and 1615-6. *Id.* Papers relating to the mal-adminis tration of Dr Burman, Judge of the Admiralty Court at Lynn.

apere att the Sessons att the Citye of Norwch the daye above havinge made his aparrance desvered the Judge of the Courte Doctor Burman to lett him understande for what cause he was to apere there at the Sessions And he Answered for transportinge of Corne And I towld him I dyde not transporte wthout good lycence, saying that there was a generall Lycence granted to the whole Countye by the nobyllytye under dyvers of there honors handes for owr warrante w^{ch} I doupted not but y^t it was a sufficent Attortyty doinge owr dutyes in the Custome howse & paying the Quenes Customes wen there honors dyde sett downe, looked to be therewth discharged wthout any furder troble. And Doctor Burman sayde that none myght be transported by the Lawe shewinge me a statute or tooe for it And excepte the Lycence were granted under the greate Seale of England and the Kinges or the Quenes hande to it. I answered yf it hade pleased those Noble men whoe gave it under there handes thay might have granted it under the great Seale & procured hir Maties hande to it. Allso I desyered him to take knowledge of that warrante Certifinge hym that he myght se it in the Custome howse att Lynn. And allso I desvered him to take knowledge that Lynn men were previledged by there Charters to answere ther causes at Lynn & not to be drawne out of the towne & libertyes weh preveledge the Right Honerable Lord Charles Howarde hye Admirall of Englonde hath ratified and allowed as may appere under his honers hande & Seale of Armes sente to Lynn beringe date the 15th of Febr 1596 w^{ch} letters I offered him to shewe the copye therof unto him whoe answered he knew the letter well and sayde it would not serve our turne, but that he might notwthstandinge drawe us out of Lynn to Norwch finding faulte wth my behavour & saying that Lynn men were disordered fellowes. And further he sayde that the Mayor of Lynn¹ came to the Admirall Courte at Lynn & behaved himselfe unmannerly lyke himselfe weh he sayde yf my Lord Admirall knewe of his behavor, he would clape him fast by the heles. And so lefte speche of hym & Mr Sharpe redinge parte of the Commission to me he willed him to rede noe more of it saiinge it was a vayne thinge so to doe. And I tooke my Leve of them. Ther were then present Selvester Towers & others

By me John Atkyn

Endorsed: Kings Lynn Case of John Atkins 14 Jan: 1600.

¹ The mayor for 1600-1 was Wm. Gurlyn; Id.: see also paper dated Dec. 19, 1601.

These shalbe to will and requir yow and everye of yow that shall have to doe wthin the Queens Matles Jurisdiction of the Admyraltye to me by hir highnes committed That from henceforth yow doe not serve or execute or cause to be executed or served enve Warrant or other processe uppon enye person or persons of the Towne of Kynges Lenne or enve other winin the sayd Towne or libertyes thereof for enve trespasse Contracte debt detinowe or other causes made or done wthin the liberties & Bowndes of the same Towne or the precinct therof hereafter to happen or aryse wthin the sd Towne of Lynne or the liberties thereof viz Betweane St Edmundes Nesse which is the outwarde Bounde of the sayd Towne of Lynne to the Seawarde of the Easte parte, of the wauter, and soe by Longe Sande and then by Whitinge Sande, and soe by that Channell thoroughe oute the streame of the Towne of Weste Lynne and then thoroughe oute the Streame unto Staple Ware which is the Weste Boundes mentioned in the Charters of the sayd Towne (except onlye for Pyracye, or accessory to Pyracie). And for the maynetenance of the sayd Towne of Lynne lyinge neare the Sea and for other considerations me movinge I ame fully contented & do hereby assent yt the maior & Burgesses of the sayd Towne of Kynges Lynne & ther Successors shall and maye from henceforth dewringe the tyme that I shall have continuance in the said office have take and enjoye to ther owne uses wthout anie Accompt Reckonyinge or Allowance to be by me or enve my officers or deputies made all and all manner of profittes Commodities Advantages and other thinges whatsoever which shall ryse or growe wthin the water or seas as farr as the said Liberty and precinctes of the same Towne doe Reacthe and goe, Royal fiches goodes Chattels of Pyrottes or taken by Pyrottes and ther Accessoryes not beinge Inhabitantes of the said Towne of Lynne and the precinctes therof Allwayes excepted and reserved to the said Lord Admirall.

And also that yow shall not intermeddle to infringe the lawfull liberties and allsoe yf yow make or direct enie precept or processe in anie other cause or matter not doone growinge or Rysinge wthin the same precinctes or Liberties egainst enie person or persons beinge or dwellinge wthin the said Towne or the precinctes or liberties of the same. That then yow shall direct the same to be served by the maior of the sayd Towne for the tyme beinge or his officers. And not to intermeddle wth serving of processe ther Except it be uppon the wilful default of the said maior or his officers for the tyme beinge. And these letters signed by my hand sealed wth my Seale of Armes

p

shalbe a sufficient warrant to the maior and Burgesses of Kinges Lenne to enjoye the Benefitt herein conteyned and the sight and knowledge therof shalbe allsoe a sufficient warrant to cause you to obeye the contentes hereof. Dated the 15th daye of Februarye Ano Dni 1596 & in the xxxix^{tle} yere of the Raign of our most gratious Soveraign Lady Elizabeth by the grace of god of England France and Ireland Queene defendor of the Fayth

C. Howard

To all officers Within the Jurisdiction Admirald. Endorsed: Kings Lynn, Lord Admirals statement of immunities of Town, February 15, 1596.

My humble dutie remembred unto yor L. It pleased yor Ho. not longe synce to direct yor Lre. to Mr Justice Gawdy¹ & my self for or examining certayn Complayntes made by the men of Lynne towne wthin the Countie of Norff. against M^r Doctor Burman Judge of the Adtie wthin the same Countie, And wee did meete herabout, and have certefied yor ho, what wee did therin. Synce I have thought it a parte of my dutie to advertise yor Lo., that the like proceeding to ytwch is used now by D. Burman for serving proces & fyneng men upon certayn penall statutes, hath ben before this tyme called in question by such as then served her Matle in the place of Authority weh yor L. doth now, so as it maie seeme the lesse strange to anie to have this reformed. For about 17 yeares past Sr W. Heydon was vic Adll for Norff. by ye like comission, And there was then one Nichas. Pomfrett of Welles & Chrofer. Newgate of Cley called in question in the Ad¹¹ Cort for Transporting beyonde the seas certayn corne out of Welles haven in Norff. And the sd. Pomfrett & Newgate did complayne therof to the last L. Trer. of England, who called Sr W. Heydon before him, and threatned to set a fyne of C^{II} upon his head in the Exchequor, if he did procede, And so the said Pomfrett & Newgate were discharged. Besides about the same tyme one Jacques Wallwyn a stranger was sued in the same Cort of Adtie, and xxti Chaldern of Coales, w^{ch} were loaden at Newcastell & brought by the said stranger to Cley in a strangers bottome contrary to the Statute, were seised. And the sd. Jacques Wallwyn did offer a Supplicant to the L. Trer, wherupon Sr W. Heydon had a Cli set upon his head in the exchequor. And the stranger discharged out of the Adll Cort,

¹ Sir Francis Gawdy, Lord Chief Justice, see p. 78, note 3.

And his Coales delivered agayne, And though the fyne of the C¹¹ was mittigated, yet it is said that some parte therof was aunswered, And this, w^{ch} I have set downe, will be testefied by Chrofer Newgate, who is a man verie honest, of good substance, and yet living, And if it please yo^r L. to give direcon for inquiry to be made, it maie be that some remembrance of this proceding maie be founde in the Exchequo^r.

I am further to certefie yor ho: that this Do. Burman urgeth men weh passe from porte to porte in the realme wth anie corne, to laie in bonde before him selfe, or some inferior officer of his, thatt they shall unloade the same at the porte assigned, and bringe a certeficate back therof unto him, and this hath allwaies bene accustomed to be performed by the officers of the Custome house, And to drive the marchant or trader by sea, who often is a pore man, to his chardge and troble, as to enter doble bondes, is a thinge greivous unto them, And I leave it to yor ho: wisdome to be considered upon if it shall please you to holde it convenient that anie redresse therin be geven. Thus I humbly take my leave

Yor ho: at Comaundem^{t1}

Endorsed: Cop. lre to my L. Trer. touchinge Do. Burman 24 Aprill 1601.²

Lenne Reges in xixº die Decembris Anno Eliz R^{nle} xliijº Com. Norff.

This present daye uppon a speacth delivered unto Mr D. Boureman by William Gurlyn gente then maior of this Towne att the Admyrall Court holden ther in St Georges Hall in the behalf of the Towne and Libertie thereof; Mr Maior then acquaintinge Mr D. Boureman that they of these Towne of Lynne longe before this tyme had receaved the R. honorable the LL. Admiralles letters in the behalf of the mayntenance of ther Liberties and that none of his officers for the Admiraltye shold enye waye infringe the same, Mr Maior hereuppon prayinge that accordinge to his Honorable direction by the said Letters, that Mr D. Boureman wold not intermeddle wthin the sayd Liberties to infringe them but that they might Enjoye the Benefitt of his Honors direction in that behalf: And offered the Coppye of the

² In Nathaniel Bacon's handwriting.

¹ On June 30, 1601, Broadhurst replies to Mr Justice Gawdy and Mr Nathaniel Bacon. The matter has been postponed owing to his inability to confer with the Lord Admiral. He instructs them in the meantime to examine Dr Burman and the plaintiffs. B.M., Stow 150, fol. 161.

sayd Letters yf soe ytt pleased MrD. to Accept of yt to be vewed and Considered of by hymsealfe, or otherwyse to be publicklye Redd' MrD. Boureman awnswered, That he knewe of them verye well cavut (sic) as well as he. But my L. had nothing to doe to grant theme for that the Queens Mtle had granted them before: And that he had a Coppye of them. And sayd further: viz: I knowe verye well that they ar my L Admiralles Letters, But what my L. granted in the Fore None he wolde undoe in the After none. And that he did sett ther att that tyme a Justice of Peace and Luorum by hir Matles Commission of Quor. & Terminor under the greate Seale of England directed unto hym for matters of forestallinge & Regratinge. m. thatt none satt wth hym uppon the Bencth

Testified by Robert Buneinge W^m Holcroste W^m Ditcher John Codlynne John Beane John Spicer Edward Water William Dryver John Keye Martyn Bacon William Tompson Peter Bright and others.

Lene Reges in Xxijo die Januarij Anno Regni dne. nre. Elizabethe Com. Norff
Coram Ville Anglie xliijo
Willmo. Gurlyn gen. maiore ville pre.
Thoma Sandyll geno Burgo pd. conser-yand &c

This present daye the Compl^{tes} whose names ar underwrytten Appearinge before us Complayned; That Mr Doctor Boureman Judge for the Admyraltye win this Countye of Norff. Callinge the sayd Compl^{tes} beinge Seafaringe men & inhabitinge wthin this Towne of Lynne before hym att the Last Court caused them to be ympanelled and sworne uppon the Jurye. And after the Charge the Compltes presented in wrytinge a Bludd drafte Committed att Sea, which verdict they these Compl^{tes} delivered unto Mr Doctor Bourmans hand whoe redd ytt, and threwe it from hym unto one Sharpe his Register, which said Sharpe tore the same in peeces in the Face of the Court. The sayd Mr D. Boureman further thretninge those Compl^{tes} that yf they wold not make a better veredicte, and find certeyne matters that he wold Enforme them of whicth he Redd unto them in a peace of Paper, he wold finde the said Compltes perjured and bind them over to appeare before the Lddes of the Counsayle att London Whicth matters did Concerne the Towne of Lynne and the liberties thereof.

Edward Walker, Peter Moore, W^m Dryver, John Spicer, Edward Water, John Peterson, Peter Bright, Richard Whalle, Nicolas Wylliams, William Browne, Thomas Hilson, Martynne Bacon, W^m Tompson, John Keye, Antonye Hodgson.

It may please yor Lo: to be advertised, that yor lre. of the 20th of Febr. past procured by D. Burman (as it seemeth) was delivered unto me for the stay of my proceeding in a Tryall to have ben had by mee at the Assis last in Norff. against one Warnes & Harrison touching goodes by them taken up as wreck wthin my Manor of Hemisby wch I clayme by prescripcon. And though yor L. lre. was not delivered unto me untill I had caused the Jury to be warned (wherin my charge might have ben spared) Yet I have yealded that respect unto yor Ho: as I then stayed my Tryall And have also according to vor direction sent up my Cort Rolles to prove my prescripcon weh shall for yo^r L. more satisfaccon be shewed to S^r Tho: Crompton. And if it hath ben informed yor L. (as it appereth by yor Lre. to be) that I clayme anie flotson or such like founde in the sea¹ thei do not rightly informe. But I beseech yor Lo: that you will be pleased to inquier of some (whome you dare trust) touching this D. Burman: for the man will not spare to serve his owne Turne to do a wronge either by informacon or otherwise. And I have had longe Tryall of him. If yor L. were informed that or Iseland men were gon to sea at or Asses last and thereby the witnesses for Warnes could not be there. Yt is so, that most of or Iseland men are now but newly put of for that voyage And some not yet out of the havens And it is more than a moneth since thasses. Thus not doubting but I shall have yor L. favor to preserve myne inheritaunce weh D. Burman doth offer to prejudice I comend yor L. to the protection of Al. God. & take my leave. Stewkey 20. Ap. 6082

Endorsed: Cop. of the lre. to ye L. Admirall. April 608
To the R. Honorable the Erle of Nottingham Lo. Admirall of England.

Broth $^{\mathbf{r}}$ Becawse I dought by some Report wheth $^{\mathbf{r}}$ you shalbe here at the next Sessyons I have therfor thought good to confer w^{th} you

¹Here the distinction is between "wreck proper" and "floating and sunken wreck." The latter would come under the care of the Admiralty Court and included flotsam, the goods of a sunken ship; jetsam, the goods cast out to lighten a ship; ligan, goods cast out with a buoy attached; and derelict or the absolute abandoning of a vessel or cargo.

² Nathaniel Bacon's handwriting.

Sir Chr. Heydon inter feres with gao delivery. towchyng our metyng togethr wth my brother Bacon about Stodye mattr. Wherein I have thought good yf you shall so lyke of yt to appoynt Tuesday in the second weke of Cleane Lent to meete about that matt^r. And therfor I requyre you to adverty se at what place you will appoynt we shalbe then there & at what hower. And I shall for my part nott fayle to be there & upon your mynde therein knowen I shall geve knowledge of this appoyntm^t to my broth^r Bacon. Newes here be none, but for Contrye newes I fynde here that one Skeet beyng commytt by Sr Xpofer Haydon to Aylsham new erected Jayle & upon the Byshops warrant sent to the new Jaylor there for the bryngyng hym to Norwch to be here examyned upon certen felonyes wherof he ys accused by a pryson^r here in duresse. new Jaylor dyd make awnsw^r that he was commanded by S^r Xpofer not to delyver hym to any wch thyng semyng very contemptuowse & for the delaye of his examynacyon very inconvenyent by reason that thereby many notoryouse horsestealers weh are to be detected may escape. Therfor my L. Byshop & I have joyned in a warrant to M^r high Sheryfe that he shuld presently bryng before us the same Skeet to be exemyned upon the felonyes whereof he vs impeched wch warrant we made this night & to morrow Mr Sheryve meaneth in person to repayre thith & wth force to bryng hym from Aylesham. Whomsoever he fyndeth to denye the same & suerly will wth Posse Comitatus fetche hym from this new erected pryson to morrow weh I have thought good to shew you of least that upon some soden newes thereof wen may Ronne to your neyghbers eares that you shuld not marvell at any great mattr. My brothr Wodhowse doth not know hereof, and therfor you shall not need speke much of yt to hym till further fame of yt be blowen to you. I wold be glad to see you here at the Sessyons for these thynges may have furthr dyscourse then. It is to be marveled at that Sr Xpof. Haydon whatsoever mynd he hath to this new Jayle that he will in soch a case of Justice command the resystans of Lawfull Authorytie And so leavyng furth^r to troble you I wyshe you well this xixth of Februarye A. 1576. Commend me to your wyfe for myne comendeth her to you both.

The sale of Eccles: the submission of Mr Harward: Aylsham gaol: Recusants indighted.

Yr very assured Fraunces Wyndam.

I have according to your Letters talked both w^{th} M^r Nonne & M^r Dobbes touchyng the sale of Eccles. And as Daverner can shew you from me I fynd that M^r Dobbes though he be not willynge to

deale wth the purchase because he fyndeth hym selfe not certenly able to kepe towche wth you nor my Lord for short paymt yet upon my urgyng hym to spetyallytyes of paymtes I fynde as I understand hym that he wilbe brought to paye your price of xvijeli this forme vidz 50011 downe or wthin convenyent tyme aftr & 50011 that ... oneth & 500li wthin a yere after & the rest wthin one othr yere I urged ... 700ll within the second yere and I found hym not greatly to sty . . . in case he perceyved hym selfe able as becawse he depended upon other . . . paym^t to hym he dowted & this was the certentest resolutyon I cowld gett of hym. I shewed hym that he must loke to yt betymes for I fryd¹ otherwyse some nevghbours there wold loke aftr yt, he named streight Mr Lovell. I wold not acknowledge yt but he semed very willyng yf eythr he or Mr Basshyngbourne Gawdee wold deale wth yt. All this I shewed to S. Nonne who semeth very lothe that Dobbes shuld have yt because he thynketh he will deale streyghtlye wth the Tenantes & hymselfe ys a fermor & he wold be loth to have soch a landlorde, but for divers respectes I perceyve by hym that he wold advance one Chamberlayne to the purchase of yt who he sayeth will pay yt in shorter tyme & I shewed hym that at my comyng fro Norwch the Cyty here wch shuld enable hym to bye that by sellyng to them owne landes was not in any possybylytye lyke to go on wth yt for so indede I found by them upon some occasyon that they ment not & therfor I wyshed hym not to hope to moch of hym but rorthr to assaye Mr Lovell whom I perceyved that he dyd not geve any great care of becawse he had soch an eye to this Chamberlayne yet Nonne sayd that he had hurd that the matche betwene the sytye & hym was lyke to go forward. And inded so I have understanded synce my retorne from Thetford wherfor I beleve you shall shortly here that wave of hym yf not Dobbes maybe delt wth.

Towchyng newes at our assises the chyefest matt^r of weight ys that the Justyces of Assise the night before the endyng of the Assyse dyd receyve letters from the Cownsell towchyng thexamynacyon of Harward mysdemeanors & Harward² beyng then in the Towne was commanded to staye theyr pleasure & so were all soch Justices as were then in the Towne, wen were my Cosyn Paston, Mr Doylye, my ... Towneshend Mr R. Wodhowse & my selfe. I was app ... man to report the mysdemean^r & the hoall actyon & perc ... partyes at the Assises. Wen beyng done Mr Harward cowld ... ye

^{1?} Feared.

²See N.Q., ii, 122.

any Thynge but added some more harder wordes weh proceded from Mr Sherve wch I remembed not. The Justyces of Assises shewed theyre opynion in the matt^r & dyd uterly condempne the abuse of so publyque an offycer & fownd great fawlt wth hym And sayd that they were appoynted by the Letters to compound the cause & take soch order therein as they thought good orelles yf that were by the partyes refused that then they shuld bothe attend upon the Cownsell. Harward waxed very humble & full of Submission even from the begynuyng desyryng Mr Sheryves good will & that yf ever he cowld deserve yt he shuld fynde hym readye to acquyte yt but in conclusion the Justyces toke this order that he shuld at the next Sessyons in the place where he . . . ered the mysdemeanor publy quely submytt hym selfe to Mr Shervve shewyng that he was sorry that he had so rashely mysdemeaned hym selfe & requyred Mr Sheryves good will from henceforthe, wch Mr Sheryve dyd not onely promesse then to grant but gave hym his hande before the Justyces in token thereof then this beyng done. Mr Attourney & my L. Chyefe Justyce beyng present dyd aske us our opinion for the Jayle at Aylesham. We all dyd thynke yt unnecessarye & so semed the Justyces but no resolutyon while I was there dyd they fall to, other then that the baylyffe ought to delyver all the prisoners to the Sheryve before the retorne of the wryttes in soch sort as the Sheryve may have hym to retorne the prysener wth his proces & for flous (?) yt semed not to be any prison fytt for that purpos but yt was left rawely whilest I was there as methought. Towchyng Fenton he was indyghted upon some of the artycles weh Sr Xpofer Haydon dyd examyn hym but he denyed those artycles as thynges he did not then so awnswer unto yt whereupon notwthstandyng that Fenton had hym selfe subscrybed unto & Sr Xpofer Haydon Lykewyse & also the Byhop dyd subscrybe that he confessed them before hym. Yet the Justyces dyd respyt his Tryall till Norwch Assises next. His baylm^t at the last sessyons I perceyved by speche of my Lord that there was some advertysem^t geven hym of yt & he did openly there pronownce of his myslykyng of yt Mr Hastett then standyng by but becawse my Lord understanding by me that those articles were not redd openly at the Sessyons whereby the Justices then there present had no understandyng of yt my L. was satysfyed. Otherwyse he myslyked moch of yt. I shewed Mr Hastett afterward that yt had bene an easy matt^r to have brought hym over. He began to recant saying that yf he had knowen of the Artycles he wold not have delt in the bayllyng of hym. Sr Xpofer came not to the Assises nor his Sonne by reason of the sicknes of my owld Ladye Haydon though he were wth in x or xij myles of Thetford.

I pray you helpe me to make a matche wth Sr Tho Greshams officers for the byeng of 160 okes to be chosen by me groweng in Westacre & also two or thre hundred loade of frestone there or at Eastlorne (?). Eyther gett me a prefermt orelles a certen pryce. they sell the stone at xxd the loade yt ys told me that the Trees be worth yjs viijd one wth an oth. Staye yt for me yf you thynke good not to conclude wth them. Other newes there be none but that Skelt was indyghted agayne at the last Assises of Stealyng of more horses but I can not tell by whose . . . There were inyghted for not comyng to Churche ye . . . Lovell & Hurleston Mr Lovell & his wyfe one . . . one & Bradocke & his wyfe. It ys certenly reported that Mr Srycot Loveles ys deade synce he come owt of his cyrcuyte. My wyfe commendeth her to you & your wyfe & remembr me also to her. Fare you well this xxviijth of Mrche 1577

Your very Assured

Fraunces Wyndam

My L. keepers hand was to the Lett's sent to the Justices towchyng Harward wherby we may lerne that he ys well & at the court

Endorsed: To my lovinge brother Nathaniell Bacon at Cockethorpe, these with speed.

Newes here are few butt ythe Bysshop of Yorke ys lately deceased synce the Bysshop of Wynchester dyed. The comyng of Monsh is sometyme hott sometyme cold though the most of the courtyers promysse his comyng & provyde (as they canne) to fytt them theragaynst wth the best sylkes wth makes them deare. Her matter hath been syckly butt now (thanks be to god) well agayne. Yor manor of Hemsby ys certyfyed (as I remembr) at a marke ayere to passe in a booke for my lord Wentworth as concealed what ys the reason therof I could nott lerne butt certayne yt is yt yt ys so, wth ys the very cawse why I wryte to you at this tyme. You were best to make some stay therof at my L. Threasorers by some letter & to looke into yth betymes to avoyde troble & charges. Yf yor man or any other from you resort to me I wyll dyrect him wher to mete wth yt & to understand what ys ment by yt yt yf ther be any flawe in the tytle (as I ymagyn nowe) yt may be reconsyled. Thus wth my

Court
Rumours and
as to the
Manor of
Hemsby.

¹ Evidently Huddilston, Notes and Queries, 89.

hartye comendacons I commytt you to the tuycon of him that canne best defend yow. From St Kateryns this 12 of June 1579

Yor assuredly

Nycholas Mynne.

Endorsed: To the worshipfull Nathanyel Bacon Esquyer at Styfkey.

A Present of Game.

Sr although I can not show my thankfulnes as I would to my Lady Bartlet for hir late great favor yet I hope of hir honerabell acceptans of my willinge minde and as a token of the same I am boulde to present hir ho. wth .2. Turkyes and a Phesant .7. brace of Patriges and halfe a dosen greene plover weh I have sent by this bearar Brooke weh I humble pray hir ho. to accepte wth a fewe puddinges and linkes for a breackfast to my brother S^r Roberd your selfe and my sunn Roger I wish them worthy your eatinge. Time will not suffer me to writ to my Lady as I would for wen cause I am bould to trobell you. My children are both well I thank God but my selfe much trobled wth an extreame coulde It is so late as I am forsed to eande. The Pheasant and Patridg are very newe and Plovers as I was towld my puddinges are not so good I think as they have bene w^{ch} I am sory for but now can not healpe. So commending me very kindly unto you praying you to remember my humbell duty to my La. wth many and great thankes unto hir ho. for all hir kindneses to me and mine. My daughter and sunn hath both of them sent a leatter to my Lady. Puss hath made .2. latten verses wth hir other exercises in one daye she mackes an eand of learning at ouer Lady. I am forsed to eand unwillingly resting ever

Your most assured frinde
Ann Townshende.

This Saint Thomasses daye.

Endorsed: To my very good frinde Mr Mason at Barbican house in Lundon. 27 Decr 1601. Ann Townshend to Mr Mason at Barbican. My La: Townshende Off certain Fowles by her sent to my La: (Bartlett) Off the helthe of her 2 children. And of her doughters lerninge.

Dorothy
Bacon to her
daughter
Lady Townshend concerning pearls.

Good daughtar Tounsend I thanke y^u much for y^r cewryous token you sent me, it shall be a legesy to some I muche reckon of when I deye, Alase daughtar y^u exsept betar of my pore pese of vennesonn then it was worthy, but as it is I was glad I had powar of it to send y^u and the rest of my good frinds, G^1 daughtar I remem1? Good.

bar y^u spacke to me at Earmenland that y^u wold by y^r a chane of pearle and that yu must be behoullden to me, which was enufe to me to have had anye thinge I have, allthough my daughtar Knyvett had sayd never a word conserneng it and at anye tyme I even desier yu to frely speake to me yr selfe for ought is in my powar, and yu shall not fayell of it yf I know it maye plesuer yu, and for thes perles trewly wen you send it is one of my best chane for I have lad them together but what kind of one the other was yu had of me I have forgotten beyng so long senc I saye them, nor it makes nooe matar, but thos of my chane cost Tenne Grates a pese, but yr fathar knew but of thre shellens for I must have lost it had I not geven more mony seckretely, it was the derar becase thay wear so well sorted and for this other great perle I count thay cost me but viij⁸ a pese yt thay wear vaylyed at x8 but haveng some ode pearle among thay bare out the x8 a pese. I have not one lose pearle more out of my chane to send yu but Umpry Bennfeld hath too fayer ones of mine, that yf y will have them lickwies I will send y a letar to demand them of him when yu will have them, and for anye of my smallar sort of pearle I thinke yu nead not, and this with my love to your selfe, and God bles all ours beyond seyes and so rest ever

Your loveng mothar in law Dorothe Bacon.

Endorsed: To my very loveng daughtar the lady Tounsend thes.

According to yor desire good Madame I have sent you but a litle phisick & that very gentill. The use of it is thus. Boile in a pint of ordinary beare a litle handfull of maiden hear as much dry agrimony and 2 or 3 litle spriges of time, and some xx or xxv raisons of the sun ye stones had out & a sponefull of sweet fenell seedes. When tis boild streine it and in half a pint of this stepe all the seane and a half of a litle [1] of gingr sliced thin and all ye rubarb thin [1] a stick of cenamon brused a litle and so let it stand in hott aimers all night close covered. In the morning heat it a litle & streine it and in viij or ix sponefull of this; dissoule ye lesser half of the lenitive electuary and wring into it ye juce of half a leamon & so drink in it ye morning fasting. & two howers aftr drink thin chicken broth The next day if occasion be repeat it againe & if the first worke above vj or 7 times then interpose a day befor you take ye second & dissoule less or more of that part of ye lenitive electuary wch

A doctor's letter.

¹ Original rubbed.

mained After yor body is thus purged you may take yor scurvy grasse drink & continew ye use of it at yor being at London. How yor scurvy grasse diet is made & how it fitt you I do not knowe. But if it sortes not well wt you I will at any time give you direction how to make it or altr that wch you have as cause require. I besech god perfect & continew yor health & so wt due remembrance of myne & my wifes service to you I rest

Yor Ladiship alwaies to comand William Rant

 M^r Reve an apothicary who now comes to live at London will at all times I am suer give you direction how to make it & I have wished him to repaire unto you for that purpose.

Endorsed: To ye virtuouse & right worthy lady the Lady Towenshend at Haydon give theis, 7 April, 1619.

APPENDIX

ORDINANCE FOR SETTING WATCHES ON THE COAST OF NORFOLK.

(August 1324).

This document has already been published, from another local transcript, by Mr Walter Rye in his edition of certain State Papers Relating to Musters, Beacons, Shipmoney, etc., in Norfolk, while still another local transcript seems to have been known to him. Both are described as "bad," and they are evidently inferior to the transcript printed below from the Townshend MSS., since the text produced from them abounds in palpable mistakes. The Townshend transcript is far from being either a careful or intelligent copy; but no attempt has been made to reproduce the errors of the original, which are merely indicated, where they are of sufficient importance, in the footnotes. The question of the date and historical significance of this interesting document has not been discussed by Mr Rye, who merely mentions that one of his transcripts was made by Mr J. Kirkpatrick from an old parchment roll in private custody dated 1291.2 Mr Rye does, however, point out that the Bishop of Norwich at this date cannot be identified with the Bishop Walter mentioned in the document, according to his reading of the text. But although it is perfectly true that there was no Bishop of Norwich of this name between Walter Suffield (1244-1257) and Walter Lyhart (1446-1472) and also that Ralph Walpole was Bishop of Norwich in 1291, it is not quite obvious that the document before us refers to a Bishop of Norwich at all. It would seem, indeed, that the previous editor regarded the words "in presentia domini Walteri de Norwico episcopo juxta nos assidente ibidem" as referring to a Bishop Walter, but it may be submitted that the style found here is unusual, whilst the reading in question overlooks the significance of the two phrases "in presentia" and "iuxta nos assidente ibidem."

¹ P. 148 sq.

² It is not obvious why this year should have been indicated. The year 1295 would have been more appropriate, as there was then a similar threat of invasion and the Bishop of Norwich was engaged in supervising watches and beacons for the Norfolk coast.

It may be suggested, therefore, that the true reading of the sentence is found by the simple expedient of placing a comma after "Norwico" and rendering it thus: "in the presence of Sir Walter of Norwich, the Bishop (of Norwich) sitting with us (the Com-

missioners) there (at Norwich).

The "presence" of Walter of Norwich seems to denote his position either as amicus curiæ or as specially representing the King and Council. Now this is just the sort of mission that the trusty minister above-named might have been employed in, though for the most part he was resident at the Exchequer. As a Norfolk man he was specially versed and interested in local affairs. In 1323 he had been appointed to investigate the conduct of various high officials in that county, just as a year earlier still he had sat with the Chancellor to examine the headmen of the Norfolk towns; and on that occasion the Chancellor was none other than the Bishop of Norwich referred to in this document. As Deputy Treasurer Sir Walter of Norwich must have been in close touch with the Chancellor. but in 1324, the date to which this document will be here assigned, Bishop Salmon had resigned the custody of the great seal through failing health. He died in 1325, and Sir Walter obtained from the King a promise of the surrender of the voidance of the See in favour of the Church of Holy Trinity, Norwich.2 Finally it may be noted that in July 1324 Sir Walter of Norwich had been appointed chief of a commission to investigate certain fiscal difficulties at Ipswich and he may have proceeded thence to Norwich. It is true that no formal commission appears to have been issued to him for the latter purpose; but it has been already suggested that the words in presentia have here a special significance. It will also be noticed that the local officers are to attend in order that they may be able to execute any commands conveyed to them "ex parte Domini Regis."

It will be seen, from the particulars given above, that the identifi-

¹ He was himself a considerable landowner in the coastal hundreds.

²Since this was in print the following references to Walter of Norwich have been kindly communicated by the Rev. William Hudson, M.A., F.S.A., from the conventual rolls in the possession of the Dean and Chapter of Norwich.

^{1301-2.} Gifts to Walter of Norwich, clerk of the Exchequer, and to his clerk and groom.

^{1315.} Gifts to the "family" of Sir Walter of Norwich and to the King's messengers and to Thomas Bardolf's grooms.

^{1321.} Gifts to the groom of Sir Walter of Norwich and a servant of Sir T. de Bardolf.

cation of Walter of Norwich attempted here fits in with the suggested date 1324. In connexion with this date we are able to identify the two Commissioners themselves, for on the 23rd July, 1324, Robert de Monte Alto and Thomas Bardolf were appointed keepers of the ports and shores on which ships can touch in the county of Norfolk. They had been already appointed conservators of the peace for that county² and one or other of them had similar appointments in connexion with arrays in this time of peril.

A French invasion was threatened as the result of the machinations of Queen Isabella and her paramour and similar precautions were being taken along the rest of the Eastern and the Southern coast-lines.³ The sequence of the instruments enjoining these preparations is of interest for the present purpose, and, briefly stated,

it is as follows:4

(1) 23 July 1324. Appointment of Keepers of the Ports and Shores.

(2) 4 August 1324. Dedimus Potestatem to the Bishop of Norwich to take the oaths of the above Keepers.

(3) 6 August 1324. Commission for the Bishop of Norwich to advise with the above Keepers.

(4) I October 1324. Special measures for the defence of the coast to be taken by the City of Norwich and town of Lynn.

During the months of July and August, 1324, numerous royal injunctions were issued for commissions of array, and other military levies and warlike preparations both for the defence of the country and for an expedition to France. It will be evident, therefore, that the ordinances preserved in these local transcripts might well have formed part of the widespread scheme of national defence devised in the summer of 1324 and maintained down to the coup d'état of 1326.

There is also a date of some significance mentioned incidentally in the document itself where the knights constables and *probihomines* of the county are required to appear before the commissioners at Norwich on the Wednesday in the feast of the Beheading of St John the Baptist (August 29) in order to concert measures for watching the coast.

The document may thus be dated with some degree of certainty in August 1324. It will be noticed, however, that the opening words

1 Rot. Vasc. 18 Ed. II. M. 29d. (Parliamentary Writs II. 660).

² 6 June 1324 (Parliamentary Writs).

⁴ These instruments are printed in the Parliamentary Writs.

³ See Færdera, Parliamentary Writs, and Calendars of Close and Patent Rolls, passim.

contain a reference to some royal commission which is not cited in the existing transcripts. The instrument in question is, however,

evidently that issued on 23 July, 1324.

The concluding paragraph of the document is also somewhat obscure, but it apparently refers to the formal proclamation, in the County Court, of the provisions made for keeping the watches as decided upon at the previous conference between the commissioners and the local officers. Although the constitutional interest of this isolated document is best illustrated by reference to a long series of measures for the national defence, special attention may be called to the repeated statement that the provisions made here for the defence of the Norfolk coast were of ancient usage. It is certainly of interest to find them still recalled in the seventeenth century and even in a large degree repeated. It would be instructive also to know how long these local watches continued to be enforced and whether any traces of them can be found in the coast guard defences of later times.

Finally it may be pointed out that this document has considerable topographical interest as denoting changes both in the physical conformation of the shore-line as well as in the political divisions of

the county.1

¹The topographical changes here referred to have been noted in the footnotes to the text. Four of the eight places which Mr Rye assumed had been washed away are here identified, but as the coast south of Winterton Ness has been subjected to considerable attack, especially to the South of Yarmouth, where probably both Sotibos and Fyrdouner were situated, it is most probable that these places are actually gone.

It seems almost impossible to reconcile the coast line with the measurements here given. The distances are reckoned in leucae, a term implying anything from the league of three miles to the statutory mile. It is used in the latter sense by Blomefield, but here it seems to have been the common mile of 2,000 yards. With liberal allowances for the windings of the coast line, this interpretation of the term is satisfactory as far as Winterton Ness. The distance, however, from Walcote to "Gruton in Mitford" (that is Gunton in Mutford) is given as 75 leucas (Winkesdale, which we cannot locate, being the intermediate stage) which on the former reckoning should be at least 20 leucas.

All the Hundreds of the County are mentioned and there seems to have been no change in their boundaries. The interesting point noted by the Rev. W. Hudson (Norff. Arch. Vol. XVII, Appendix B) is worth re-emphasizing. The Hundred of Gallow was the name of the Hundred bordering on the sea from

Deepdale to Holkham and not, as now, Brothercross.

In Bowen's map of Norfolk (published 1749) the west boundary of Holt hundred starts from the mouth of the river Stiffkey, which empties itself into Cley or Blakeney harbour. Merston (that is, Morston) stands on the Thyrn, which also empties itself into Cley harbour, and Morston is here given as the boundary. This is probably a mistake of Bowen rather than any change which took place in the boundary.

ORDINATIO PRO VIGILIIS OBSERVATURIS IN COMITATU PREDICTO A LYNNE USQUE YARMOUTHE.

Hoc igitur auctoritate mandati¹ nos Robertus de Monte Alto et Thomas de (sic) Bardolfe mandamus vicecomitem Norfolcie quod venire faciat coram nobis apud Norwicum die Mercurii in festo decollationis Sancti Johannis Baptiste proxime futuro omnes milites, omnes capitales constabularios hundredorum et constabularios villarum, et duos homines de discretioribus cujuslibet ville ubi portus vel applicatio navium [existit] in balliva sua tam infra libertatem quam extra in comitatu predicto ad consulendum, [in] formandum et auxiliandum qualiter et quomodo dicta custodia² securius pro salvatione partium illarum fieri possit, et ad faciendum quod ex parte domini regis super premissis injungeretur Ad quem diem nos dicti Robertus et Thomas personaliter accessimus ibidem, et milites, capitales, constabularii hundredorum, constabularii villarum, cum omnibus hominibus villarum ubi applicatio navium existit de portu de Lynne usque Yarmouthe coram nobis ibidem comparuerunt Et asseritur quod valde necessarium esset pro salvatione totius patriae quod vigiliae fient in locis periculosis, sicut antiquo modo fieri solebat juxta mare. Et quod omnes homines de corpore valido de comitatu Norfolciae contribuant ad illas faciendas Per quod ordinatur et communi consensu eorundem concordatum est quod duae vigiliae per sex homines de corpore potenti, vigilantes tam per dies quam per noctes, fiant in hundredo de Frebryche, videlicet apud Wolverton et apud Clencherne³ eo quod dictum hundredum jungit se mari a Westbeche usque Dersingham per xiiij leucas. Et quod quilibet vigilans capiat per diem et per noctem, pro vadiis suis, iijd4

Et quod hundredum de Clacclose adjungitur eidem hundredo de Frebreche ad contribuendum ad vigilias illas faciendas, videlicet pro qualibet septimana iij⁸ vj^d; et idem hundredum de Frebreche vj⁸ per septimanam Et sciendum est quod lxxvij villae continentur in dictis ij hundredis que assignantur ad dictam vigiliam faciendam Fiat etiam una vigilia apud Southlynne in Clencherne.

Item quod una vigilia fiet in hundredo de Smythdon apud Thornham per sex homines eo quod dictum hundredum jungit se mari de Darsingham usque Depdallfenne per xij leucas. Et quod hundreda

Frebreche Clacclose.

¹ Presumably the Commission of 23 July, 1324, referred to in the Introductory Note.

² Custodia maris—Rye.

^{3?} Clenchwarton.

⁴ iijd Rye.

Smythdon Southgr: Lawndyche.

de Southgreenhoe et Lawndyche adjunguntur eidem hundredo de Smythdon ad contribuendum ad vigiliam illam faciendam, videlicet hundredum de Southgreenhoe iij^s vj^d per septimanam, et hundredum de Lawndyche iiij^s per septimanam, et hundredum de Smythdon iij^s. Et continentur in dictis hundredis lxxix villae ad vigiliam illam faciendam.

Gallowe Brothercros. Item, fiet una vigilia in hundredo de Gallowe apud Burnham per iiij^{or} homines, eo quod dictum hundredum jungit se mari de Depdale usque Holkham per iij leucas. Et hundredum de Brothercros adjungitur eidem hundredo ad contribuendum ad vigiliam illam faciendam, videlicet hundredum de Brothercros iij[®] per Septimanam et idem hundredum de Gallowe iiij[®] per septimanam. Et sciendum est quod xlv villae sunt in dictis hundredis ad vigiliam illam faciendam.

Northgr: Wayland Giltcros Grymsho Earsham. Item, fiet una vigilia in hundredo de Northgrenhoe apud Holkham per sex homines, eo quod dictum hundredum jungit se mari a Holkham usque Merston per sex leucas. Et hundreda de Wayland, Gyltcrosse, Grymshoe et Earsham adjunguntur eidem hundredo ad contribuendum ad vigiliam illam faciendam, videlicet Wayland ijs per septimanam, Grymshoe ijs per septimanam, Giltcrosse ijs per septimanam, et Earsham ijs per septimanam, et idem hundredum de Northgrenhoe ijs per septimanam. Et sciendum est quod lxxvj villae sunt in dictis hundredis ad vigiliam illam faciendam.

Holt Einsford Hensted. Item, fiet una vigilia in hundredo de Holte apud Waborne per sex homines, eo quod dictum hundredum jungit se mari a Merston usque Sheringham per septem leucas, et hundreda de Einsford et Hensted adjunguntur eidem hundredo de Holte ad contribuendum ad vigiliam illam faciendam, videlicet Eynsford iiij⁸ per septimanam, Hensted iij⁸ vj⁴ per septimanam, et idem hundredum de Holte iij⁸¹ per septimanam. Et sciendum est quod lxx villae sunt indictis hundredis ad vigiliam illam faciendam.

Northerp: Southerp: Mytford.

Item, fiet una vigilia in hundredo de Northerpingham in duobus locis, videlicet apud Runton et Trymyngham per v homines, eo quod dictum hundredum jungit se mari a Sheringham² usque Mundesley becke³ per x leucas, et hundreda de Southerpingham et Mytforde cum villis infra libertatem adjunguntur eidem hundredo ad vigiliam illam faciendam, videlicet Southerpingham vj³ viij⁴ per septimanam,

^{1 4}s., Rye.

² Dersingham, Rye.

³ Mr Rye has *Mundlebeck* here, which, by reference to the next paragraph is evidently Mundesley.

Mytford iijs vjd per septimanam et Northerpingham xijs vjd per septimanam. Et sciendum est quod lxxvij villae sunt in dictis

hundredis ad vigilias illas faciendas.

Item, fiet una vigilia in hundredo de Tunsted apud Caswyke¹ per sex homines, eo quod dictum hundredum jungit se mari a Mundsley usque Walcote per iiij leucas, et hundreda de Humbleyard et Forhoe adjunguntur eidem hundredo ad contribuendum ad vigiliam illam faciendam, videlicet Humbleyard iijs per septimanam, Forhoe iijs et Tunsted iiijs vja per septimanam. Et sciendum est quod lxxvi villae sunt in dictis hundredis ad vigiliam illam faciendam.

Item fiet una vigilia in hundredo de Happinge in duobus locis, videlicet apud Happesborowe per iiij homines et apud Wastnesham² per iiij homines, eo quod dictum hundredum jungit se mari a Walcote usque Wynkesdale, in loco periculoso, per v leucas. Et hundreda de Taverham, Depwade, Shropham et Dysse adjunguntur eidem hundredo de Happinge ad contribuendum ad vigilias illas faciendas, videlicet hundredum de Taverham ijs per septimanam, Depwade iijs per septimanam, Shropham v⁸⁴ per septimanam, et Dysse ij⁸ per septimanam; et dictum hundredum de Happinge ijs per septimanam. Et sciendum est quod iijxx viij villae sunt in hundredis predictis ad vigilias illas faciendas.

Item fiet una vigilia in hundredis de Estflegge et Westflegge in tribus locis, videlicet apud Winterton per sex homines, apud Sotibos³ haven per v⁵ homines et apud Fyrdouner³ per sex homines, eo quod dictum hundredum jungit se mari a Wykelbecke³ usque Gruton³ in Mitford, in loco periculoso, per vij leucas. Et hundreda de Walsham, Blo(m)feilde, Loddon et Knaveringe adjunguntur eidem hundredo ad contribuendum ad vigilias illas faciendas, videlicet Walsham iiijs vjd per septimanam, Blo (m) feilde iiijs vjd per septimanam, Loddon vs vjd per septimanam, Knaveringe vs vjd septimanam, Westflegge ijs, Estflegge ijs per septimanam. Et sciendum est quod Cij villae sunt

in dictis hundredis ad vigilias illas faciendas.

Preceptum est omnibus capitalibus constabulariis de hundredis adjungentibus mare in locis predictis in forma predicta hac instante die Dominica proxima futura. Et similiter preceptum est eisdem

Tunsted Humblyard Forhoe.

Happing, Taverham, Depwad, Shropham, Dysse.

Estflegge, Westflegge Walsham Blofeilde Loddon Kna veringe.

A place which Mr Rye believes to be lost in the sea. Apparently it is Keswick, near Bacton.

² Mr Rye has *Happing*, but Wastnesham = Waxton-esham = Waxham.

³ Places unknown to Mr Rye.

^{4 2}s., Rye.

⁵ sex, Rye.

capitalibus cunstabulariis et omnibus aliis subcunstabulariis hundredorum totius Comitatus quod sine delacione levare et reparare faciant signa et ferbones¹ super montes altiores in quolibet hundredo. Ita quod tota patria per illa signa quotiescunque necesse fuerit premuniri posset. Et quod ipsi cunstabularii capitales per avizamento cunstabulariorum villarum et aliorum proborum hominum agistari faciant fideliter denarios pro vadiis vigiliae in hundredis predictis in forma qua ordinatur solvendis de septimana in septimanam Ita quod defalta in vigiliis supradictis nullo modo inveniatur per eorum defectum. Et similiter quod omnes qui agistati sunt ad arma et potentes ad portanda arma, et omnes illi qui loco potentium ad arma sua portanda assignati sunt promti et parati sint in diem[et]m nocte ad veniendum—solempniter, distincte et aperte, in presentia Domini Walteri de Norwico, Episcopo juxta nos assidente ibidem, Curiae Comitatus totius Comitatus Norfolcie coram nobis communiter fecimus proclamari. Et similiter preceptum est vicecomiti quod levare faciat denarios agistatos in hundredis predictis per cost [eram]² pro vadiis predictis solvendis.

¹ Fier bones-Rye. Rectius Fire-bomes.

² Per processus—Rye.

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